CARD AGREEMENT

This Card Agreement is your contract with us. It governs the use of your card and account. The Supplemental Pricing Information ("Supplement") is part of this Agreement. Please read this Agreement, including the Supplement, carefully. Keep both for your records.

Definitions

account means the relationship established between you and us by this Agreement.

APR means an annual percentage rate.

authorized user means any person you allow to use your account.

card means one or more cards or other access devices that we give you to get credit under this Agreement. This includes account numbers.

we, us, **and** ***our*** mean Citibank (South Dakota), N.A., the issuer of your account.

you, your, **and** ***yours*** mean the person who applied to open the account. It also means any other person responsible for complying with this Agreement.

Your Account

You agree to use your account in accordance with this Agreement. You must pay us for all amounts due on your account. This Agreement is binding on you unless you close your account within 30 days after receiving the card and you have not used or authorized use of the card. Your account must only be used for lawful transactions.

Authorized Users. You may request additional cards for authorized users. Each authorized user is your agent and may use, manage, and receive information about the account to the same extent as you, subject to any limitations we may impose. You must pay us for all charges made by authorized users. You must pay us even if you did not intend to be responsible for those charges. You must notify us to withdraw any permission you give to an authorized user to use your account.

Joint Accounts. If this is a joint account, each of you is responsible individually and together for all amounts owed. Each of you is responsible even if the account is used by only one of you. You will continue to be liable for the entire balance of the account, even if your co-applicant is ordered by a court to pay us. You will remain liable to us if your co-applicant fails to pay as ordered by the court. Your account status will continue to be reported to the credit bureau under each of your names. The delivery of notices or billing statements to either of you serves as delivery to each of you. We may rely on instructions given by either of you. We are not liable to either of you for relying upon such instructions.

Credit Limit. Your initial credit limit is on the card carrier. After that, your credit limit appears on your billing statement. The full amount of your credit limit is available to use where the card is honored. We will notify you separately if your account has a cash advance feature. If it does, part of your credit limit is called the cash advance limit. It is available for cash advances. If your account does not have a cash advance feature, the terms of this Agreement relating to cash advances do not apply to your account. We may reduce or increase your credit limit or cash advance limit at any time for any reason, as permitted by law. We will notify you of any change, but the change may take effect before you receive the notice. You should always keep your total balance below the credit limit. However, if the total balance goes over your credit limit you still must pay us. If your account has a credit balance, we may reduce the credit balance by any new charges on your account. You may not maintain a credit balance in excess of your credit limit.

Checks. We may provide you with convenience checks. When we do, we will tell you in writing whether they may be used for balance transfer transactions or cash advance transactions. If we tell you they may be used for balance transfer transactions, any use will be a balance transfer transaction. You may use them to transfer a balance to your account or make other transactions. If we tell you they may be used for cash advance transactions, any use will be a cash advance transaction even if you use the check to make a payment to another creditor. You may not use convenience checks to pay an amount owed to us under this Agreement or to pay another account with us or an affiliate. We do not certify these checks or return any checks that have been paid.

Billing Statement. Your billing statement shows the New Balance. This is the total amount you owe us on the Statement Closing Date. To determine the New Balance, we begin with the total balance at the start of the billing cycle. We add any purchases, balance transfers or cash advances. We subtract any credits or payments. We then add any interest charges or fees and make other adjustments.

Your billing statement also shows your transactions; the Minimum Payment Due and payment due date; your credit limit and cash advance limit; and your interest charges and fees. We deliver a billing statement to only one address. You must notify Customer Service of a change in address. We may stop sending you statements if we deem your account uncollectible or start collection proceedings; but we may continue to add interest and fees as permitted by law.

