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INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Industrial production increased 0.1 percent in September after having been unchanged in August. At 114.4 percent of its 2002 average, total industrial production in September was 1.9 percent above its year-earlier level. For the third quarter as a whole, industrial production rose at an annual rate of 4.0 percent, a pace that was $\frac{1}{2}$ percentage point faster than in the previous quarter. Output in the manufacturing sector rose 0.1 percent in

(over)

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION: SUMMARY

Seasonally adjusted

		2002=	100				Percent c	hange	
Industrial production	2007 June ^r	July ^r	Aug."	Sept. ^p	2007 June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p	Sept. '06 to Sept. '07
Total index	113.5	114.2	114.3	114.4	.5	.6	.0	.1	1.9
Previous estimates	113.6	114.2	114.4		.6	.5	.2		
Major market groups									
Final Products	114.7	115.4	115.2	115.1	.6	.7	2	1	2.1
Consumer goods	109.2	109.8	109.8	109.4	.4	.5	1	3	1.6
Business equipment	132.2	133.9	133.2	133.8	.8	1.3	5	.4	4.1
Nonindustrial supplies	111.2	111.2	111.7	111.8	.4	.0	.4	.2	1.1
Construction	110.2	109.9	109.7	109.5	1.0	2	2	2	7
Materials	113.2	114.2	114.3	114.6	.4	.9	.2	.2	2.1
Major industry groups									
Manufacturing (see note below)	115.7	116.6	116.1	116.2	.6	.8	4	.1	1.6
Previous estimates	115.7	116.6	116.3		.7	.7	3		
Mining	100.4	101.4	100.8	101.0	.5	1.0	6	.2	1
Utilities	107.3	106.4	111.3	111.3	7	9	4.6	1	6.4
									Capacity
				ercent of ca					growth
	Average	1994-95	2001-02	2006	2007				Sept. '06 to
Capacity utilization	1972-2006	high	low	Sept.	June ^r	July ^r	Aug."	Sept. ^p	Sept. '07
Total industry	81.0	85.1	73.6	82.0	81.8	82.2	82.1	82.1	1.9
Previous estimates					81.8	82.2	82.2		
Manufacturing (see note below)	79.8	84.6	71.6	80.9	80.5	81.0	80.5	80.4	2.2
Previous estimates					80.5	81.0	80.7		
Mining	87.4	88.9	84.8	91.2	90.1	91.0	90.4	90.6	.5
Utilities	86.7	93.7	83.8	83.9	85.0	84.1	88.0	87.8	1.7
Stage-of-process groups									
Crude	86.5	89.5	82.0	89.6	89.3	90.0	89.7	90.3	.4
Primary and semifinished	82.2	88.2	74.6	83.5	82.3	82.5	82.9	82.7	2.4
Finished	77.8	80.5	70.0	78.0	78.8	79.3	78.7	78.6	1.9

r Revised. p Preliminary.

Note. The statistics in this release cover output, capacity, and capacity utilization in the U.S. industrial sector, which is defined by the Federal Reserve to comprise manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities. Mining is defined as all industries in sector 21 of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); electric and gas utilities are those in NAICS sectors 2211 and 2212. Manufacturing comprises NAICS manufacturing industries (sector 31-33) plus the logging industry and the newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishing industries. Logging and publishing are classified elsewhere in NAICS (under agriculture and information respectively), but historically they were considered to be manufacturing and were included in the industrial sector under the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. In December 2002 the Federal Reserve reclassified all its industrial output data from the SIC system to NAICS.

September after a decline of 0.4 percent in August. The output of utilities edged down 0.1 percent in September after a surge in August; the output at mines expanded 0.2 percent in September. Capacity utilization for total industry was unchanged, at 82.1 percent, a rate just 0.1 percentage point above its year-earlier level but 1.1 percentage points above its 1972–2006 average.

Market Groups

The output of consumer goods fell 0.3 percent in September; the decrease was led by both a decline in the production of consumer durables and a pullback in the output of consumer energy products. Among durable consumer goods, the production index for automotive products fell 2.8 percent, in part because of a recent strike at a major motor vehicle manufacturer. Elsewhere, the production indexes for home electronics and for appliances, furniture, and carpeting changed little, and the output of miscellaneous durable goods declined 0.4 percent. The production of nondurable non-energy consumer goods increased 0.1 percent, as a third consecutive month of gains in the index for consumer chemical products and a bounceback in the production of paper products more than offset lower output of foods and tobacco. After a jump in August, the index for consumer energy goods decreased last month, as gasoline output fell.

The index for business equipment rose 0.4 percent in September. The output of transit equipment edged up 0.2 percent. Gains in the production of civilian aircraft and related equipment offset lower motor vehicle assemblies. The index for information processing equipment climbed 0.8 percent, and the index for industrial and other equipment increased 0.4 percent. Gains within both of these groups were widespread. For the third quarter as a whole, the output of business equipment rose at an annual rate of 7.0 percent, a pickup of $1^{1/4}$ percentage points from the previous quarter. The output of defense and space equipment moved higher in September; the increase of 5.1 percent (annual rate) for the third quarter as a whole marked the first quarterly gain for this index since the third quarter of 2006.

In September, construction supplies declined 0.2 percent for a third consecutive month; the index is 0.7 percent below its year-earlier level. The index for business supplies rose 0.3 percent in September because of higher output of non-energy business supplies; commercial energy products edged down.

The production of materials increased 0.2 percent in September. Within non-energy materials, the index for durable materials edged up 0.1 percent; a drop in consumer parts that reflected lower output of motor vehicle parts was offset by gains in the indexes for equipment parts and for other parts. Among nondurable materials, gains in the output of chemicals more than offset declines in the output of textiles and of paper. The output of energy materials climbed 0.4 percent.

Industry Groups

Manufacturing output increased 0.1 percent in September. The factory operating rate declined 0.1 percentage point, to 80.4 percent, a rate that is 0.6 percentage point above its 1972–2006 average. The production of durable goods dipped 0.1 percent. Decreases were recorded in motor vehicles and parts, wood products, nonmetallic mineral products, and furniture and related products, whereas increases occurred in miscellaneous manufacturing; electrical equipment, appliances, and components; aerospace and miscellaneous transportation equipment; primary metals; fabricated metal products; computer and electronic products; and machinery. The production of nondurable goods moved up 0.1 percent. Increases in the indexes for chemicals, for printing and support, and for apparel and leather more than offset declines elsewhere. The output of non-NAICS industries (logging and publishing) climbed 0.9 percent.

The output of utilities was little changed in September. The output of natural gas utilities decreased

0.2 percent; the output of electric utilities was unchanged. The operating rate at utilities decreased 0.2 percentage point, to 87.8 percent, a rate 1.1 percentage points above its 1972–2006 average. The output of mines increased 0.2 percent, and the capacity utilization rate for mining rose to 90.6 percent, a rate 3.2 percentage points above its long-run average.

By stage of process, the capacity utilization for industries at the crude stage climbed 0.6 percentage point in September, to 90.3 percent, a rate nearly 4 percentage points above its 1972–2006 average. In contrast, the operating rate for industries at the primary and semifinished stages decreased 0.2 percentage point, to 82.7 percent, just 0.5 percentage point above its long-run average. The operating rate for industries at the finished stage decreased 0.1 percentage point, to 78.6 percent, 0.8 percentage point above its long-run average.

Tables

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Further detail is available on the Board's website (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/).

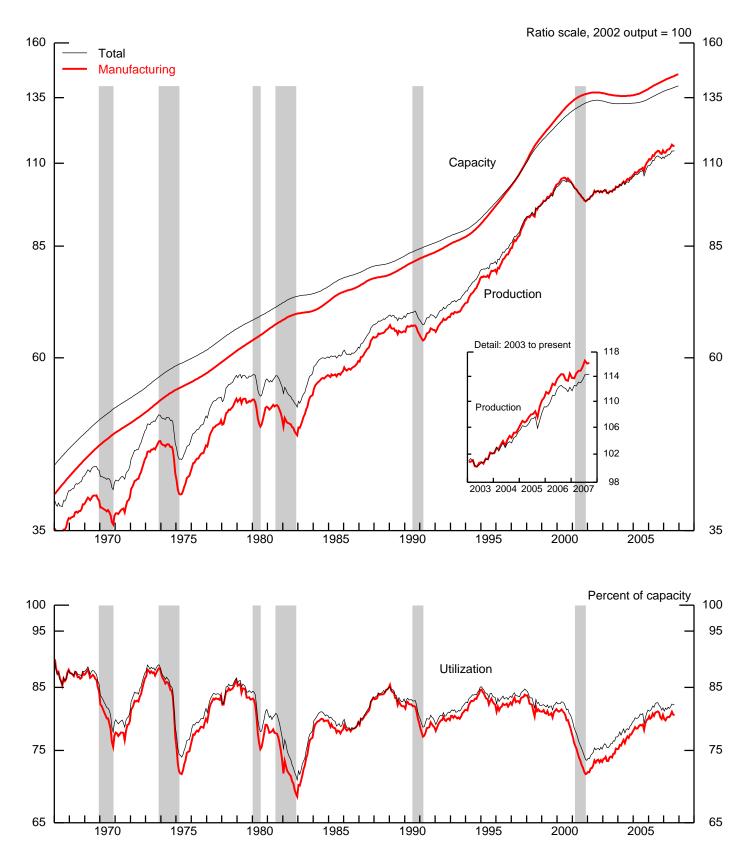
Revision of Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization

The Federal Reserve Board plans to issue an annual revision to the index of industrial production (IP) and the related measures of capacity and capacity utilization around the end of March 2008. The revised IP indexes will incorporate data from the 2006 Annual Surveys of Manufactures and data from selected editions of the 2006 Current Industrial Reports, all from the U.S. Census Bureau. Annual data from the U.S. Geological Survey regarding metallic and nonmetallic minerals (except fuels) for 2006 will also be incorporated. The updating will include revisions to the monthly indicator (either product data or input data) and to seasonal factors for each industry as well as changes in the estimation methods for some series. Any changes to methods for estimating the output of an industry will affect the index from 1972 to the present.

After the release of the revision, later monthly releases will include new or revised indexes for a six-month reporting window: one month of new data and revisions for the previous five months. The new longer reporting window will allow the incorporation of additional lagging data prior to an annual revision. The longer reporting window will cause the latest month of data shown for a few indexes to be as many as five months earlier than the latest value for aggregate industrial production; data for detailed production indexes are not shown in the supplement to the G.17 until either the underlying data are available or the reporting window is closed. Currently, the data issued for only one or two of the published indexes would be affected by this change.

Capacity and capacity utilization will be revised to incorporate data from the Census Bureau's 2006 Survey of Plant Capacity, which covers manufacturing, along with new data on capacity from the U.S. Geological Survey, the Department of Energy, and other organizations.

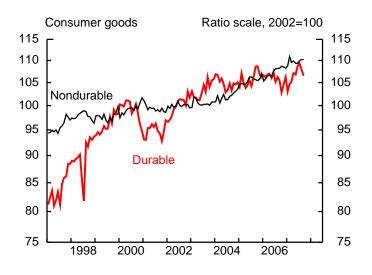
Once the revision is published, it will be available on the Board's website at www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17. The revised data will also be available through the website of the Department of Commerce. Further information on these revisions can be obtained from the Board's Industrial Output Section (telephone number 202-452-3197).

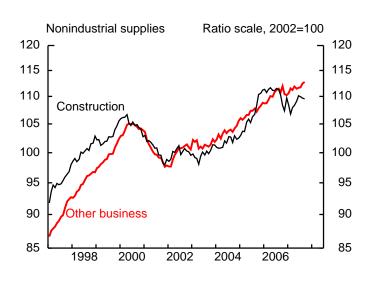


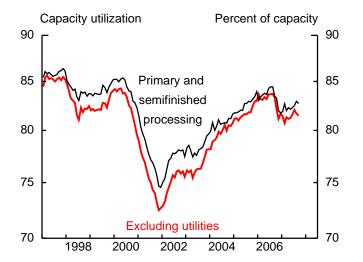
1. Industrial production, capacity, and utilization

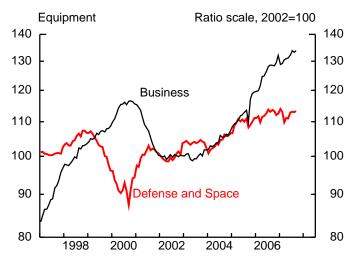
Notes: The shaded areas are periods of business recession as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER). See note on cover page.

