## Prefatory Note

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[^0]
## MONETARY AGGREGATES AND MONEY MARKET CONDITIONS

## Recent developments

(1) Growth in $\mathrm{M}-1$ picked up to about a $7 \frac{3}{4}$ per cent annual rate in August and appears to be accelerating further in September. For August and September, $\mathrm{M}-1$ is projected to expand at about a 9 per cent annual rate, one percentage point above the upper end of the FOMC's short-run range. $\mathrm{M}-2$ is projected to increase at about an $11 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent annual rate over August and September, more than one percentage point above the upper end of the Committee's range. $1 /$. $\mathrm{M}-2$ growth has been bolstered by a continued sharp rise in the large denomination time deposits included in this measure. Savings deposits at banks alsa increased markedly in August following two months of decline.

Growth in Monetary Aggregates over August-September Period

Ranges
M-1
M-2
Memo: Federal funds rate (per cent per annum)

4 to 8
6 to 10
7.75 to 8.50

Latest Estimates

$$
9.0
$$

11.3

Avg. for statement
week ending

| Aug. | 7.87 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 8.14 |
|  | 8.28 |
| Sept. 6 | 8.30 |
| 13 | 8.33 |

[^1]Growth in total deposits at thrift institutions was sustained in August and early September at about July's rapid pace, although survey results-available for S\&L's-indicate that sales of the 6 -month certificate in August dropped to roughly half the rate of June and July.
(2) Following the August FOMC meeting, incoming data suggested that growth in the key aggregates over August and September would likely be around the upper ends of the ranges specified by the Committee. Accordingly, by late August the Account Management had raised the funds rate objective to the $8 \frac{1}{4}$ per cent area, the upper end of the range specified by the FOMC at its August meeting. On September 8 , with M-1 and M-2 both projected to grow at rates significantly above the upper ends of their respective ranges, the FOMC, in a telephone meeting, voted to raise the higher end of the funds rate range to $8 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent and instructed the Desk to aim promptly for a Federal funds rate of 8-3/8 per cent. On August 18, for international as well as domestic reasons, the discount rate was raised $1 / 2$ of a percentage point to $7-3 / 4$ per cent, However, until the most recent week, member bank borrowing remained relatively large, reflecting the further rise in the Federal funds and other money market rates. On September 15, major banks initiated an increase in the prime rate from $9-1 / 4$ to $9-1 / 2$ per cent.
(3) Yields on short-dated market instruments generally have advanced around $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ percentage point since the August FOMC meeting. Bond market yields, on the other hand, have continued to move down somewhat, apparently in part because participants still hold the view that, with economic activity slowing, interest rates are near their peak levels for the current expansion period.
(4) As can be seen in the table below, since reaching their highest levels of the current expansion in the week before the July FOMC meeting, long-term corporate yields have declined about $\frac{1}{2}$ percentage point. This decline reflects not only the shift in interest rate expectations that occurred in July, but also the relatively light corporate financing calendar. Declines in yields on municipal bonds have been more moderate, as a heavy volume of refunding activity pushed the total volume of offerings in this sector to a record level in August. While the proceeds from these refundings were channeled into nonmarketable Treasury debt, the Treasury also has sold a substantial velume of marketable debt in the period. In contrast to bond yields, short-term interest rates have advanced on balance since midJuly along with the rise in the Federal funds rate; upward pressures on bill rates were reinforced by foreign central banks sales of about $\$ 1.7$ billion of these instruments since the August FOMC meeting.

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Interest Rates on Selected Dates
                        (in per cent)
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|  | Week Ending July 12 | Current | Change We Of July 12 to Curren |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{\text { Short-term }}{\text { Federal Funds Rate }}$ | 7.72 / | $8.33^{2 /}$ | $+.61$ |
| Treasury Bill, 3-month | 7.15 | 7.77 | $+.62$ |
| Commercial Paper, 90-119 day | 7.84 | 8.43 | $+.59$ |
| New Issue CD's, 90-day (Highest Long-term quoted) | 8.04 | 8.50 | +. 46 |
| U.S. Treasury, 20-year | 8.72 | 8.37 p | -. 35 |
| Corporate AAA, Recently offered | 9.22 | 8.72 p | -. 50 |
| Municipal, Bond Buyer | 6.32 | 6.02 | -. 30 |

[^2](5) Real estate and consumer loans at banks are estimated to have posted further large gains in August. Growth in business loans also picked up but remained well below rates established in the first half of the year. In addition to funds obtained from growth in M-2 type deposits, banks financed the expansion in their loan portfolios by increasing their nondeposit liabilities and reducing their security holdings. Given improved deposits flows, outstanding mortgage commitments at S\&J's did not fall further, following a number of months of decline, and their mortgage lending probably picked up in August. Yields on new conventional mortgages have edged a bit lower in recent weeks.
(6) The table on the next page shows percentage anmal rates of change in related monetary and financial flows over various time periods.