APRs

Variable APRs Based on Prime. See the Supplement for information about the APRs that apply to your account. If any APR is based on the U.S. Prime Rate ("Prime Rate"), the APR will equal the Prime Rate plus an additional amount. The additional amount appears on the Supplement. If the Prime Rate increases, it will cause the APR to increase. If the Prime Rate decreases, it will cause the APR to decrease. For each billing cycle we use the Prime Rate published in *The Wall Street Journal* two business days before the Statement Closing Date. If the Prime Rate causes an APR to change, we put the new APR into effect as of the first day of the billing cycle for which we calculate the APR. We apply the new APR to any existing balances, subject to any promotional rate that may apply. If *The Wall Street Journal* does not publish the Prime Rate, we will use a similar published rate.

Effect of APR Increases. If an APR increases, interest charges increase. Your minimum payment may increase as well.

Promotions

We may offer promotional terms for all or a part of any balances. Any promotional terms may apply for a limited period of time. They will be governed by the terms of the promotional offer and this Agreement. Your promotional terms will end when the promotional period expires or, to the extent permitted by law, if you make a late payment. The promotional offer will tell you if we require a separate minimum payment on the promotional balance.

If a promotional offer is a deferred interest offer, no interest charges will be imposed on the deferred interest balance if you pay the balance in full by the end of the promotional period for that deferred interest balance. We will impose interest charges on the deferred interest balance at the APR for regular purchases from the date of purchase if you do not pay the balance in full by the end of the promotional period.

Interest Charges Based on APRs

Interest Charges. We impose interest charges when we apply APRs to your account balances. We do this every day by using a daily periodic rate. To get a daily periodic rate, we divide the APR by 365.

When Interest Charges Begin. We begin to impose interest

charges the first day we add a charge to a daily balance. The charges we add to a daily balance include purchases, balance transfers, and cash advances. They also include interest charges and fees. We continue to impose interest charges until we credit your account with full payment of the total amount you owe us.

Grace Period on Purchases. You can avoid interest charges on purchases, but not on balance transfers and cash advances. This is called a grace period on purchases. The grace period is at least 25 days. To get a grace period on purchases, you must pay the New Balance by the payment due date every billing cycle. If you do not, you will not get a grace period until you pay the New Balance for two billing cycles in a row.

If you have a balance subject to a deferred interest promotion and that promotion does not expire before the payment due date, that balance (the "excluded promotional balance") is excluded from the amount you must pay in full to get a grace period. However, you must still pay any separately required payment on the excluded promotional balance. In billing cycles in which payments are allocated to deferred interest balances first, the deferred interest balance will be reduced before any other balance on the account. However, you will continue to get a grace period on purchases so long as you pay the New Balance less any excluded promotional balances in full by the payment due date each billing cycle.

In addition, certain promotional offers may take away the grace period on purchases. Other promotional offers not described above may also allow you to have a grace period on purchases without having to pay all or a portion of the promotional balance by the payment due date. If either is the case, the promotional offer will describe what happens.

Calculation of Interest Charges – Daily Balance Method (Including Current Transactions). We calculate interest charges each billing cycle. To do this:

- We start with each of your different balances. These balances include, for example, regular purchases, Old Balances, regular cash advances, and different promotional balances. (When we calculate interest charges, we treat each deferred interest transaction separately even if it has the same terms as another deferred interest transaction and we treat balance transfers as regular purchases unless a promotional rate applies.)
- We calculate the daily balance for each of your different balances. To get a daily balance, we start with the balance as of the end of the previous day. We add any interest charge on the previous day's balance. (This results in daily compounding of interest charges.) We add any new charges. We then subtract any new credits or payments.
- We multiply each daily balance by the daily periodic rate that applies to it. We do this for each day in the billing cycle. This gives us the daily interest charges for each of your different balances.
- We add up all the daily interest charges. The sum is the total interest charge for the billing cycle.
- You authorize us to round interest charges to the nearest cent.