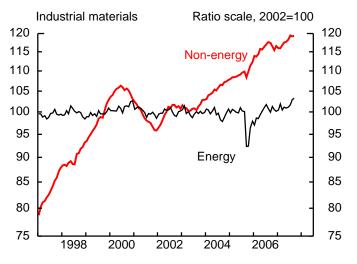
2. Industrial production and capacity utilization

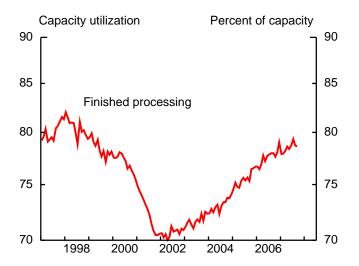




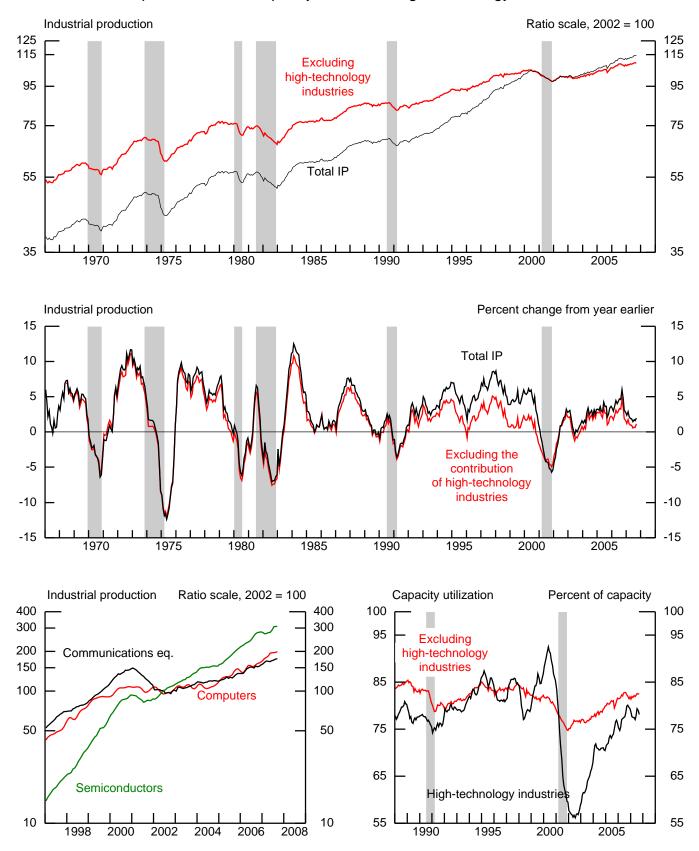








3. Industrial production and capacity utilization, high-technology industries



Notes: High-technology industries are defined as semiconductors and related electronic components (NAICS 334412-9), computers (NAICS 3341), and communications equipment (NAICS 3342). The shaded areas are periods of business recession as defined by the NBER.

Table 1 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: MARKET AND INDUSTRY GROUP SUMMARY

Item fourth quarter Annual rate Monthly rate Sept. '0 2006 2006 2007 2007 to	Percent change, seasonally adjusted			Fou	rth quarte	er to									
Production and point in the					-				al rate			Mont	hly rate		Sept. '06
Matter Groots Pail production space Pai	Item			2004	2005	2006			Q2 ^r	Q3 ^p		July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p	to Sept. '07
Find products and nonindexing applies 57.41 2.6 4.8 2.7 1.1 1.3 2.9 3.0 5 5 0 0 1 Consume products 7.16 -2.2 2.3 2.4 4.0 7.1 1.3 <t< td=""><td>Total IP</td><td></td><td>100.00</td><td>3.0</td><td>3.2</td><td>3.5</td><td>-1.5</td><td>1.1</td><td>3.5</td><td>4.0</td><td>.5</td><td>.6</td><td>.0</td><td>.1</td><td>1.9</td></t<>	Total IP		100.00	3.0	3.2	3.5	-1.5	1.1	3.5	4.0	.5	.6	.0	.1	1.9
Consimilary puodes 292.50 18 27 1.1 -1.3 3.4 2.3 2.0 4.5 7.1 4.3 2.3 2.3 2.5 2.5 4.8 4.0 7.1 1.3 1.3 1.8 6.0 1.3 1.4 2.2 2.8 1.1 Automities puodes 3.35 2.1 1.3 2.3 1.2 1.4 2.4 1.4 1.1 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.3 1.4 2.2 1.1 1.3 <th1.3< th=""> <th< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>• •</td><td>• •</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>1.0</td></th<></th1.3<>									• •	• •					1.0
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Nne energy 16 00 22 3.4 2.7 4.4 2.1 1.2 1.4 <th< td=""><td>Miscellaneous goods</td><td></td><td>2.24</td><td>2.1</td><td>6.4</td><td>6</td><td>-4.4</td><td>-4.0</td><td>5.4</td><td>5.3</td><td>1.2</td><td>.6</td><td>2</td><td>4</td><td>.2</td></th<>	Miscellaneous goods		2.24	2.1	6.4	6	-4.4	-4.0	5.4	5.3	1.2	.6	2	4	.2
Fook and to baceo 18 23 48 22 70 4.3 2.5 4.4 4.1 1.0 -3 2.3 Clohing 3.9 1.85 3.3 0 3.8 1.4 2.2 3.3 1.4 2.2 3.3 1.4 2.2 3.3 1.4 2.2 3.3 1.1 2.7 3.4 1.4 2.2 3.3 1.1 2.7 3.5 1.2 3.5 7.0 4.3 1.5 7.5 4.4 1.5 7.5 4.3 1.5 7.5 4.8 1.3 -5 4 4.1 1.8 Information processing 2.78 1.60 0.21 1.7 7 8.0 1.0 1.2 1.2 4.3 1.5 1.5 1.0 2.2 2.1 1.7<	Nondurable													.0	
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	ivaturai gas	2212	1.51	-1.4	-5.4	1.9	-1.3	13.5	-3./	-8.8	-1.4	1./	5	2	-3.5

r Revised. p Preliminary.

NOTE. Under the industry groups, the figures to the right of the series descriptions are 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes. The abbreviation pt denotes part of a NAICS code. Additional industry detail is available on the Board's web site (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17). Under market groups, in the products category, miscellaneous consumer nondurables, oil and gas drilling, and manufactured homes are not shown separately; in the nondurable materials category, containers and miscellaneous nondurable materials are not shown separately.

1. The proportion data are estimates of the relative contribution of each series to the growth of total industrial production in the following year.

ercent change, seasonally adjusted				rth quart urth quar			Annua	l rate			Mont	hly rate		Sept. '06
Item		2006 proportion	2004	2005	2006	2006 Q4	2007 Q1	Q2 ^r	Q3 ^p	2007 June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p	to Sept. '07
Total industry		100.00	3.0	3.2	3.5	-1.5	1.1	3.5	4.0	.5	.6	.0	.1	1.9
Energy		20.53	1.5	-1.8	4.0	-2.8	4.8	-1.4	5.4	.0	.1	2.0	.1	2.8
Consumer products		5.29	3.7	1.7	.7	-8.0	13.5	-7.5	4.8	8	4	3.6	4	1.8
Commercial products	212111	2.74	4.5	.5	2.3	-2.5	4.0	3.6	5.1	3	5	3.2	1	4.0
Oil and gas well drilling	213111	.72	8.3	11.8	14.7	.5	8.6	-6.3	-1.5	2.1	9	5	2	-1.4
Converted fuel Primary materials		3.79 7.98	2.1 -1.3	-2.5 -4.9	2.2 6.8	-8.9 3.4	5.3 -1.0	5.9 -1.9	4.5 7.2	2 .4	-1.3 1.5	3.4 .1	1.3 1	6.6 1.7
Non-energy		79.47	3.3	4.6	3.3	-1.1	.1	4.7	3.7	.6	.8	4	.1	1.7
Selected high-technology industries		4.84	10.4	28.1	24.6	24.7	9.2	16.6	28.2	2.6	3.5	1.0	.4	16.7
Computers and peripheral equipment	3341	1.20	6.6	30.4	12.1	24.4	32.8	39.4	12.9	1.0	.3	.6	.9	25.5
Communications equipment	3342	1.06	6.2	12.9	14.8	9.6	27.7	8.3	13.6	1.5	1.0	1.7	.8	13.9
Semiconductors and related electronic components	334412–9	2.58	13.7	33.8	34.8	31.1	-6.9	9.5	45.2	4.0	6.4	.9	1	14.0
Excluding selected high-technology industries		74.63	2.8	3.1	1.9	-2.7	5	3.9	2.2	.5	.6	5	.0	.8
Motor vehicles and parts	3361-3	5.54	-1.6	.2	-3.8	-4.0	-7.5	13.3	.4	2.6	.7	-1.6	-3.3	-2.2
Motor vehicles	3361	2.41	-3.0	-2.5	-6.0	-5.2	-10.6	23.1	1.8	4.0	2.6	-3.7	-5.1	-2.7
Motor vehicle parts	3363	2.72	-1.1	1.3	2	-3.4	-4.0	8.8	2.5	1.5	.0	.2	-2.0	5
Excluding motor vehicles and parts Consumer goods		69.09	3.2	3.4	2.4	-2.6 2.0	.1	3.2	2.4	.3	.6	4	.3	1.0 1.3
Business equipment		20.91 7.81	2.4 4.4	3.6 8.9	1.8 10.2	2.0 4.0	1.0 -3.3	1.8 4.4	1.6 6.3	.5	.7 1.4	6 7	.1 .6	3.1
Construction supplies		4.52	1.5	8.0	-2.2	-9.1	-3.0	5.6	1.9	1.0	2	7	2	8
Business supplies		7.93	2.1	3.1	1.0	-1.8	.0	1.2	1	.2	.0	2	2	.5
Materials		26.14	4.4	.7	2.3	-7.0	1.1	4.6	2.5	.1	.6	4	.4	.7
Measures excluding selected high-technology industries								• •						
Total industry		95.16	2.5	1.9	2.4	-2.7	.6	2.8	2.9	.4	.5	.0	.0	1.2
Manufacturing ¹ Durable		77.02 36.79	3.0 2.8	2.9 5.2	2.0 2.0	-3.3 -4.7	.3 -1.6	3.6 6.1	2.5 3.8	.5 .9	.6 .8	5 6	.0 1	.7 .9
Measures excluding motor vehicles and parts														
Total industry		94.46	3.3	3.4	3.9	-1.3	1.6	2.9	4.2	.4	.6	.1	.2	2.2
Manufacturing ¹ Durable		76.32 36.09	3.9 4.8	4.7 9.3	3.9 6.0	-1.5 -1.0	1.4 .8	3.7 6.4	4.2 7.4	.5 .9	.8 1.2	3 2	.3 .4	1.9 3.5
Measures excluding selected high-technology industries														
and motor vehicles and parts		L												
Total industry		89.62	2.9	2.1	2.8	-2.7	1.1	2.2	3.0	.2	.5	.1	.2	1.4
Manufacturing ¹		71.48	3.4	3.1	2.5	-3.2	.9	2.9	2.7	.3	.6	4	.3	.9
Stage-of-process components of non-energy materials, measures of the input to														
Finished processors		12.85	5.2	8.3	9.0	2.6	-2.6	3.7	8.0	.8	1.7	2	4	1.8
		17.95	4.4	1	1.3	-8.6	2.5	6.9	3.2	.3	.5	2	.5	1.5

Table 2 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: SPECIAL AGGREGATES AND SELECTED DETAIL Percent change, seasonally adjusted Percent change, seasonally adjusted

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1. Refer to note on cover page.

