Subject:	R-1723 Community Reinvestment Act
Proposal:	1723 (AF94) Reg BB - Community Reinvestment Act
From:	S J AdamsConsulting, Stella J. Adams
Comment ID:	137889
Description:	
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Comments:

NONCONFIDENTIAL // EXTERNAL To Whom it May Concern:

My name is Stella J. Adams, Owner and CEO of S J AdamsConsulting, a Black Woman-Owned BusinessEnterprise surviving since 2007.

I strongly encourage The Federal Reserve Board (Fed) tostrengthen CRA exams in order to promote recovery from the disparate effects of the COVID-19 pandemic on BIPOC (Black, Indigenous and People of Color) communities. The Fed has described approachesin its Advance Notice of Proposed Rulemaking (ANPR) on CRA that will make CRAexams more objective but I caution the Fed not to mistake objectivity withcolorblindness. Given our country's long history of social and economic inequities experienced byBIPOC communities it is critically important for the Fed to take thisopportunity to affirmatively take steps to dismantle structural racism byexplicitly including race in its examination of CRA performance. Atlanta Fed president Raphael Bostic has pointedout that evidence exists that policies designed with race explicitly in mind canmake a significant impact.

NCRC recently released a report finding a strongrelationship between redlining and susceptibility to COVID. Redlined neighborhoodshave the highest levels of health conditions such as asthma, diabetes andkidney disease, which make residents more susceptible to COVID-19. Lifeexpectancy is almost four years lower in the redlined communities.

Since the start of the pandemic, about 41% of AfricanAmerican businesses have been closed compared to just 17% of White-owned smallbusinesses. Discrimination in lending contributes to these differences insurvival rates. A NCRC investigation found that African Americansapplying for Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loans for their small businessesduring the pandemic were likely to receive less information than Whites.

CRA must be strengthened in order to combat discrimination. The Fed must improve its use of data, to identify, assessand encourage financial institutions address racial inequities. The Fed mustmake available to the public enhanced disaggregated data to help BIPOC and LMIcommunities to help identify community access to lending, services and investments that help address community needs. The Fed asks whether underserved areas should be designated based on high levels of poverty or low levels of retail lending. NCRC advocated an approach based on low levels of lending which would effectively targetred ined neighborhoods and communities of color.

S J Adams Consulting believes that the CRA statute allowsfor the explicit inclusion of race since the law emphasizes banks meetingcredit needs in all communities. CRA exams must include performancemeasures assessing lending, investing, branching and services to people of color and communities of color. The Fed must also provide CRA consideration forlending and investing in majority minority census tracts outside of assessmentareas just as the Fed is considering for Indian reservations and otherunderserved areas.

In the interest of reaching underserved areas, we strongly support the Fed's proposals to improve data collection including community development financing data, which would better enable stakeholders to determine communities most in need.

S J Adams Consulting supports the Fed's proposals to expandassessment areas, which are geographical areas on CRA exams. In addition toareas around branches, assessment areas must also include areas outside ofbranches with significant amounts of bank lending or deposit taking.

Finally, S J Adams Consulting applauds the Fed proposal toeliminate distinctions in the rigor of examination among assessment areas thathave resulted in banks neglecting smaller cities, rural counties and NativeAmerican reservations.

Thank you for your consideration of these comments