When we calculate daily balances, we add a purchase, balance transfer, or cash advance as of the Transaction Date. (The Transaction Date for a balance transfer or cash advance is the date we get a request to complete a transaction. When you send a convenience check directly to someone, the Transaction Date is the date we receive the check for payment. The Transaction Date is on the billing statement.) We add a transaction fee to the same balance as the transaction. We generally add other fees, including credit protection fees and insurance charges, to the regular purchase balance. We add any remaining balance from a balance transfer at a promotional APR to the regular purchase balance. We do this on the day after the promotional period expires. We subtract a payment or credit as of the day it is credited to the account and then make other adjustments. We treat a credit balance as a balance of zero.

Minimum Interest Charge. If we charge you interest, the charge will be no less than $2. We add the charge to the regular purchase balance or allocate it among one or more of the balances that accrues interest.

Balance Subject to Interest Rate. Your statement shows a Balance Subject to Interest Rate. It shows this for each different balance. The Balance Subject to Interest Rate is the average of the daily balances during the billing cycle. A billing cycle begins on the day after the Statement Closing Date of the previous billing cycle. It includes the Statement Closing Date of the current billing cycle.

Fees

Transaction Fee for Cash Advances. You take a cash advance if you use a cash advance convenience check; get money through an automated teller machine (ATM); or get money through home banking or a financial institution. You also take a cash advance if you make a wire transfer; buy a money order, traveler's check, lottery ticket, casino chip, or similar item; or engage in a similar transaction. For each cash advance we add a transaction fee of 5% of the amount of the cash advance, but not less than $5.

Transaction Fee for Balance Transfers. You make a balance transfer if you use a balance transfer convenience check or contact us to transfer a balance. For each balance transfer we add a transaction fee of 5% of the amount of the balance transfer, but not less than $10. This fee is in addition to any periodic fee that may be imposed with a promotional offer.

Late Fee. We may add a late fee for each billing cycle in which you have a past due payment. For late fee purposes, you have a past due payment any time you fail to pay the Minimum Payment Due by the payment due date. The fee will be $25; or $35 for any additional past due payment during the next six billing cycles after a past due payment. However, the fee will not exceed the amount permitted by law. We add this fee to the regular purchase balance.

Returned Payment Fee. We may add a returned payment fee for a returned payment. A returned payment is an electronic debit, payment check, or similar payment instrument, that is returned unpaid. We may add this fee the first time your payment is returned, even if it is not returned upon resubmission. The fee will be $25; or $35 for any additional returned payment during the next six billing cycles after a returned payment. However, the fee will not exceed the amount permitted by law. We add this fee to the regular purchase balance.

Returned Convenience Check Fee. We may add a returned convenience check fee for a returned convenience check. A returned convenience check is any convenience check we do not honor. We may not honor these checks if the amount of the check would cause the balance to go over the cash advance limit or credit limit. We also may not honor these checks if you default; if you did not comply with our instructions regarding the check; if your account has been closed; or for other reasons. The fee will be $25; or $35 for any returned convenience check during the next six billing cycles after a returned convenience check. However, the fee will not exceed the amount permitted by law. We add this fee to the regular purchase balance.

Stop Payment on Convenience Check Fee. We add a $39 fee if we honor your request to stop payment on a convenience check. Write us at P.O. Box 6275, Sioux Falls, SD 57117 to stop payment on a convenience check. You can also call the Customer Service number on the billing statement. If you call, you must confirm the call in writing within 14 days. A written stop payment order is good for 6 months unless renewed in writing. We add this fee to the regular purchase balance.

Information on Foreign Currency Conversion

If you make a transaction in a foreign currency, Sears or one of its affiliates converts the amount into U.S. dollars. Sears and its affiliates follow their own foreign currency conversion procedures to do so. These may change from time to time without notice. Currently, Sears and its affiliates use a conversion rate in effect on the date of conversion. This rate is either a retail market rate or the government-mandated rate. The conversion rate you get is the one used on the transaction's processing date. This may be different from the one in effect on the Transaction Date or post date for the transaction.

Payments

Minimum Payment Due. You must pay at least the Minimum Payment Due by the payment due date each billing cycle. The sooner you pay the New Balance, the less you will pay in interest charges.