Table 3 MOTOR VEHICLE ASSEMBLIES Millions of units, seasonally adjusted annual rate

	2006	2006	2007			2007			
Item	average	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	June	July	Aug.	Sept.
T- 4- 1	11.26	10.00	10.50	11.07	10.00	11.20	11.20	10.04	10.27
Total	11.26	10.96	10.58	11.07	10.90	11.30	11.39	10.94	10.37
Autos	4.37	4.38	3.97	3.89	3.91	4.07	4.14	3.94	3.63
Trucks	6.89	6.57	6.61	7.18	6.99	7.24	7.24	7.00	6.74
Light	6.43	6.13	6.25	6.91	6.74	6.96	6.99	6.76	6.48
Medium and heavy	.46	.45	.36	.27	.25	.27	.26	.24	.25
Memo									
Autos and light trucks	10.80	10.51	10.22	10.80	10.65	11.03	11.13	10.70	10.12
C C									

NOTE. Seasonal factors and underlying data for auto, light truck, and medium and heavy truck production are available on the Board's web site, www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/mvsf.htm

Table 4 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEXES: MARKET AND INDUSTRY GROUP SUMMARY 2002 = 100, seasonally adjusted

Item		2006 proportion	2007 Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p
Total IP		100.00	111.7	112.5	112.4	113.1	113.0	113.5	114.2	114.3	114.4
MARKET GROUPS											
Final products and nonindustrial supplies		57.43	111.9	113.1	112.8	113.4	113.1	113.7	114.3	114.3	114.2
Consumer goods		29.36	107.4	109.4	108.6	109.2	108.8	109.2	109.8	109.8	109.4
Durable		7.16	103.1	104.6	105.2	107.1	106.7	108.7	109.4	108.0	106.5
Automotive products		3.33	95.2	98.7	99.7	102.3	101.1	104.1	105.3	103.0	100.1
Home electronics		.36	184.6	196.0	191.1	200.8	199.4	200.3	198.7	197.9	198.2
Appliances, furniture, carpeting		1.23	100.5	99.5	99.8	100.4	101.3	101.1	100.9	100.3	100.3
Miscellaneous goods		2.24 22.19	107.4 108.7	106.3 110.9	107.1 109.6	107.6	108.1 109.4	109.4 109.3	110.1 109.8	109.8 110.2	109.4
Nondurable Non-energy		16.90	108.7 109.7	10.9	109.8	109.8 110.3	109.4	109.3	109.8	110.2	110.2 110.3
Foods and tobacco		9.18	112.1	111.9	112.7	113.1	112.8	113.3	113.8	110.2	112.3
Clothing		.59	80.4	79.6	78.7	79.4	79.7	78.8	78.8	77.2	77.3
Chemical products		4.83	111.8	110.9	110.5	110.9	109.9	109.5	111.4	112.0	112.6
Paper products		1.79	103.3	104.7	105.5	105.6	105.1	105.8	106.0	105.2	106.2
Energy		5.29	106.1	115.8	108.9	108.7	108.3	107.4	107.0	110.8	110.3
Business equipment		9.95	128.8	129.2	130.6	130.9	131.1	132.2	133.9	133.2	133.8
Transit		2.03	144.2	144.1	144.3	143.7	142.1	145.5	146.6	146.5	146.7
Information processing		2.78	144.4	146.2	147.5	148.6	149.8	151.0	151.6	152.3	153.5
Industrial and other		5.14	115.6	115.4	117.3	117.5	117.8	118.1	120.5	119.0	119.5
Defense and space equipment		1.75	113.9	113.0	109.8	111.1	111.0	112.9	113.0	112.9	113.3
Construction supplies		4.55	108.4	106.8	107.9	108.3	109.1	110.2	109.9	109.7	109.5
Business supplies		11.02	110.6	111.5	111.2	111.9	111.5	111.7	111.7	112.4	112.8
Materials		42.57 30.80	111.3 115.9	111.8 116.0	112.0 116.8	112.7	112.7 117.7	113.2 118.2	114.2 119.4	114.3 119.2	114.6 119.3
Non-energy Durable		19.15	113.9	123.9	124.9	117.5 126.0	126.5	118.2	119.4	129.1	119.5
Consumer parts		3.30	96.8	97.1	98.3	98.6	99.1	99.8	99.8	99.6	97.7
Equipment parts		6.64	169.8	168.6	169.5	170.5	170.5	173.4	178.7	178.8	179.3
Other		9.21	107.8	107.5	108.3	109.7	110.4	110.4	111.2	111.1	111.7
Nondurable		11.64	103.2	103.9	104.5	104.7	104.4	104.6	104.8	104.3	104.6
Textile		.60	81.1	81.3	80.9	80.8	81.3	80.7	78.1	75.3	75.1
Paper		2.30	100.1	101.0	100.7	100.3	99.6	98.4	99.4	99.3	99.0
Chemical		5.49	108.9	110.1	111.4	111.1	111.2	111.6	111.7	111.8	112.6
Energy		11.77	100.5	101.9	100.5	101.1	100.9	101.2	101.7	102.9	103.3
INDUSTRY GROUPS		01.06	112 7	112 6	114.4	114.0	114.0	1157	116.6	1161	1160
Manufacturing	21.22	81.86	113.7	113.6	114.4	114.8	114.9	115.7	116.6	116.1	116.2
Manufacturing (NAICS) Durable manufacturing	31–33	77.70 41.46	114.7 121.2	114.6 121.3	115.4 122.3	115.8 123.2	115.9 123.4	116.7 124.7	117.6 126.1	117.2 125.6	117.2 125.5
Wood products	321	1.39	98.5	97.7	98.3	98.2	125.4	124.7	120.1	99.8	97.7
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	2.43	109.8	106.5	108.3	108.5	100.5	110.6	111.5	111.7	110.8
Primary metal	331	3.25	107.1	100.5	108.8	111.3	112.1	110.6	112.9	112.1	112.8
Fabricated metal products	332	5.63	109.3	109.8	110.6	111.1	110.8	112.1	112.5	112.8	113.4
Machinery	333	5.12	116.4	115.3	118.0	117.2	117.6	117.5	120.2	118.3	118.5
Computer and electronic products	334	7.51	181.3	181.5	182.3	184.2	184.4	187.7	191.7	192.7	193.4
Electrical equip., appliances,											
and components	335	2.03	106.5	107.4	107.9	109.3	108.7	109.3	110.0	109.1	110.5
Motor vehicles and parts	3361-3	5.54	96.4	98.7	99.4	100.8	100.3	102.8	103.6	102.0	98.6
Aerospace and miscellaneous		0	100 -	101.0	100 -	101.1	101.1	100 -		10	
transportation equipment	3364-9	3.76	130.7	131.0	130.2	131.1	131.1	133.5	134.4	135.3	136.4
Furniture and related products Miscellaneous	337 339	1.57 3.22	101.8 120.2	100.7 119.4	101.0 121.6	100.4 122.5	101.2 123.1	102.2 123.4	103.2 123.7	102.6 122.8	101.8
	557										
Nondurable manufacturing		36.24	107.5	107.2	107.8	107.7	107.8	107.9	108.5	108.1	108.2
Food, beverage, and tobacco products	311,2	10.80	112.3	112.2	113.0	113.7	113.3	113.9	114.4	113.2	112.9
Textile and product mills	313,4	1.05	87.4	87.3	86.5	87.3	87.8	87.9 70.4	86.4	84.0	83.6
Apparel and leather Paper	315,6 322	.64 2.61	81.1 96.4	80.3 97.5	79.5 97.2	80.0 97.3	80.3 96.7	79.4 96.1	79.1 96.8	77.6 96.3	77.7 95.8
Printing and support	322	2.01	96.4 105.6	97.5	97.2 105.6	97.3 104.7	103.1	102.1	96.8	96.5	103.4
Petroleum and coal products	323	3.83	103.0	110.0	105.0	104.7	105.1	102.1	101.7	102.7	103.4
Chemical	324	11.81	109.9	110.0	110.4	1107.9	110.6	110.1	111.8	112.1	113.2
Plastics and rubber products	326	3.46	106.3	105.5	107.1	108.0	108.5	109.0	109.9	109.6	109.1
Other manufacturing (non-NAICS)	1133,5111	4.16	98.4	98.6	99.1	99.5	99.0	99.4	99.1	98.3	99.2
Mining	21	8.58	100.2	100.0	100.2	100.2	99.9	100.4	101.4	100.8	101.0
vinning											
	2211,2	9.55	105.1	114.1	106.6	109.7	108.0	107.3	106.4	111.3	111.3
Utilities Electric	2211,2 2211	9.55 8.04	105.1 108.1	$114.1 \\ 114.1$	106.6 109.2	109.7 110.7	108.0 110.4	107.3 109.9	106.4 108.4	111.3 114.4	111.3 114.4

r Revised. p Preliminary. NOTE. Refer to notes on table 1.

Table 5 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEXES: SPECIAL AGGREGATES 2002 = 100, seasonally adjusted

3002 = 100, seasonarry adjusted		2006	2007								
Item		proportion	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p
Total industry		100.00	111.7	112.5	112.4	113.1	113.0	113.5	114.2	114.3	114.4
Energy		20.53	104.6	108.4	105.3	106.0	105.6	105.6	105.7	107.8	107.9
Consumer products		5.29	106.1	115.8	108.9	108.7	108.3	107.4	107.0	110.8	110.3
Commercial products		2.74	113.7	117.6	113.7	116.6	115.9	115.6	115.0	118.8	118.6
Oil and gas well drilling	213111	.72	172.6	173.7	173.0	170.6	168.4	171.9	170.3	169.5	169.1
Converted fuel		3.79	102.1	108.0	103.1	106.3	105.8	105.6	104.2	107.8	109.2
Primary materials		7.98	99.5	98.9	99.1	98.6	98.5	99.0	100.4	100.5	100.4
Non-energy		79.47	113.6	113.6	114.3	114.9	114.9	115.6	116.5	116.0	116.1
Selected high-technology industries		4.84	219.9	220.4	223.2	226.4	228.5	234.4	242.6	245.0	246.0
Computers and peripheral equipment	3341	1.20	171.3	176.6	179.9	185.2	193.2	195.0	195.6	196.8	198.6
Communications equipment	3342	1.06	161.1	165.1	168.8	168.0	167.3	169.7	171.4	174.3	175.7
Semiconductors and related											
electronic components	334412–9	2.58	278.0	272.2	273.7	277.8	277.0	288.1	306.6	309.5	309.2
Excluding selected high-technology											
industries		74.63	108.2	108.3	108.9	109.4	109.3	109.8	110.5	109.9	110.0
Motor vehicles and parts	3361-3	5.54	96.4	98.7	99.4	100.8	100.3	102.8	103.6	102.0	98.6
Motor vehicles	3361	2.41	92.4	97.5	97.6	100.6	99.1	103.1	105.8	101.8	96.6
Motor vehicle parts	3363	2.72	97.7	98.1	99.1	99.5	100.1	101.6	101.6	101.8	99.7
Excluding motor vehicles and parts		69.09	109.3	109.1	109.7	110.2	110.1	110.4	111.1	110.6	110.9
Consumer goods		20.91	109.1	108.8	109.1	109.6	109.2	109.6	110.3	109.7	109.8
Business equipment		7.81	122.2	122.0	123.5	123.8	123.7	124.4	126.1	125.3	126.1
Construction supplies		4.52	107.9	106.2	107.3	107.7	108.5	109.5	109.3	109.1	108.9
Business supplies		7.93	105.4	105.4	106.2	106.1	105.8	106.0	106.0	105.7	106.2
Materials		26.14	107.3	107.5	108.2	108.8	108.9	109.0	109.7	109.3	109.7
Measures excluding selected high-technology											
industries											
Total industry		95.16	107.4	108.3	108.1	108.6	108.5	108.9	109.4	109.4	109.5
Manufacturing ¹		77.02	108.5	108.4	109.2	109.5	109.5	110.0	110.7	110.2	110.2
Durable		36.79	110.9	111.0	111.8	112.5	112.6	113.5	114.4	113.8	113.6
Measures excluding motor vehicles and parts											
Total industry		94.46	112.7	113.4	113.3	113.9	113.8	114.2	114.9	115.1	115.4
Manufacturing ¹		76.32	115.1	114.9	115.7	116.0	116.2	116.7	117.6	117.3	117.6
Durable		36.09	125.8	125.5	126.6	127.3	127.6	128.7	130.2	129.9	130.5
Measures excluding selected high-technology											
industries and motor vehicles and parts			105							1.0	
industries and motor vehicles and parts Total industry		89.62	108.1	108.9	108.6	109.1	109.0	109.3	109.8	109.9	110.2
industries and motor vehicles and parts		89.62 71.48	108.1 109.5	108.9 109.2	108.6 110.0	109.1 110.2	109.0 110.3	109.3 110.6	109.8 111.3	109.9 110.8	110.2 111.1
industries and motor vehicles and parts Total industry Manufacturing ¹											
industries and motor vehicles and parts Total industry Manufacturing ¹ Stage-of-process components of non-energy											
industries and motor vehicles and parts Total industry Manufacturing ¹	_										

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1. Refer to note on cover page.