To calculate the Minimum Payment Due, we begin with any past due amount. We then add any additional amount specified in a promotional offer. We also add the largest of the following:

- The Calculated New Balance if it is less than $25;
- $25 if the Calculated New Balance is at least $25;
- 1% of the Calculated New Balance (the result is rounded up to the nearest dollar) plus the amount of your billed interest charges on that balance, any minimum interest charge allocated to that balance, and any applicable late fee. However, we subtract interest charges that accrued during prior billing cycles on a deferred interest balance that ended during the billing cycle covered by the statement; or
- 1.5% of the Calculated New Balance (the result is rounded up to the nearest dollar).

The Calculated New Balance equals the New Balance on the billing statement less any balances subject to either of two types of promotional terms. The first type are terms that do not require a minimum payment. The second type are terms that require an additional amount as part of the Minimum Payment Due. The Minimum Payment Due may reflect adjustments to the New Balance and is never more than the Calculated New Balance plus any additional amount required by a promotional offer.

Application of Payments. Payments in excess of the Minimum Payment Due are applied in accordance with law. This means that we will generally apply payments in excess of the Minimum Payment Due to higher APR balances first. However, excess payments received before a deferred interest promotion expires are applied to the deferred interest promotional balance first in the last two billing cycles of the promotional period. And, if the expiration date of a deferred interest promotion is before the payment due date in the billing cycle in which the deferred interest promotion expires, excess payments received before the deferred interest promotion expires are applied to the deferred interest promotional balance first in the last three billing cycles of the promotional period. Payments equal to or less than the Minimum Payment Due and credits are applied at our discretion and you authorize us to apply payments and credits in a way that is most favorable or convenient for us. This may include applying such payments and credits to lower APR balances first and to balances with longer promotional periods first.

Payment Instructions. We credit your payments in accordance with our payment instructions on the billing statement. You must pay us in U.S. dollars. To do so, you must use a check, similar instrument, or electronic debit that is drawn on and honored by a bank in the U.S. Do not send cash. We can accept late or partial payments, or payments that reflect "paid in full" or other restrictive endorsements, without losing our rights. We also reserve the right to accept payments made in foreign currency and instruments drawn on funds on deposit outside the U.S. If we do, we select the currency conversion rate. We will then credit your account in U.S. dollars after deducting any costs incurred in processing your payment. Or we may bill you separately for these costs.

Optional Pay by Phone Service. You may use our optional Pay by Phone Service to make your payment by phone. To do so, call us to request the service. You agree to pay us the Pay by Phone fee shown in the Pay by Phone section on the back of the billing statement when a representative of ours helps expedite your payment. Our representatives are trained to tell you this amount when you use this service.

Credit Reporting

We may report information about your account to credit bureaus. Late payments, missed payments, or other defaults on your account may be reflected in your credit report. We may report account information in your name and the names of authorized users. We may also obtain follow-up credit reports on you.

If you think we reported incorrect information to a credit bureau, write us at the Customer Service address on the billing statement. We will investigate the matter. We will then tell you if we agree or disagree with you. If we agree with you, we will contact each credit bureau to which we reported and request a correction. If we disagree with you, we will tell you that.

Information Sharing

You authorize us to share information about you as permitted by law. This includes information we get from you and others. It also includes information about your transactions with us. Please see our Privacy Notice for details about our information sharing practices.

Changes to this Agreement

We may change the rates, fees, and terms of this Agreement from time to time as permitted by law. The changes may add, replace, or remove provisions of this Agreement. We will give you advance written notice of the changes and a right to opt out to the extent required by law.

Default

You default under this Agreement if you fail to pay the Minimum Payment Due by its due date; go over your credit limit; pay by a check or similar instrument that is not honored or that we must return because it cannot be processed; pay by electronic debit that is returned unpaid; file for bankruptcy; or fail to comply with the terms of this Agreement. If you default, we may close your account and, to the extent permitted by law, demand immediate payment of the total balance.

Refusal of the Card, Closed Accounts, and Related Provisions

Refusal of the Card. We do not guarantee approval of transactions. We are not liable for transactions that are not approved. That is true even if you have enough credit. We may limit the number of transactions approved in one day. If we detect unusual or suspicious activity, we may suspend your credit privileges.

Preauthorized Charges. We may suspend any automatic or other preauthorized card charges you arrange with a third party. We may do this if you default; if the card is lost or stolen; or we change your account for any reason. If we do this, you are responsible for paying the third party directly if you wish to do so. You are also responsible for reinstating the preauthorized charges if you wish to do so and we permit it.

Lost or Stolen Cards, Account Numbers or Convenience Checks. You must call us if any card, account number, or check is lost or stolen. You must also call us if you think someone used or may use them without permission. When you call, we may require you to provide information to help our investigation. We may require you to provide this information in writing. For example, we may ask you to identify any charges that were not made by you or someone authorized by you. We may also ask you to confirm that you received no benefit from those charges.

Closing Your Account. You may close your account by notifying us in writing or over the phone. If you close your account, you must still repay the total balance in accordance with this Agreement. We may also close your account or suspend account privileges at any time for any reason. We may do this without prior notice to you. We may also reissue a different card at any time. You must return any card to us upon request.

ARBITRATION

***PLEASE READ THIS PROVISION OF THE AGREEMENT CAREFULLY.* IT PROVIDES THAT ANY DISPUTE MAY BE RESOLVED BY BINDING ARBITRATION. ARBITRATION REPLACES THE RIGHT TO GO TO COURT, INCLUDING THE RIGHT TO A JURY AND THE RIGHT TO PARTICIPATE IN A CLASS ACTION OR SIMILAR PROCEEDING. IN ARBITRATION, A DISPUTE IS RESOLVED BY AN ARBITRATOR INSTEAD OF A JUDGE OR JURY. ARBITRATION PROCEDURES ARE SIMPLER AND MORE LIMITED THAN COURT PROCEDURES.**

Agreement to Arbitrate: Either you or we may, without the other's consent, elect mandatory, binding arbitration for any claim, dispute, or controversy between you and us (called "Claims").

Claims Covered

What Claims are subject to arbitration? All Claims relating to your account, a prior related account, or our relationship are subject to arbitration, including Claims regarding the application, enforceability, or interpretation of this Agreement and this arbitration provision. All Claims are subject to arbitration, no matter what legal theory they are based on or what remedy (damages, or injunctive or declaratory relief) they seek. This includes Claims based on contract, tort (including intentional tort), fraud, agency, your or our negligence, statutory or regulatory provisions, or any other sources of law; Claims made as counterclaims, cross-claims, third-party claims, interpleaders or otherwise; and Claims made independently or with other claims. A party who initiates a proceeding in court may elect arbitration with respect to any Claim advanced in that proceeding by any other party. Claims and remedies sought as part of a class action, private attorney general or other representative action are subject to arbitration on an individual (non-class, non-representative) basis, and the arbitrator may award relief only on an individual (non-class, non-representative) basis.

Whose Claims are subject to arbitration? Not only ours and yours, but also Claims made by or against anyone connected with us or you or claiming through us or you, such as a co-applicant or authorized user of your account, an employee, agent, representative, affiliated company, predecessor or successor, heir, assignee, or trustee in bankruptcy.

What time frame applies to Claims subject to arbitration? Claims arising in the past, present, or future, including Claims arising before the opening of your account, are subject to arbitration.

Broadest interpretation. Any questions about whether Claims are subject to arbitration shall be resolved by interpreting this arbitration provision in the broadest way the law will allow it to be enforced. This arbitration provision is governed by the Federal Arbitration Act (the "FAA").

What about Claims filed in Small Claims Court? Claims filed in a small claims court are not subject to arbitration, so long as the matter remains in such court and advances only an individual (non-class, non-representative) Claim.