Table 6 DIFFUSION INDEXES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Item	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
One month earlier												
2005	54.8	50.5	52.1	52.5	56.4	56.1	56.8	51.2	61.1	58.4	58.4	52.1
2006	63.4	48.2	58.7	60.4	50.2	61.1	59.4	51.2	46.5	41.6	43.2	59.4
2007	46.9	53.6	57.8	59.1	51.2	57.4	55.1	42.1				
Three months earlier												
2005	58.7	61.4	54.8	53.1	57.8	60.1	57.8	57.8	56.8	56.1	56.4	57.8
2006	61.4	56.8	63.0	59.7	56.1	61.1	58.1	57.4	52.5	43.2	36.6	45.5
2007	45.2	53.5	50.2	61.1	60.1	61.4	60.4	55.4				
Six months earlier												
2005	58.7	57.4	59.7	58.1	62.7	59.1	61.1	55.8	62.4	63.0	59.4	56.4
2006	59.1	57.4	64.0	63.0	62.0	64.0	61.4	64.4	59.4	47.5	44.2	46.9
2007	36.3	42.2	42.9	54.1	57.1	57.4	65.7	61.1				

NOTE. The diffusion indexes are calculated as the percentage of series that increased over the indicated span (one, three, or six months) plus one-half the percentage that were unchanged.

ereen of capacity, seasonany adjusted			1972-	1988-	1994-	2001-								
Item		2006	2006	89	95	02	2006	2007			2007			
		proportion	ave.	high	high	low	Q4	Q1	Q2 ^r	Q3 ^p	June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept.
Total industry		100.00	81.0	85.0	85.1	73.6	81.5	81.3	81.7	82.1	81.8	82.2	82.1	82.
Manufacturing ¹		82.52	79.8	85.4	84.6	71.6	80.1	79.8	80.3	80.6	80.5	81.0	80.5	80.
Manufacturing (NAICS)	31–33	78.53	79.6	85.3	84.7	71.0	79.9	79.6	80.0	80.4	80.3	80.8	80.3	80.
		10.55		0 4 -	04.0	<i>c</i> 0 1	7 0 7		5 0 4				-	-
Durable manufacturing	221	42.55	78.0	84.5	84.2	68.1	78.5	77.7	78.4	79.0	78.8	79.5	78.9	78.
Wood products	321	1.41	80.2	88.2	87.7	71.0	74.3	73.1	74.6	74.1	76.0	75.0	74.4	72
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	2.34	79.5	85.1	84.1	75.8	79.6	78.0	78.6	79.7	79.3	79.9	80.0	79
Primary metal	331	2.86	80.8	93.8	95.6	68.5	82.2	84.4	87.0	87.7	86.3	88.1	87.3	87
Fabricated metal products	332	5.63	77.3	81.6	85.1	69.2	80.2	79.9	80.6	81.5	81.1	81.3	81.4	81
Machinery	333	5.14	78.7	85.2	87.6	63.7	80.9	78.4	78.6	79.2	78.5	80.2	78.8	78.
Computer and electronic products	334	8.43	78.3	81.4	84.3	58.6	77.3	75.3	74.3	74.7	74.4	75.2	74.7	74
Electrical equip., appliances,														
and components	335	1.90	83.2	89.1	93.1	71.8	84.3	85.0	86.2	86.7	86.3	86.8	86.0	87.
Motor vehicles and parts	3361-3	5.92	77.5	89.7	89.0	68.9	74.7	73.6	76.7	77.7	78.2	79.0	78.1	75
Aerospace and miscellaneous														
transportation equipment	3364–9	3.96	72.5	87.1	68.5	62.8	78.8	80.3	80.6	82.3	81.4	81.8	82.3	82.
Furniture and related products	337	1.61	78.5	82.2	82.9	67.8	78.3	76.6	76.7	77.6	77.4	78.2	77.7	77.
Miscellaneous	339	3.36	76.7	82.5	81.3	70.6	78.8	78.3	79.1	78.6	79.1	78.9	78.0	79
Nondurable manufacturing		35.98	81.7	86.8	85.4	74.9	81.6	82.0	82.0	82.2	82.1	82.4	82.1	82
Food, beverage, and tobacco products	311,2	10.67	81.6	85.9	84.1	75.6	82.2	82.6	83.0	82.6	83.1	83.3	82.4	82
Textile and product mills	313,4	1.09	82.3	91.2	91.4	68.8	75.8	74.6	75.6	73.6	76.0	74.9	73.0	72
Apparel and leather	315,6	.70	78.7	84.3	87.1	59.5	74.1	74.9	75.2	74.2	74.9	74.9	73.7	74
Paper	322	2.46	87.8	92.5	92.0	78.9	85.5	84.3	84.1	83.9	83.6	84.4	83.9	83.
Printing and support	323	2.08	83.7	91.8	86.4	72.7	80.5	80.6	78.4	77.5	77.3	77.0	77.6	78
Petroleum and coal products	324	3.77	86.2	89.0	90.6	83.7	90.1	92.3	90.7	90.7	91.1	91.2	90.9	89.
Chemical	325	12.01	78.3	85.1	81.4	70.2	77.7	77.8	78.0	79.1	78.0	78.7	78.9	79
Plastics and rubber products	326	3.20	83.9	89.8	91.9	75.1	84.8	85.4	86.7	87.0	86.9	87.4	87.0	86
Other manufacturing (non-NAICS)	1133,5111	3.99	84.7	91.0	83.3	81.3	84.6	84.0	84.3	83.8	84.4	84.1	83.3	84.
Mining	21	8.25	87.4	86.1	88.9	84.8	91.3	90.0	89.9	90.7	90.1	91.0	90.4	90.
Utilities	2211,2	9.23	86.7	92.7	93.7	83.8	85.0	86.4	85.8	86.6	85.0	84.1	88.0	87.
Selected high technology induction		5 49	78.0	00.0	87.4	560	79.7	77.9	77.4	70.0	77.0	79.4	79.0	70
Selected high-technology industries	3341	5.48 1.39	78.0	80.8 79.9	87.4	56.2 62.8	79.7	82.3	85.2	78.8 82.8	77.8 85.3	79.4 83.9	79.0 82.7	78. 81.
Computers and peripheral equipment	3341					40.2					83.3 79.0			
Communications equipment	5542	1.29	75.4	80.8	86.6	40.2	73.3	77.6	78.6	80.5	79.0	79.6	80.8	81
Semiconductors and related	224412 0	2.90	00 C	02.0	02.5	50.1	00.7	75 (72.0	76.0	72.4	76.0	76.0	74
electronic components	334412–9	2.80	80.6	82.9	93.5	58.1	82.7	75.6	72.9	76.0	73.4	76.8	76.2	74
Measures excluding selected high-technology industries														
Total industry		94.52	81.2	85.4	85.0	74.7	81.8	81.7	82.1	82.5	82.2	82.6	82.5	82.
Manufacturing ¹		77.04	79.9	85.9	84.5	72.8	80.3	80.2	80.7	81.0	80.9	81.3	80.9	80.
STAGE-OF-PROCESS GROUPS														
Crude		12.41	86.5	88.1	89.5	82.0	89.1	88.7	89.2	90.0	89.3	90.0	89.7	90
Primary and semifinished		48.00	82.2	86.5	88.2	74.6	82.3	82.2	82.2	82.7	82.3	82.5	82.9	82
Finished		39.59	77.8	82.8	80.5	70.0	78.2	78.0	78.6	78.9	78.8	79.3	78.7	78
		57.57	77.0	02.0	00.5	70.0	70.2	70.0	70.0	10.7	70.0	17.5	10.1	, 0.

Table 7 CAPACITY UTILIZATION Percent of capacity, seasonally adjusted

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1. Refer to note on cover page.

Table 8 INDUSTRIAL CAPACITY Percent change

	1	Average a	nnual rate		Fourth	quarter t	to fourth	quarter		Annua	l rate		Monthly rate
Item	1972- 79	1980- 88	1989- 94	1995- 2007	2004	2005	2006	2007	2006 Q4	2007 Q1	Q2	Q3	2007 Sept.
Total industry	3.1	2.0	2.3	3.3	.1	1.1	2.4	1.8	2.3	2.1	1.8	1.7	.1
Manufacturing ¹	3.3	2.3	2.6	3.7	.0	1.7	2.7	2.1	2.4	2.3	2.1	2.1	.2
Mining Utilities	.8 4.3	.1 2.1	9 1.6	5 2.2	3 2.6	-1.7 .0	.6 2.1	.4 1.5	1.1 2.5	.9 2.1	.3 1.5	.2 1.2	.0 .1
Selected high-technology industries	20.9	19.1	17.3	27.2	4.3	18.3	19.6	19.6	18.5	19.5	19.5	19.6	1.5
Manufacturing ¹ ex. selected high-technology industries	2.6	1.3	1.6	1.6	2	.6	1.4	1.0	1.3	1.1	.9	.9	.1
STAGE-OF-PROCESS GROUPS Crude	1.7	.3	4	1	1	-1.1	.3	.5	.5	.5	.3	.4	.0
Primary and semifinished Finished	3.0 3.9	1.4 3.5	2.6 2.7	3.9 3.4	.4 .5	1.4 2.0	3.0 2.3	2.3 1.9	3.0 2.1	2.8 2.0	2.2 1.9	2.1 1.9	.2 .2

p Preliminary. 1. Refer to note on cover page.

Table 9 GROSS VALUE OF FINAL PRODUCTS AND NONINDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES Billions of 2000 dollars at annual rate, seasonally adjusted 2000

	T T		2006		2007			2007			
Item	2000	2006	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2 ^r	Q3 ^p	June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p
Final products and nonindustrial supplies	2,812.5	3,043.0	3,075.0	3,060.2	3,072.1	3,089.6	3,112.8	3,101.6	3,117.9	3,115.2	3,105.2
Final products	2,112.0	2,302.3	2,327.4	2,321.5	2,332.3	2,344.1	2,363.7	2,354.4	2,371.5	2,365.3	2,354.3
Consumer goods	1,480.7	1,606.0	1,619.6	1,610.7	1,627.7	1,636.9	1,646.9	1,642.5	1,652.1	1,650.4	1,638.1
Durable	471.7	504.6	503.1	498.2	496.8	514.1	516.1	520.6	524.9	516.7	506.7
Automotive products	278.9	296.1	293.1	291.1	290.4	304.7	306.0	310.1	314.2	306.8	296.9
Other durable goods	192.9	208.2	209.6	206.7	206.0	209.2	210.0	210.4	210.7	209.8	209.4
Nondurable	1,009.0	1,097.5	1,111.5	1,107.0	1,124.1	1,118.6	1,126.3	1,118.4	1,123.9	1,129.2	1,125.9
Equipment, total	631.3	706.0	718.4	722.2	714.5	716.9	727.2	722.0	729.8	725.0	726.9
Business and defense	614.9	689.1	701.3	706.0	697.3	699.8	710.5	704.5	713.0	708.2	710.2
Business	556.8	619.8	631.4	637.4	628.3	631.1	640.9	634.8	643.4	638.6	640.6
Defense and space	58.2	71.4	72.2	71.4	71.5	71.3	72.3	72.1	72.3	72.2	72.3
Nonindustrial supplies	700.5	741.1	748.1	739.6	740.8	746.4	750.1	748.2	747.8	751.0	751.6
Construction supplies	197.2	207.8	209.2	204.0	202.8	205.8	206.7	207.5	207.2	206.7	206.2
Business supplies	503.3	533.2	538.9	535.7	538.2	540.6	543.6	540.7	540.7	544.4	545.6
Commercial energy products	136.0	154.7	157.7	156.3	157.5	158.1	159.8	157.7	157.2	161.3	161.0

r Revised. p Preliminary.