What about debt collections? We and anyone to whom we assign your debt will not initiate an arbitration proceeding to collect a debt from you unless you assert a Claim against us or our assignee. We and any assignee may seek arbitration on an individual basis of any Claim asserted by you, whether in arbitration or any proceeding, including in a proceeding to collect a debt. You may seek arbitration on an individual basis of any Claim asserted against you, including in a proceeding to collect a debt.

How Arbitration Works

How does a party initiate arbitration? The party filing an arbitration must choose one of the following two arbitration firms and follow its rules and procedures for initiating and pursuing an arbitration: American Arbitration Association or JAMS. Any arbitration hearing that you attend will be held at a place chosen by the arbitration firm in the same city as the U.S. District Court closest to your then current billing address, or at some other place to which you and we agree in writing. You may obtain copies of the current rules of each of the arbitration firms and forms and instructions for initiating an arbitration by contacting them as follows:

American Arbitration Association
800-778-7879 (toll-free)
Website: www.adr.org

JAMS
800-352-5267 (toll-free)
Website: www.jamsadr.com

At any time you or we may ask an appropriate court to compel arbitration of Claims, or to stay the litigation of Claims pending arbitration, even if such Claims are part of a lawsuit, unless a trial has begun or a final judgment has been entered. Even if a party fails to exercise these rights at any particular time, or in connection with any particular Claims, that party can still require arbitration at a later time or in connection with any other Claims.

What procedures and law are applicable in arbitration? A single, neutral arbitrator will resolve Claims. The arbitrator will be either a lawyer with at least ten years experience or a retired or former judge, selected in accordance with the rules of the arbitration firm. The arbitration will follow procedures and rules of the arbitration firm in effect on the date the arbitration is filed unless those procedures and rules are inconsistent with this Agreement, in which case this Agreement will prevail. Those procedures and rules may limit the discovery available to you or us. The arbitrator will take reasonable steps to protect customer account information and other confidential information if requested to do so by you or us. The arbitrator will apply applicable substantive law consistent with the FAA and applicable statutes of limitations, will honor claims of privilege recognized at law, and will have the power to award to a party any damages or other relief provided for under applicable law. You or we may choose to have a hearing and be represented by counsel. The arbitrator will make any award in writing and, if requested by you or us, will provide a brief statement of the reasons for the award. An award in arbitration shall determine the rights and obligations between the named parties only, and only in respect of the Claims in arbitration, and shall not have any bearing on the rights and obligations of any other person, or on the resolution of any other dispute.

Who pays? Whoever files the arbitration pays the initial filing fee. If we file, we pay; if you file, you pay, unless you get a fee waiver under the applicable rules of the arbitration firm. If you have paid the initial filing fee and you prevail, we will reimburse you for that fee. If there is a hearing, we will pay any fees of the arbitrator and arbitration firm for the first day of that hearing. All other fees will be allocated as provided by the rules of the arbitration firm and applicable law. However, we will advance or reimburse your fees if the arbitration firm or arbitrator determines there is good reason for requiring us to do so, or if you ask us and we determine there is good reason for doing so. Each party will bear the expense of that party's attorneys, experts, and witnesses, and other expenses, regardless of which party prevails, but a party may recover

any or all expenses from another party if the arbitrator, applying applicable law, so determines.

Who can be a party? Claims must be brought in the name of an individual person or entity and must proceed on an individual (non-class, non-representative) basis. The arbitrator will not award relief for or against anyone who is not a party. If you or we require arbitration of a Claim, neither you, we, nor any other person may pursue the Claim in arbitration as a class action, private attorney general action or other representative action, nor may such Claim be pursued on your or our behalf in any litigation in any court. Claims, including assigned Claims, of two or more persons may not be joined or consolidated in the same arbitration. However, applicants, co-applicants, authorized users on a single account and/or related accounts, or corporate affiliates are here considered as one person.

When is an arbitration award final? The arbitrator's award is final and binding on the parties unless a party appeals it in writing to the arbitration firm within fifteen days of notice of the award. The appeal must request a new arbitration before a panel of three neutral arbitrators designated by the same arbitration firm. The panel will consider all factual and legal issues anew, follow the same rules that apply to a proceeding using a single arbitrator, and make decisions based on the vote of the majority. Costs will be allocated in the same way they are allocated for arbitration before a single arbitrator. An award by a panel is final and binding on the parties after fifteen days has passed. A final and binding award is subject to judicial review and enforcement as provided by the FAA or other applicable law.

Survival and Severability of Terms

This arbitration provision shall survive: (i) termination or changes in the Agreement, the account, or the relationship between you and us concerning the account; (ii) the bankruptcy of any party; and (iii) any transfer, sale or assignment of your account, or any amounts owed on your account, to any other person or entity. If any portion of this arbitration provision is deemed invalid or unenforceable, the entire arbitration provision shall not remain in force. No portion of this arbitration provision may be amended, severed or waived absent a written agreement between you and us.

Governing Law and Enforcing our Rights

Governing Law. Federal law and the law of South Dakota, where we are located, govern the terms and enforcement of this Agreement.

Enforcing this Agreement. We will not lose our rights under this Agreement because we delay in enforcing them or fail to enforce them.

Collection Costs. To the extent permitted by law, you are liable to us for our legal costs if we refer collection of your account to a lawyer who is not our salaried employee. These costs may include reasonable attorneys' fees. They may also include costs and expenses of any legal action.

Assignment. We may assign any or all of our rights and obligations under this Agreement to a third party.

For Further Information

Call us toll-free for further information. Call the toll-free Customer Service telephone number shown on the billing statement or on the back of your card. You can also call local or toll-free Directory Assistance to get our telephone number.

Ken Stork
President & CEO

Citibank (South Dakota), N.A.
P.O. Box 6000
Sioux Falls, SD 57117

Spanish Language Translation

As a customer service, we will provide you with a copy of this Agreement in Spanish upon your request and for your convenience. To obtain such a copy, write to us at P.O. Box 6275, Sioux Falls, SD 57117, or call us at 1-800-669-8488.

Como un servicio a nuestros clientes, le proveeremos una copia de este Acuerdo en español si usted así lo solicita. Para obtener dicha copia, puede escribirnos al P.O. Box 6275, Sioux Falls, SD 57117, o llamarnos al 1-800-669-8488, y solicitar una versión en español de este Acuerdo.

Your Billing Rights: Keep this Document for Future Use

This notice tells you about your rights and our responsibilities under the Fair Credit Billing Act.

What To Do If You Find A Mistake On Your Statement

If you think there is an error on your statement, write to us at the address for billing inquiries and correspondence shown on the front of your statement.

In your letter, give us the following information:

- Account information: Your name and account number.
- Dollar amount: The dollar amount of the suspected error.
- Description of problem: If you think there is an error on your bill, describe what you believe is wrong and why you believe it is a mistake.

You must contact us:

- Within 60 days after the error appeared on your statement.
- At least 3 business days before an automated payment is scheduled, if you want to stop payment on the amount you think is wrong.

You must notify us of any potential errors in writing. You may call us, but if you do we are not required to investigate any potential errors and you may have to pay the amount in question.

What Will Happen After We Receive Your Letter

When we receive your letter, we must do two things:

1. Within 30 days of receiving your letter, we must tell you that we received your letter. We will also tell you if we have already corrected the error.
2. Within 90 days of receiving your letter, we must either correct the error or explain to you why we believe the bill is correct.

While we investigate whether or not there has been an error:

- We cannot try to collect the amount in question, or report you as delinquent on that amount.
- The charge in question may remain on your statement, and we may continue to charge you interest on that amount.
- While you do not have to pay the amount in question, you are responsible for the remainder of your balance.
- We can apply any unpaid amount against your credit limit.