Table 10 GROSS-VALUE-WEIGHTED INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: STAGE-OF-PROCESS GROUPS

Percent change, seasonally adjusted

		Fou	irth quart	er to									
		fo	urth quar	ter		Annual	rate			Mont	hly rate		Sept. '06
Item	2006				2006	2007			2007				to
	gross value1	2004	2005	2006	Q4	Q1	Q2 ^r	Q3 ^p	June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^p	Sept. '07
Finished	1980.5	2.4	5.6	3.4	2.3	-1.2	4.6	3.6	.9	1.1	9	4	1.6
Semifinished	1754.9	2.4	6.2	2.5	-2.7	.2	3.7	4.5	.7	.3	.5	2	2.0
Primary	992.6	4.5	8	.1	-13.3	7.2	.6	2.7	3	.5	.4	.0	7
Crude	420.0	5.2	-8.3	7.1	-3.4	.9	4.3	5.1	.4	.7	.0	1.0	2.3

r Revised. p Preliminary.

1. Billions of 2000 dollars.

Seasonally adjusted Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
TD (1	Ĵ		<u> </u>	0	1								
IP (percent																	
change) ¹ 1985	2	.4	.2	2	.1	.1	6	5	.4	4	2	1.0	1.2	.7	5	27	1.4
1985	3 .5	8	6	2	.1	3	6 .6	.5 2	.4	4	.3 .5	.9	2.4	-2.4	5 1.7	2.7 4.6	1.4
1987	3	1.3	0	.6	.2	5	.6	2	.2	1.5	.5	.5	5.4	7.2	7.3	9.9	5.1
1988	.0	.4	.2	.5	1	.2	.2	.5	3	.6	.2	.4	3.4	3.4	2.1	3.3	5.1
1989	.2	5	.3	.0	7	.0	9	1.0	3	1	.3	.7	1.5	-1.8	-2.4	1.8	.9
1990	6	.9	.5	1	.2	.3	2	.3	.2	7	-1.2	7	3.0	2.8	1.4	-5.9	1.0
1991	5	7	5	.2	1.0	1.0	.0	.2	.9	2	1	3	-7.6	2.7	5.7	1.0	-1.5
1992	5	.7	.8	.7	.4	.1	.8	5	.2	.7	.4	.1	3	7.1	3.1	4.0	2.9
1993	.5	.3	.0	.3	4	.3	.4	.0	.5	.8	.4	.6	3.7	1.1	2.4	6.4	3.4
1994	.5	.0	1.0	.5	.5	.7	.2	.5	.3	.9	.7	1.1	5.6	7.3	5.1	8.3	5.5
1995	.4	.1	.1	1	.2	.3	4	1.3	.4	2	.3	.3	6.0	1.0	3.8	3.5	5.0
1996 1997	8 .2	1.5 1.2	2	.9 1	.7	.9 .4	2	.7 1.3	.5 .9	.0	.9 1.0	.7	2.0 8.3	8.4 5.5	5.2 9.0	6.1 11.1	4.3
1997	.2	.1	.0	1	.0	5	3	2.2	2	.8	1	.4	4.7	3.3	3.8	5.3	6.1
1999	.6	.5	.2	.2	.8	1	.7	.5	4	1.3	.6	.9	4.9	4.0	4.4	8.2	4.7
2000	.1	.4	.4	.8	.3	.1	3	3	.5	5	.0	4	5.3	5.9	5	-1.6	4.5
2000	7	6	4	3	7	6	4	4	4	6	5	.0	-5.7	-5.4	-5.6	-5.1	-3.5
2002	.5	.1	.8	.4	.4	.9	3	.2	.1	3	.4	4	2.7	6.4	2.3	4	.0
2003	.6	.3	2	8	1	.2	.4	1	.5	1	.8	.0	2.3	-3.2	2.5	3.3	1.1
2004	.2	.7	6	.6	.6	7	.6	.2	2	.7	.2	.6	3.3	2.5	1.8	4.3	2.5
2005	.3	.6	1	.1	.4	.6	.0	.3	-1.6	1.2	1.1	.8	4.6	2.8	.8	4.7	3.2
2006	.0	.3	.5	.9	1	.9	.4	.2	3	2	4	.6	5.0	6.5	4.0	-1.5	3.9
2007	5	.8	1	.6	1	.5	.6	.0	.1				1.1	3.5	4.0		
IP (2002=100)																	
2005	105.6	106.2	106.1	106.2	106.6	107.3	107.3	107.6	105.8	107.1	108.2	109.1	106.0	106.7	106.9	108.1	106.9
2006 2007	109.1 111.7	109.4 112.5	110.0 112.4	110.9 113.1	110.9 113.0	111.9 113.5	112.3 114.2	112.5 114.3	112.2 114.4	112.0	111.5	112.2	109.5 112.2	111.2 113.2	112.3 114.3	111.9	111.1
Capacity (percent of 2002 output) 2005	132.7	132.7	132.8	132.9	133.0	133.1	133.2	133.4	133.6	133.8	134.1	134.3	132.7	133.0	133.4	134.1	133.3
2003	132.7	132.7	132.8	132.9	135.0	135.1	135.2	135.4	135.0	133.8	134.1	134.5	132.7	135.0	135.4	134.1	135.5
2007	137.8	138.0	138.2	138.4	138.6	138.8	139.0	139.2	139.4	137.0	157.5	157.5	138.0	138.6	139.2	157.5	150.1
Utilization																	
(percent)																	
1985	80.0	80.1	80.0	79.7	79.6	79.4	78.7	78.9	79.1	78.6	78.8	79.5	80.0	79.6	78.9	79.0	79.4
1986	79.8	79.0	78.4	78.4	78.4	78.1	78.5	78.3	78.3	78.6	78.8	79.4	79.1	78.3	78.4	78.9	78.7
1987	79.0	79.9	79.9	80.2	80.5	80.8	81.1	81.6	81.6	82.7	83.0	83.3	79.6	80.5	81.4	83.0	81.1
1988 1989	83.2 85.0	83.5 84.5	83.6 84.6	84.0 84.4	83.9 83.7	84.0 83.6	84.1 82.6	84.5 83.3	84.2 82.8	84.6 82.6	84.7 82.7	84.9 83.1	83.4 84.7	84.0 83.9	84.2 82.9	84.7 82.8	84.1 83.6
1969	65.0	64.5	64.0	04.4	03.7	65.0	62.0	03.5	02.0	82.0	02.7	03.1	04.7	63.9	02.9	02.0	85.0
1990	82.4	83.0	83.2	82.9	82.9	83.0	82.7	82.8	82.8	82.1	80.9	80.2	82.9	82.9	82.7	81.1	82.4
1991	79.7	79.0	78.5	78.6	79.3	79.9	79.8	79.8	80.4	80.1	79.9	79.5	79.1	79.3	80.0	79.9	79.6
1992 1993	79.0 81.1	79.4 81.3	79.9 81.1	80.3 81.3	80.4 80.9	80.3 81.0	80.8 81.2	80.3 81.1	80.3 81.4	80.8 81.8	80.9 82.0	80.8 82.3	79.4 81.2	80.3 81.1	80.5 81.2	80.8 82.1	80.3 81.4
1993	81.1	81.3	83.1	83.3	80.9	83.8	81.2	83.8	83.8	81.8	82.0	82.5	81.2	83.5	83.8	84.6	81.4
1995	85.1	84.8	84.6	84.1	84.0	83.9	83.2	84.0	84.0	83.5	83.4	83.3	84.8	84.0	83.7	83.4	84.0
1996 1997	82.3 83.3	83.2 83.8	82.6 84.1	83.0 83.6	83.2 83.6	83.6 83.5	83.0 83.5	83.2 84.0	83.3 84.3	83.0 84.4	83.3 84.7	83.5 84.5	82.7 83.7	83.3 83.6	83.2 83.9	83.3 84.5	83.1 83.9
1997	84.3	83.9	83.3	83.0	83.0	82.3	81.6	82.9	82.3	82.5	82.0	81.9	83.8	82.9	82.3	82.2	82.8
1999	82.1	82.1	81.9	81.8	82.1	81.6	81.8	81.9	81.3	82.0	82.2	82.6	82.0	81.8	81.7	82.3	81.9
2000	82.3	82.3	82.3	82.6	82.5	82.3	81.8	81.3	81.4	80.8	80.5	79.9	82.3	82.5	81.5	80.4	81.7
2001	79.2	78.5	78.0	77.5	76.8	76.2	75.7	75.3	74.8	74.2	73.7	73.6	78.5	76.9	75.3	73.8	76.1
2002	73.8	73.8	74.3	74.5	74.7	75.4	75.1	75.2	75.3	75.1	75.5	75.2	74.0	74.9	75.2	75.3	74.8
2003	75.7	76.0	75.9	75.4	75.4	75.7	76.0	76.0	76.4	76.4	77.1	77.1	75.9	75.5	76.1	76.8	76.1
2004	77.2	77.8	77.3	77.8	78.2	77.7	78.1	78.3	78.2	78.7	78.9	79.4	77.5	77.9	78.2	79.0	78.1
2005	79.6	80.0	79.9	79.9	80.2	80.6	80.5	80.7	79.2	80.0	80.7	81.3	79.8	80.2	80.1	80.7	80.2
2006	81.1	81.1	81.4	81.9	81.7	82.3	82.4	82.4	82.0	81.7	81.3	81.6	81.2	82.0	82.3	81.5	81.7
2007	81.1	81.6	81.4	81.7	81.5	81.8	82.2	82.1	82.1				81.3	81.7	82.1		
1 Quarterly changes						-											L

Table 11 HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Total Industry Seasonally adjusted Seasonally adjusted

1. Quarterly changes are at annual rates. Annual changes are calculated from annual averages.

Seasonally adjusted Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
				r											<u> </u>		
IP (percent change) ²																	
1985	4	3	.8	3	.1	.2	6	.6	.1	2	.7	.4	.3	1.1	.3	2.5	1.9
1986	1.1	7	3	.4	.2	3	.5	.3	.2	.4	.5	.9	4.6	.0	2.5	5.0	2.3
1987	3	1.4	.1	.5	.8	.4	.7	.5	.6	1.6	.6	.6	6.0	7.0	7.2	11.4	5.7
1988	2	.1	.3	.8	1	.1	.1	.1	.4	.6	.3	.4	2.4	4.3	1.4	5.0	5.3
1989	.7	-1.0	1	.1	8	.1	-1.1	1.0	3	2	.2	.2	1.7	-3.2	-2.9	.6	.8
1990	2	1.4	.4	2	.1	.2	2	.3	.0	8	-1.1	7	4.5	2.6	.8	-6.5	.8
1991	8	7	6	.3	.7	1.1	.2	.3	1.1	2	2	1	-9.0	2.3	7.4	1.8	-1.9
1992	5	.8	.9	.5	.6	.3	.8	4	.1	.6	.4	1	.7	8.1	4.2	2.8	3.8
1993 1994	1.1	.1	2 1.3	.6 .8	1 .7	1	.3	1 .7	.6 .4	.8 1.0	.4	.6 1.2	4.6	1.6 9.2	1.7 6.0	7.2 10.1	3.7 6.1
1995 1996	.4 9	.0 1.5	.2 3	2 1.1	.0 .7	.4 1.1	6 .3	1.2 .6	.9 .7	1 .0	.1	.3 .9	6.4	.4 9.6	3.1 7.6	4.4	5.5
1996	9	1.5	5	3	.7	.6	.3	1.5	.7	.0	.9 1.2	.9	1.1 9.8	9.6 6.6	10.0	6.5 12.1	4.6
1998	.1	.0	2	.6	.5	6	4	2.6	3	.0	.2	.5	6.3	2.8	4.1	7.5	6.9
1999	.4	.8	1	.3	1.0	3	.5	.7	3	1.6	.8	.8	5.4	4.5	4.1	9.9	5.4
2000	.2	.3	.7	.7	.0	.2	1	6	.5	4	4	7	5.8	5.8	7	-3.2	4.8
2000	6	6	4	3	7	6	3	7	3	7	4	.2	-6.6	-5.7	-6.2	-5.0	-4.2
2002	.4	.1	.8	.1	.6	1.1	4	.4	.1	5	.4	4	3.1	5.8	3.1	8	.0
2003	.5	.0	.2	9	1	.6	.1	2	.7	1	1.0	1	1.7	-2.3	2.2	3.7	1.1
2004	.0	.7	1	.6	.6	7	.8	.6	3	.7	.0	.6	2.9	3.7	3.5	3.7	2.9
2005	.5	.6	2	.2	.6	.4	.1	.4	8	1.5	.9	.4	5.1	3.1	1.9	7.5	3.9
2006	.8	2	.4	1.0	2	.9	.4	.4	.0	8	2	1.1	5.5	5.5	4.4	-1.7	4.6
2007	6	1	.7	.4	.1	.6	.8	4	.1				.8	4.3	4.0		
IP (2002=100)																	
2005	106.4	107.0	106.7	106.9	107.6	108.0	108.1	108.4	107.5	109.2	110.1	110.6	106.7	107.5	108.0	110.0	108.0
2006	111.5	111.2	111.7	112.8	112.6	113.5	113.9	114.3	114.3	113.4	113.2	114.4	111.5	113.0	114.2	113.7	113.0
2007	113.7	113.6	114.4	114.8	114.9	115.7	116.6	116.1	116.2				113.9	115.1	116.3		
Capacity																	
(percent of																	
2002 output)	126.0	1260	1262	1265	126.6	126.0	127.1	127.2	127 6	127.0	120.0	120 6	126.0	126.6	127.4	120.0	127.1
2005 2006	136.0 138.9	136.2 139.2	136.3 139.5	136.5 139.9	136.6 140.2	136.9 140.5	137.1 140.8	137.3 141.1	137.6 141.3	137.9 141.6	138.2 141.9	138.6 142.2	136.2 139.2	136.6 140.2	137.4 141.1	138.2 141.9	137.1 140.6
2000	142.5	142.7	143.0	143.2	143.5	143.7	143.9	144.2	144.4	141.0	141.7	142.2	142.7	143.5	144.2	141.7	140.0
T 14*1* 4*																	
Utilization (percent)																	
1985	79.1	78.6	79.0	78.5	78.4	78.3	77.7	78.0	77.9	77.6	77.9	78.2	78.9	78.4	77.9	77.9	78.3
1986	78.9	78.3	78.0	78.2	78.3	77.9	78.2	78.3	78.4	78.5	78.8	79.3	78.4	78.1	78.3	78.9	78.4
1987	78.9	79.9	79.7	79.9	80.4	80.5	80.9	81.1	81.4	82.5	82.9	83.2	79.5	80.3	81.1	82.9	80.9
1988	83.0	83.0	83.2	83.9	83.7	83.8	83.8	83.9	84.1	84.5	84.7	84.9	83.1	83.8	83.9	84.7	83.9
1989	85.4	84.4	84.2	84.1	83.2	83.2	82.1	82.6	82.2	81.9	81.9	81.8	84.7	83.5	82.3	81.9	83.1
1990	81.5	82.5	82.6	82.2	82.2	82.2	81.9	81.9	81.8	81.0	79.9	79.2	82.2	82.2	81.8	80.0	81.6
1991	78.4	77.7	77.1	77.2	77.7	78.4	78.5	78.6	79.3	79.0	78.7	78.5	77.7	77.8	78.8	78.8	78.3
1992 1993	78.0 80.3	78.5 80.3	79.0 80.0	79.3 80.3	79.6 80.1	79.7 79.9	80.2 80.1	79.7 79.9	79.5 80.2	79.8 80.8	79.9 80.9	79.6 81.3	78.5 80.2	79.5 80.1	79.8 80.0	79.8 81.0	79.4 80.3
1993	81.3	81.2	82.1	80.3	82.7	82.7	82.8	83.1	83.1	83.6	83.9	84.6	81.5	82.6	83.0	84.0	80.3
1995	84.6	84.2	84.0	83.5	83.1	83.1	82.2	82.7	83.1	82.6	82.3	82.1	84.3	83.2	82.7	82.3	83.1
1996 1997	81.0 82.1	81.8 82.8	81.2 83.3	81.7 82.5	81.8 82.7	82.3 82.7	82.0 82.4	82.1 83.2	82.3	81.8 83.4	82.2 83.8	82.5 83.6	81.3 82.8	81.9 82.6	82.2 83.0	82.2	81.9 83.0
1997 1998	82.1	82.8 83.0	83.3	82.5	82.7	82.7	82.4 80.2	83.2 81.8	83.3 81.1	83.4 81.4	83.8	83.6	82.8	82.6 81.8	83.0 81.0	83.6 81.2	83.0 81.7
1999	81.0	81.2	80.8	80.7	81.1	80.5	80.5	80.7	80.0	80.9	81.1	81.4	81.0	80.7	80.4	81.1	80.8
2000	01.1	81.0	81.2	81.4	81.0	00.0	QO 4	70.6	70.7	70.0	70 4	77.6	81.1	81.1	70.0	70.2	00.1
2000 2001	81.1 76.9	76.2	81.2 75.7	81.4 75.3	81.0 74.6	80.8 73.9	80.4 73.5	79.6 72.9	79.7 72.5	79.0 71.9	78.4 71.6	77.6 71.7	76.3	74.6	79.9 73.0	78.3 71.7	80.1 73.9
2001	70.9	70.2	72.4	73.3	74.0	73.9	73.2	73.5	72.3	73.3	73.6	73.3	70.5	74.0	73.5	73.4	73.0
2002	73.7	73.8	74.1	73.5	73.5	74.0	74.1	74.0	74.6	74.5	75.3	75.2	73.9	73.6	74.2	75.0	74.2
2004	75.3	75.8	75.7	76.2	76.6	76.1	76.7	77.2	76.9	77.4	77.4	77.8	75.6	76.3	76.9	77.6	76.6
2005	78.2	78.6	78.3	78.4	78.7	78.9	78.8	79.0	78.1	79.2	79.7	79.8	78.4	78.7	78.6	79.6	78.8
2006	80.3	79.9	80.1	80.7	80.3	80.8	80.9	81.1	80.9	80.1	79.8	80.5	80.1	80.6	80.9	80.1	80.4
2007	79.8	79.6	80.0	80.2	80.1	80.5	81.0	80.5	80.4				79.8	80.3	80.6		
1 Refer to note on c																	

Table 12 HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Manufacturing¹ Seasonally adjusted

 1. Refer to note on cover page.

 2. Quarterly changes are at annual rates. Annual changes are calculated from annual averages.

easonally adjusted Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Q1	Q2	Q3	04	Annual
	Jan.	100.	iviai.	Арі.	Way	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	001.	1404.	Dtt.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annuar
P (percent																	
change) ²	2	5	2	1	1	0	5	4	5	4	2	1 1	0	1 1	2	26	1.0
1985 1986	3	.5 8	.2 7	1	.1	.0 2	5 .3	.4 2	.5 .2	4 .4	.3 .4	1.1 .8	.9 2.3	1.1 -2.7	2 .5	2.6 4.0	1.0 .9
1980	5	1.2	.2	.0	.6	2	.5	2	.2	1.4	.5	.4	4.4	6.4	6.1	4.0 9.0	4.3
1988	.0	.4	.2	.5	2	.2	.1	.5	4	.5	.2	.4	3.0	2.7	1.4	2.9	4.4
1989	.3	5	.3	1	7	.0	-1.1	.9	3	2	.3	.7	1.8	-2.0	-3.3	1.0	.6
1000	7	0	4	2	1	2	2	2	1	0	1.0	7	2.2	2.2	1.0	65	2
1990 1991	7	.9 8	.4	2 .2	.1	.2	2 .0	.3	.1	8 2	-1.2	7	2.2	2.3 2.2	1.0	-6.5	.3 -2.0
1991	5	8	6 .7	.2	.3	1	.0	6	.9	2	2 .3	5 .0	-8.1 -1.9	6.1	5.4 1.8	.4 2.9	-2.0
1993	.5	.3	1	.3	4	.2	.3	1	.2	.0	.3	.5	3.0	.4	1.6	5.1	2.5
1994	.4	.0	.9	.3	.4	.6	.1	.3	.0	.6	.4	.9	4.2	5.4	3.3	5.5	4.0
1995	.2	2	2	3	.0	.1	5	1.1	.1	5	.1	.2	3.0	-1.4	1.5	.4	2.4
1996 1997	-1.0	1.4	4 .5	.8 4	.4 .3	.7	5 .3	.4 1.0	.4	2 .7	.8 .7	.5	3 5.0	6.0 2.1	2.2 6.0	3.4 8.3	1.7
1997	1	.0 1	1	4	.5	9	8	2.0	6	.7	3	.2	1.7	1.0	2	2.2	3.1
1999	.2	.2	1	2	.6	5	.3	.4	5	1.2	.3	.6	.9	.3	1.2	5.5	1.2
2000	3	.0	.1	.4	0.	1	5	4	.4	6	2	5	.7	1.7	-2.9	-3.0	1.1
2001 2002	7 .7	5 .1	4 .8	1 .4	6 .4	4 .9	3 3	3 .1	5 .0	6 4	5 .3	1 6	-6.4 2.9	-4.1 6.1	-4.3 1.7	-5.3 -1.3	-4.1
2002	.7	.1	.8 3	8	1	.9	5	1	.0	4	.5	0	1.0	-4.0	1.7	-1.5	.1
2003	.1	.6	6	.7	.6	8	.7	.2	2	.7	.2	.6	1.0	2.6	1.6	4.0	1.9
2005	.2	.5	2	1	.3	.6	1	.2	-1.9	1.0	1.0	.8	3.8	1.5	5	3.0	2.5
2006 2007	1	.2 .8	.4	.7 .5	2 2	.8	.3 .5	.1	5 .0	3	5	.6	4.5	5.2 2.8	2.9 2.9	-2.7	2.8
2007	5	.8	2	.5	2	.4	.5	.0	.0				.6	2.8	2.9		
IP (2002=100)																	
2005	103.9	104.4	104.2	104.2	104.4	105.1	105.0	105.2	103.2	104.2	105.3	106.2	104.2	104.6	104.4	105.2	104.6
2006	106.1	106.3	106.8	107.6	107.4	108.3	108.6	108.7	108.2	107.9	107.4	108.0	106.4	107.7	108.5	107.8	107.5
2007	107.4	108.3	108.1	108.6	108.5	108.9	109.4	109.4	109.5				107.9	108.7	109.4		
Capacity																	
(percent of																	
2002 output)																	
2005	129.7	129.7	129.7	129.7	129.6	129.7	129.7	129.7	129.8	129.9	130.0	130.1	129.7	129.7	129.7	130.0	129.8
2006	130.2	130.4	130.5	130.7	130.8	131.0	131.2	131.3	131.5	131.6	131.8	131.9	130.4	130.8	131.3	131.8	131.1
2007	132.0	132.1	132.2	132.3	132.4	132.5	132.5	132.6	132.7				132.1	132.4	132.6		
Utilization																	
(percent)																	
1985	79.7	79.9	79.9	79.7	79.6	79.5	78.9	79.1	79.4	79.0	79.1	79.8	79.8	79.6	79.1	79.3	79.5
1986	80.2	79.4	78.8	78.8	78.8	78.6	78.8	78.5	78.6	78.8	79.1	79.6	79.5	78.7	78.6	79.2	79.0
1987	79.2	80.1	80.1	80.4	80.8	81.1	81.4	81.8	81.9	83.0	83.3	83.6	79.8	80.8	81.7	83.3	81.4
1988	83.6	83.9	84.0	84.4	84.2	84.3	84.4	84.8	84.4	84.8	84.9 83.0	85.2	83.8	84.3	84.5	85.0	84.4
1989	85.4	84.9	85.1	84.9	84.2	84.0	83.0	83.6	83.2	82.9	05.0	83.4	85.1	84.3	83.3	83.1	84.0
1990	82.7	83.3	83.5	83.2	83.2	83.3	83.0	83.1	83.1	82.4	81.2	80.5	83.2	83.2	83.1	81.4	82.7
1991	80.0	79.3	78.7	78.8	79.5	80.1	80.1	80.0	80.6	80.4	80.1	79.6	79.4	79.5	80.2	80.1	79.8
1992	79.0	79.4	79.9	80.4	80.5	80.3	80.9	80.3	80.4	80.8	81.0	80.9	79.4	80.4	80.5	80.9	80.3
1993	81.2	81.4	81.3	81.4	81.0	81.1	81.3	81.2	81.4	81.9	82.1	82.4	81.3	81.2	81.3	82.1	81.5
1994	82.6	82.5	83.1	83.2	83.5	83.8	83.8	83.9	83.8	84.2	84.4	85.0	82.7	83.5	83.8	84.5	83.6
995	85.0	84.7	84.4	84.0	83.8	83.8	83.2	83.9	83.9	83.3	83.2	83.2	84.7	83.9	83.6	83.2	83.9
1996	82.2	83.2	82.7	83.2	83.4	83.8	83.2	83.4	83.5	83.1	83.6	83.8	82.7	83.4	83.4	83.5	83.3
1997	83.4	83.9	84.1	83.5	83.4	83.3	83.3	83.8	84.1	84.4	84.7	84.5	83.8	83.4	83.7	84.5	83.9
	84.3	84.0	83.6	83.6	83.8	82.8	82.0	83.3	82.6	82.8	82.4	82.2	84.0	83.4	82.7	82.5	83.1
	82.2	82.1	81.8	81.5	81.8	81.3	81.4	81.5	81.0	81.8	81.9	82.2	82.1	81.6	81.3	81.9	81.7
		81.7	81.6	81.8	81.7	81.5	81.0	80.6	80.8	80.2	80.0	79.5	81.7	81.7	80.8	79.9	81.0
999	81.8	01.7		77.8	77.3	76.9	76.6	76.3	75.8	75.3	74.9	74.7	78.4	77.3	76.2	75.0	76.7
1999 2000	81.8 78.8	78.3	77.9			76.9	76.7	76.7	76.8	76.5	76.8	76.4	75.3	76.4	76.7	76.6	76.3
1999 2000 2001		78.3 75.2	75.7	75.9	76.2	/0.9			77.0	77 1	77 7	77 7					
2000 2001 2002 2003	78.8 75.2 76.9	75.2 77.1	75.7 77.0	76.4	76.4	76.6	76.8	76.8	77.2	77.1	77.7	77.7	77.0	76.4	76.9	77.5	
1999 2000 2001 2002 2003	78.8 75.2	75.2	75.7				76.8 78.6	76.8 78.8	78.6	79.2	79.4	79.9	77.9	76.4 78.4	76.9 78.7	77.5 79.5	
1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	78.8 75.2 76.9 77.7	75.2 77.1 78.2	75.7 77.0 77.7	76.4 78.2	76.4 78.7	76.6 78.1	78.6	78.8	78.6	79.2	79.4	79.9	77.9	78.4	78.7	79.5	77.0 78.6
1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005	78.8 75.2 76.9 77.7 80.1	75.2 77.1 78.2 80.5	75.7 77.0 77.7 80.4	76.4 78.2 80.3	76.4 78.7 80.6	76.6 78.1 81.1	78.6 80.9	78.8 81.1	78.6 79.5	79.2 80.2	79.4 81.0	79.9 81.6	77.9 80.3	78.4 80.6	78.7 80.5	79.5 80.9	78.6 80.6
2000 2001 2002 2003 2004	78.8 75.2 76.9 77.7	75.2 77.1 78.2	75.7 77.0 77.7	76.4 78.2	76.4 78.7	76.6 78.1	78.6	78.8	78.6	79.2	79.4	79.9	77.9	78.4	78.7	79.5	78.6