After we finish our investigation, one of two things will happen:

- If we made a mistake: You will not have to pay the amount in question or any interest or other fees related to that amount.
- If we do not believe there was a mistake: You will have to pay the amount in question, along with applicable interest and fees. We will send you a statement of the amount you owe and the date payment is due. We may then report you as delinquent if you do not pay the amount we think you owe.

If you receive our explanation but still believe your bill is wrong, you must write to us within 10 days telling us that you still refuse to pay. If you do so, we cannot report you as delinquent without also reporting that you are questioning your bill. We must tell you the name of anyone to whom we reported you as delinquent, and we must let those organizations know when the matter has been settled between us.

If we do not follow all of the rules above, you do not have to pay the first $50 of the amount you question even if your bill is correct.

Your Rights If You Are Dissatisfied With Your Credit Card Purchases

If you are dissatisfied with the goods or services that you have purchased with your credit card, and you have tried in good faith to correct the problem with the merchant, you may have the right not to pay the remaining amount due on the purchase.

To use this right, all of the following must be true:

1. The purchase must have been made in your home state or within 100 miles of your current mailing address, and the purchase price must have been more than $50. (Note: Neither of these are necessary if your purchase was based on an advertisement we mailed to you, or if we own the company that sold you the goods or services.)
2. You must have used your credit card for the purchase. Purchases made with cash advances from an ATM or with a check that accesses your credit card account do not qualify.
3. You must not yet have fully paid for the purchase.

If all of the criteria above are met and you are still dissatisfied with the purchase, contact us in writing at the address for billing inquiries and correspondence shown on the front of your statement.

While we investigate, the same rules apply to the disputed amount as discussed above. After we finish our investigation, we will tell you our decision. At that point, if we think you owe an amount and you do not pay, we may report you as delinquent.

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Pricing Information Table

Interest Rates and Interest Charges	
Annual Percentage Rate (APR) for Purchases	25.24% This APR will vary with the market based on the Prime Rate.
APR for Cash Advances	27.15% This APR will vary with the market based on the Prime Rate.
Paying Interest	Your due date is at least 25 days after the close of each billing cycle. We will not charge you any interest on purchases if you pay your entire balance by the due date each month. We will begin charging interest on cash advances on the transaction date.
Minimum Interest Charge	If you are charged interest, the charge will be no less than $2.
How We Calculate Your Balance	Daily Balance (including current transactions)

Fees	
Annual Fee	None
Transaction Fees • Balance Transfer • Cash Advance	 Either $10 or 5% of the amount of each transfer, whichever is greater. Either $5 or 5% of the amount of each cash advance, whichever is greater.
Penalty Fees • Late Payment • Returned Payment	 Up to $35 Up to $35

Details About Your Interest Rates and Interest Calculations	Daily Periodic Rate	For variable rates: U.S. Prime Rate Plus
Purchases	0.0692%	21.99%
Cash Advances	0.0744%	23.90%

APRs Based on Prime. If any APR is based on the U.S. Prime Rate ("Prime Rate"), the APR will equal the Prime Rate plus the additional amount shown above. If the Prime Rate increases, it will cause the APR to increase. If the Prime Rate decreases, it will cause the APR to decrease. For each billing cycle we use the Prime Rate published in *The Wall Street Journal* two business days before the Statement Closing Date. If the Prime Rate changes any APR, we put the new APR into effect as of the first day of the billing cycle for which we calculate the APR. We apply the new APR to any existing balances, subject to any promotional rate that may apply. If *The Wall Street Journal* does not publish the Prime Rate, we will use a similar published rate.

Effect of APR Increases. If an APR increases, interest charges increase. Your minimum payment may increase as well.

Daily Balance. We calculate the daily balance for each of your different balances. To get a daily balance, we take the balance at the end of the previous day, add the interest on the previous day's balance and new charges, and subtract new credits or payments. We figure the interest charge by multiplying the daily balance by its daily periodic rate each day in the billing cycle. We then add up all the daily interest charges and the total is the interest charge for the billing cycle.