Table 13 HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Total Industry Excluding Selected High-Technology Industries' Seasonally adjusted

 I. Selected high-technology industries are computers, communications equipment, and semiconductors and related electronic components.

 2. Quarterly changes are at annual rates. Annual changes are calculated from annual averages.

Seasonally adjusted										-							
Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
IP (percent																	
$change)^3$																	
1985	5	3	.9	2	.1	.1	4	.6	.2	3	.6	.4	2	1.7	.7	2.5	1.4
1986	1.2	7	3	.4	.1	2	.2	.2	.2	.3	.4	.8	4.7	3	1.2	4.3	2.2
1987	5 2	1.4	.1	.4	.7	.3	.6	.3	.5	1.5	.5	.5	4.7	5.9	5.7	10.4	4.6
1988 1989	2	.2	.2	.8	2 9	.0	.0	.1	.3 3	.5 3	.3	.4	1.9 2.0	3.5 -3.6	.5 -4.0	4.6 4	4.4
1707	.0			10	.,		110	.,					2.0	2.0		••	
1990	3	1.4	.3	3	.1	.2	2	.3	1	8	-1.2	8	3.7	2.0	.3	-7.2	.0
1991	8	8	8	.4	.6	1.1	.3	.2	1.1	2	3	3	-9.8	1.5	7.1	1.0	-2.6
1992 1993	8 1.1	.8 .0	.9 3	.4 .5	.5 1	.1 2	.7 .3	5 2	.0 .5	.4 .7	.3 .3	2 .5	-1.2 3.8	6.9 .8	2.6 .6	1.5 5.7	2.6 2.6
1993	.1	.0	1.2	.6	1	2	.3	2	.1	.7	.5	.9	3.9	7.1	3.9	6.7	4.4
		.0	1.2	.0		.2				••	.0	./	5.5	/11	517	0.7	
1995	.2	3	1	4	2	.2	8	.9	.6	4	1	.1	3.0	-2.5	.3	.8	2.5
1996	-1.2	1.3	5	1.0	.4	.8	1	.4	.5	4	.8	.7	-1.7	6.8	4.1	3.2	1.5
1997 1998	2	1.0 1	.9 3	7 .4	.5 .4	.4	.1 9	1.3 2.4	.7 7	.6 .7	.9 1	.2	6.0 3.0	2.6 .0	6.6 6	8.8 4.0	4.9 3.5
1999	.0	.5	5	1	.8	7	.0	.6	5	1.4	.4	.4	.9	.2	.4	6.9	1.4
2000	3	1	.3	.3	4	.0	4	8	.4	6	6	9	.5	.9	-3.5	-5.0	.8
2001 2002	6 .5	5 .0	4 .8	1 .1	6 .6	5 1.0	1 5	7 .3	4 .0	7 6	3 .3	.1 6	-7.5 3.4	-4.1 5.4	-4.7 2.4	-5.2 -2.0	-4.9 .1
2002		2	.2	-1.0	1	.5	.0	3	.0	2	1.0	3	.1	-3.1	1.2	3.0	.0
2004	2	.6	2	.7	.6	7	.8	.6	4	.7	.0	.5	1.3	3.9	3.3	3.4	2.2
2005	.4	.5	3	.0	.5	.3	1	.2	-1.1	1.4	.8	.4	4.1	1.6	.4	5.5	3.0
2005	.4	3	3	.0	4	.5	1	.2	-1.1	9	2	1.1	4.1	3.8	3.0	-3.3	3.0
2007	7	1	.7	.3	.0	.5	.6	5	.0	./	.2		.3	3.6	2.5	0.0	0.2
TR (2002, 100)																	
IP (2002=100) 2005	104.3	104.8	104.5	104.5	105.0	105.3	105.3	105.5	104.3	105.8	106.6	107.0	104.5	104.9	105.0	106.5	105.2
2005	104.3	104.8	104.5	104.5	105.0	105.5	105.5	105.5	104.3	105.8	108.2	107.0	104.5	104.9	105.0	100.5	103.2
2007	108.5	108.4	109.2	109.5	109.5	110.0	110.7	110.2	110.2				108.7	109.7	110.4		
Capacity (percent of 2002 output)																	
2005	132.6	132.6	132.7	132.7	132.8	132.8	132.9	133.0	133.1	133.3	133.4	133.6	132.6	132.8	133.0	133.4	133.0
2006 2007	133.7 135.5	133.9 135.6	134.0 135.7	134.2 135.8	134.3 135.9	134.5 136.0	134.7 136.1	134.8 136.2	135.0 136.3	135.1	135.2	135.4	133.9 135.6	134.3 135.9	134.8 136.2	135.2	134.6
2007	155.5	155.0	155.7	155.0	155.7	150.0	150.1	150.2	150.5				155.0	155.7	150.2		
Utilization																	
(percent)	79.6	70.2	70.0	70 5	70 /	70.2	77.0	70 0	79.2	77.0	70.2	70 5	796	70 /	70.1	79.2	70.2
1985 1986	78.6 79.4	78.3 78.8	78.8 78.4	78.5 78.7	78.4 78.7	78.3 78.4	77.9 78.5	78.2 78.6	78.2 78.7	77.9 78.8	78.3 79.0	78.5 79.6	78.6 78.9	78.4 78.6	78.1 78.6	78.2 79.1	78.3 78.8
1987	79.1	80.1	80.0	80.2	80.7	80.8	81.2	81.4	81.7	82.9	83.3	83.6	79.7	80.6	81.4	83.2	81.2
1988	83.4	83.5	83.7	84.3	84.1	84.2	84.1	84.2	84.4	84.8	85.0	85.3	83.5	84.2	84.2	85.0	84.3
1989	85.9	84.9	84.7	84.6	83.7	83.7	82.4	83.0	82.7	82.2	82.2	82.2	85.2	84.0	82.7	82.2	83.5
1990	81.8	82.8	82.9	82.6	82.5	82.5	82.2	82.3	82.1	81.3	80.2	79.5	82.5	82.5	82.2	80.3	81.9
1991	78.7	77.9	77.2	77.4	77.8	78.6	78.7	78.7	79.5	79.3	78.9	78.6	78.0	77.9	79.0	78.9	78.4
1992	77.9	78.4	79.0	79.3	79.6	79.7	80.2	79.7	79.6	79.8	80.0	79.7	78.4	79.5	79.8	79.8	79.4
1993 1994	80.4 81.2	80.4 81.2	80.1 82.0	80.4 82.4	80.2 82.7	80.0 82.7	80.1 82.8	79.9 83.1	80.2 83.1	80.7 83.5	80.9 83.8	81.2 84.5	80.3 81.5	80.2 82.6	80.1 83.0	81.0 83.9	80.4 82.8
1774	01.2	01.2	02.0	02.4	02.7	02.7	02.0	03.1	03.1	03.5	03.0	04.3	01.5	02.0	65.0	03.9	02.0
1995	84.4	84.0	83.7	83.2	82.9	82.9	82.0	82.6	82.9	82.3	82.0	81.9	84.0	83.0	82.5	82.1	82.9
1996	80.8	81.7	81.1	81.7	81.9	82.4	82.2	82.3	82.4	81.9	82.3	82.6	81.2	82.0	82.3	82.3	81.9
1997 1998	82.2 83.5	82.8 83.1	83.2 82.5	82.3 82.6	82.4 82.6	82.4 81.4	82.1 80.5	82.9 82.1	83.1 81.3	83.2 81.6	83.6 81.3	83.5 81.2	82.7 83.1	82.4 82.2	82.7 81.3	83.4 81.4	82.8 82.0
1998	83.5 81.0	83.1	82.5 80.6	82.0 80.3	82.6 80.7	81.4 80.0	80.5 79.8	82.1 80.2	81.5 79.5	81.6	81.5	81.2 80.8	80.9	82.2 80.3	81.5 79.8	81.4 80.7	82.0 80.4
			2010	2010		- 010				2010	2017	2010	2012	2010		2017	
2000	80.4	80.2	80.3	80.4	79.9	79.8	79.3	78.6	78.8	78.2	77.7	76.9	80.3	80.0	78.9	77.6	79.2
2001 2002	76.3 73.3	75.8 73.3	75.5 73.9	75.4 73.9	74.9 74.4	74.5 75.2	74.4 74.8	73.8 75.1	73.5 75.2	73.0 74.8	72.8 75.0	72.9 74.6	75.9 73.5	74.9 74.5	73.9 75.0	72.9 74.8	74.4 74.5
2002	75.0	73.3	75.1	73.9	74.4	74.9	74.8	73.1	75.2	74.8	75.0	74.6	75.0	74.5	75.0	74.8	74.5
2004	75.7	76.2	76.0	76.6	77.1	76.5	77.2	77.6	77.3	77.9	77.9	78.3	76.0	76.7	77.4	78.1	77.0
2005	7 0 -	5 0 0	5 0 0	F O -	-	-		-		5 0 i	5 0 -	<u> </u>		5 0 0	5 0 0	5 0 0	-
2005 2006	78.7 80.7	79.0 80.3	78.8 80.5	78.7 81.0	79.1 80.6	79.3 81.2	79.2 81.3	79.3 81.4	78.4 81.1	79.4 80.3	79.9 80.0	80.1 80.7	78.8 80.5	79.0 80.9	79.0 81.3	79.8 80.3	79.2
2006	80.7	80.3	80.5 80.4	81.0	80.6 80.6	81.2	81.3	81.4 80.9	81.1	00.5	00.0	00.7	80.5	80.9 80.7	81.5 81.0	00.5	80.8
2007	00.1	00.0	00.1	00.0	00.0	00.7	01.0	00.7	00.0				00.2	00.7	01.0		

Table 14 HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Manufacturing' Excluding Selected High-Technology Industries² Seasonally adjusted

I
 Refer to note on cover page.
 Selected high-technology industries are computers, communications equipment, and semiconductors and related electronic components.
 Quarterly changes are at annual rates. Annual changes are calculated from annual averages.

EXPLANATORY NOTE

The Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization statistical release, which is published around the middle of the month, reports measures of output, capacity, and capacity utilization in manufacturing, mining, and the electric and gas utilities industries. More detailed descriptions of industrial production and capacity utilization are available at www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17 at the Board's World Wide Web site. In addition, files containing data shown in the release, more detailed series that were published in the G.17 prior to December 2000, and historical data are available at the Board's Web site. Instructions for searching for and downloading specific series are provided as well. For paid access to the data files through the Department of Commerce's Economic Bulletin Board or World Wide Web site, please call STAT-USA at 1-800-STAT-USA or 202-452-1986. Diskettes containing historical data and the data published in this release also are available from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Publications Services, 202-452-3245.

INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Coverage. The industrial production (IP) index measures the real output of the manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities industries; the reference period for the index is 2002. Manufacturing consists of those industries included in the North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, definition of manufacturing plus those industries-logging and newspaper, periodical, book and directory publishing-that have traditionally been considered to be manufacturing and included in the industrial sector. For the period since 1997, the total IP index has been constructed from 300 individual series based on the 2002 North American Industrial Classification System (NAICS) codes. These individual series are classified in two ways: (1) market groups, and (2) industry groups. Market groups consist of products and materials. Total products are the aggregate of final products, such as consumer goods and equipment, and nonindustrial supplies (which are inputs to nonindustrial sectors). Materials are inputs in the manufacture of products. Major industry groups include three-digit NAICS industries and aggregates of these industries-for example, durable and nondurable manufacturing, mining, and utilities. A complete description of the market and industry structures, including details regarding series classification, relative importance weights, and data sources, is available on the Board's web site

(www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/About.html). Changes in output for the market and industry groups are summarized in table 1 and the levels of output (in index form) are shown in table 4. Special aggregates, that highlight the relative importance and contributions of several key industries, such as high-technology and motor vehicles, are summarized in tables 2 and 5. For a detailed description of the contents of the statistical tables, see below.

Source data. On a monthly basis, the individual indexes of industrial production are constructed from two main types of source data: (1) output measured in physical units and (2) data on inputs to the production process, from which output is inferred. Data on physical products, such as tons of steel or barrels of oil, are obtained from private trade associations and from government agencies; data of this type are used to estimate monthly IP wherever possible and appropriate. Production indexes for a few industries are derived by dividing estimated nominal output (calculated using unit production or sales and unit values) by a corresponding Fisher price index; the most notable of these fall within the high-technology grouping and include computers, communications equipment, and semiconductors. When suitable data on physical product are not available, estimates of output are based on production-worker hours by industry. Data on hours worked by production workers are collected in the monthly establishment survey conducted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The factors used to convert inputs into estimates of production are based on historical relationships between the inputs and the comprehensive annual data used to benchmark the IP indexes; these factors also may be influenced by technological or cyclical developments. The annual data used in benchmarking the individual IP indexes are constructed from a variety of source data, such as the quinquennial Censuses of Manufactures and Mineral Industries and the Annual Survey of Manufactures, prepared by the Bureau of the Census; the Minerals Yearbook, prepared by the United States Geological Survey of the Department of the Interior; and publications of the Department of Energy.

Aggregation Methodology and Weights. The aggregation method for the IP index is a version of the Fisher-ideal index formula. (For a detailed discussion of the aggregation method, see *Federal Reserve Bulletin* February 1997 and March 2001.) In the IP index, series that measure the output of an individual industry are combined using weights derived from their proportion in the total value-added output of all industries. The IP index, which extends back to 1919, is built as a chain-type index since 1972. The current formula for the growth in monthly IP (or any of the sub-aggregates) since 1972 is the geometric mean of the change in output (*I*), and, as can be seen below, is computed using the unit value added estimate for the current month (p_m) and the estimate for previous month:

$$\frac{I_m^A}{I_{m-1}^A} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum I_m p_{m-1}}{\sum I_{m-1} p_{m-1}}} \times \frac{\sum I_m p_m}{\sum I_{m-1} p_m}$$

The IP proportions (typically shown in the first column of the relevant tables in the G.17 release) are estimates of the industries' relative contributions to overall growth in the following year. For example, the relative importance weight of the motor vehicles and parts industry is about 8 percent. If output in this industry increased 10 percent in a month, then this gain would boost growth in total IP by 8/10 percentage point (0.08 x 10% = 0.8%). To assist users with calculations, the Federal Reserve's web site provides supplemental monthly statistics that represent the exact proportionate contribution of a monthly change in a component index to the monthly change in the total index (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/ipdisk/ipweights.sa).

Timing. The first estimate of output for a month is published around the 15th of the following month. The estimate is preliminary (denoted by the superscript "p" in tables) and subject to revision in each of the subsequent three months as new source data become available. (Revised estimates are denoted by the superscript "r" in tables.) For the first estimate of output for a given month, about 70 percent of the source data (in value-added terms) are available; the fraction of available source data increases to about 84 percent for estimates in the second month that the estimate is published, 96 percent in the third month, and 97 percent in the fourth month. Data availability by data type is summarized in the table below:

Availability of Monthly IP Data in Publication Window (Percent of value added in 2005)

	Month of estimate									
Type of data	1st	2nd	3rd	4th						
Physical product	27	42	54	54						
Production-worker hours	43	43	43	43						
IP data received	70	84	96	97						
IP data estimated	30	16	4	3						

The physical product group includes series based on either monthly or quarterly data. As can be seen in the first line of the table, in the first month, a physical product indicator is available for about half of the series (in terms of value added) that ultimately are based on physical product data (25 percent out of total of 52 percent). Of the 25 percent, about two-thirds (17 percent of total IP) include series that are derived from weekly physical product data and for which actual monthly data may lag up to several months. On average, quarterly product data are received for the third estimate of industrial production. Specifically, quarterly data are available for the second estimate of the last month of a quarter, the third estimate of the second month of a quarter, and the fourth estimate of the first month of a quarter. About 3 percent of the source data for monthly IP—all physical product measures—are available too late for direct inclusion in the current index and are incorporated at the time of an annual historical revision.

Seasonal adjustment. Individual series are seasonally adjusted using Census X-12 ARIMA. For series based on production-worker hours, the current seasonal factors were estimated with data through

September 2006; for other series, the factors were estimated with data through at least June 2006. Series are pre-adjusted for the effects of holidays or the business cycle when appropriate. For the data since 1972, all seasonally adjusted aggregate indexes are calculated by aggregating the seasonally adjusted indexes of the individual series.

Reliability. The average revision to the *level* of the total IP index, without regard to sign, between the first and the fourth estimates was 0.27 percent during the 1987–2005 period. The average revision to the *percent change* in total IP, without regard to sign, from the first to the fourth estimates was 0.21 percentage point during the 1987–2005 period. In most cases (about 86 percent), the direction of change in output indicated by the first estimate for a given month is the same as that shown by the fourth estimate.

Rounding. The published percent changes are calculated from unrounded indexes, and may not be the same as percent changes calculated from the rounded indexes shown in the release.

CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Overview. The Federal Reserve Board constructs estimates of capacity and capacity utilization for industries in manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities. For a given industry, the capacity utilization rate is equal to an output index (seasonally adjusted) divided by a capacity index. The Federal Reserve Board's capacity indexes attempt to capture the concept of *sustainable maximum output*—the greatest level of output a plant can maintain within the framework of a realistic work schedule, after factoring in normal downtime and assuming sufficient availability of inputs to operate the capital in place.

Coverage. Capacity indexes are constructed for 87 detailed industries (69 in manufacturing, 16 in mining, and 2 in utilities), which mostly correspond to industries at the three- and four-digit NAICS level. Estimates of capacity and utilization are available for a variety of groups, including durable and nondurable manufacturing, total manufacturing, mining, utilities, and total industry. Manufacturing consists of those industries included in the North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, definition of manufacturing *plus* those industries—logging and newspaper, periodical, book and directory publishing—that have traditionally been considered to be manufacturing and included in the industrial sector. Also, special aggregates are available, such as high-tech industries and manufacturing excluding high-tech industries.

Source Data. The monthly rates of capacity utilization are designed to be consistent with both the monthly data on production and the periodically available data on capacity and utilization. Because there is no direct monthly information on overall industrial capacity or utilization rates, the Federal Reserve first estimates annual capacity indexes from the source data. Capacity data reported in physical units from government sources (primarily from the U.S. Geological Survey and the Department of Energy's Energy Information Administration) and trade sources are available for portions of several industries in manufacturing (e.g., paper, industrial chemicals, petroleum refining, motor vehicles), as well as for electric utilities and mining; these industries represent about 24 percent of total industrial capacity. When physical product data are unavailable for manufacturing industries, capacity indexes are based on responses to the Bureau of the Census's Survey of Plant Capacity (SPC); these industries account for a bit less than 72 percent of total industry capacity. In the absence of utilization data for a few mining and petroleum series, capacity is based on trends through peaks in production (roughly 4 percent of total industry capacity). A detailed description of the methodology used to construct the capacity indexes is available on the Board's web site (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/cap_notes.html).

Aggregation Methodology. Monthly capacity aggregates are calculated in three steps: (1) utilization aggregates are calculated on an annual basis through the most recent full year as capacity-weighted aggregates of individual utilization rates; (2) the annual aggregate capacity is derived from the corresponding production and utilization aggregates; (3) the monthly capacity aggregate is obtained by interpolating with a Fisher index of its constituent monthly capacity series. Utilization rates for the individual series and aggregates are calculated by dividing the pertinent monthly production index by the

related capacity index.

Consistency. A major aim is that the Federal Reserve utilization rates be consistent over time so that, for example, a rate of 85 percent means about the same degree of tightness that it meant in the past. A major task for the Federal Reserve in developing reasonable and consistent time series of capacity and utilization is dealing with inconsistencies between the movements of the industrial production index and the survey-based utilization rates. The McGraw-Hill/DRI Survey, now discontinued, was the primary source of manufacturing utilization rates for many years. This was a survey of large companies that reported, on average, higher utilization rates than those reported by establishments covered by the SPC (currently the primary source of factory operating rates) for the fourteen years they overlapped. Adjustments have been made to keep the industry utilization rates currently reported by the Federal Reserve roughly in line with rates formerly reported by McGraw-Hill. As a consequence, the rates reported by the Federal Reserve tend to be higher than the rates reported in the SPC.

Perspective. Over the 1972–2005 period, the average total industry utilization rate is 81.0 percent; for manufacturing, the average factory operating rate has been 79.8 percent. Industrial plants usually operate at capacity utilization rates that are well below 100 percent: none of the broad aggregates has ever reached 100 percent. For total industry and total manufacturing, utilization rates have exceeded 90 percent only in wartime. The highs and lows in capacity utilization shown in table 7 are specific to each series and do not all occur in the same month.

REFERENCES AND RELEASE DATES

References. The annual revision published in November 2005 is described in an article published in the *Federal Reserve Bulletin*, vol. 92, pp. A39–A58. A description of the aggregation methods for industrial production and capacity utilization is included in an article in the *Federal Reserve Bulletin*, vol. 83 (February 1997), pp. 67-92. The Federal Reserve methodology for constructing industry-level measures of capital is detailed in "Capital Stock Estimates for Manufacturing Industries: Methods and Data" by Mike Mohr and Charles Gilbert (1996), which can be obtained at: **www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/capital_stock_doc-latest.pdf.**

Industrial Production—1986 Edition contains a more detailed description of the other methods used to compile the industrial production index, plus a history of its development, a glossary of terms, and a bibliography. The major revisions to the IP indexes and capacity utilization since 1990 have been described in the Federal Reserve Bulletin (April 1990, June 1990, June 1993, March 1994, January 1995, January 1996, February 1997, February 1998, January 1999, March 2000, March 2001, March 2002, April 2003, Winter 2004, Winter 2005).

Release Schedule

At 9:15 a.m. on

2007: January 17, February 15, March 16, April 17, May 16, June 15, July 17, August 15, September 14, October 16, November 16, and December 14.

2008: January 16, February 15, March 17, April 16, May 15, June 17, July 16, August 15, September 15, October 16, November 17, and December 15.