|  |  | Past Twelve Months | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Past } \\ & \text { Six } \end{aligned}$ <br> Months | Past <br> Three <br> Months | Past <br> Months |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} 1976 \& \\ 1977 \\ \text { Average } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Aug. ${ }^{178}$ over Aug. ${ }^{1} 77$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. } 178 \\ \text { over } \\ \text { Feb. } 78 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aug. ' } 78 \\ & \text { over } \\ & \text { May ' } 78 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aug. '7 } \\ \text { over } \\ \text { July ' } 7 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Nonborrowed reserves | 2.5 | 6.8 | 1.4 | 8.1 | 3.0 |
| Total reserves | 3.2 | 6.8 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 8.5 |
| Monetary Base | 7.7 | 9.0 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 4.4 |
| Concepts of Money |  |  |  |  |  |
| M-1 (Currency plus demand deposits ) 1/ | 6.9 | 8.0 | 8.8 | 7.1 | 8.8 |
| M-2 (M-1 plus time deposits at commercial banks other than large CD's) | 10.4 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 8.8 | 10.4 |
| M-3 (M-2 plus deposits at thrift institutions) | 12.3 | 9.3 | 8.9 | 9.9 | 11.7 |
| M-4 (M-2 plus CD's) | 8.6 | 10.3 | 9.2 | 7.6 | 8.0 |
| M-5 (M-3 plus CD's) | 11.1 | 10.5 | 9.3 | 9.1 | 10.1 |
| Bank Credit |  |  |  |  |  |

Loans and investments of all commercial banks 2/

| Month-end basis | 9.8 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 9.4 | 5.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Monthly average | 9.5 | 10.9 | 10.4 | 9.8 | 7.3 |

Short-term Market Paper
(Monthly average change in billions)

Large CD's
$-0.4 \quad 1.9$
1.2
$-0.3$
-1.1
Nonbank comercial paper
0.2
0.2
0.5
0.5
$-0.1$
1/ Other than interbank and U.S. Government.
2/ Includes loans sold to affiliates and branches.
NOTE: A11 items are based on averages of daily figures, except for data on total loa and investments of commercial banks, commercial paper, and thrift institutions-which are derived from either end-of-month or Wednesday statement date figures. Growth rat for reserve measures in this and subsequent tables are adjusted to remove the effect discontinuities from breaks in the series when reserve requirements are changed.

## Prospective developments

(7) The table below presents for Committee consideration two alternative specifications for the Federal funds rate and the monetary aggregates for the September-October period. (More detailed and longer-term data are contained in the tables on pp. 7 and 8).

$$
\text { Alt. A } \quad \underline{A l t . B}
$$

Ranges for Sept.-Oct.

| M-1 | $6 \frac{1}{2}$ to $10 \frac{1}{2}$ | 6 to 10 |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| M-2 | 8 to 12 | $7 \frac{1}{2}$ to $11 \frac{1}{2}$ |
| funds rate <br> eeting period) | 8 to $8 \frac{3}{4}$ | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ to 9 |

(8) Alternative A contemplates a Federal funds rate between now and the next meeting centered on the prevailing $8-3 / 8$ per cent level. Growth in M-1 over the September-October period is expected to be in a $6 \frac{1}{2}$ to $10 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent annual rate range, largely in reflection of the stronger growth of this aggregate that appears in train for September. If $M-1$ expands at the mid-point of the expected range, its October level will be above that implied by the upper end of the FOMC's current longer-run range, as indicated in the upper panel of Chart 1 on the following page.
(9) For the third quarter, the annual rate of $M-1$ growth is expected to be around $7-1 / 4$ per cent. This represents a considerable slowing from the rate of the second quarter, and reflects the deceleration of economic activity from the extraordinary spring pace and the lagged response to rising short-term interest rates.

CHART 1
Recently Established M-1 Growth Ranges and Actual M-1


Alternative Levels and Growth Rates for Key Monetary Aggregates

|  |  | M-1 |  | M-2 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A1t. A | Alt. B | A1t. A | Alt. B |
| 1978 | August | 356.8 | 356.8 | 853.5 | 853.5 |
|  | September | 360.0 | 359.9 | 861.9 | 861.6 |
|  | October | 361.9 | 361.6 | 867.7 | 867.0 |
| 1978 | QII | 350.6 | 350.6 | 835.4 | 835.4 |
|  | QIII | 357.0 | 357.0 | 853.9 | 853.8 |
|  | QIV | 363.5 | 363.2 | 872.9 | 872.2 |
| 1979 | QI | 368.0 | 367.7 | 888.6 | 887.8 |
|  | QII | 372.5 | 372.5 | 904.4 | 904.0 |
| Growt | Rates |  |  |  |  |
| Month | 1y: |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 | September | 10.8 | 10.4 | 11.8 | 11.4 |
|  | October | 6.3 | 5.7 | 8.1 | 7.5 |
| Quart | er1y Averag |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 | QIII | 7.3 | 7.3 | 8.9 | 8.8 |
|  | QIV | 7.3 | 6.9 | 8.9 | 8.6 |
| 1979 | QI | 5.0 | 5.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 |
|  | QI I | 4.9 | 5.2 | 7.1 | 7.3 |
| Semi | Annual: |  |  |  |  |
| QII | 78-QIV '78 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 9.0 | 8.8 |
| QIV | 78-QII '79 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 7.2 | 7.3 |
| Annue |  |  |  |  |  |
| QII ${ }^{1}$ | 78-QII '79 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 8.3 | 8.2 |

Alternative Levels and Growth Rates for Key Monetary Aggregates (cont'd)

|  |  | M-3 |  | Bank Credit |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | A1t. A | A1t. B | Alt. A | A1t. B |
| 1978 | August | 1454.9 | 1454.9 | 939.1 | 939.1 |
|  | September | 1470.5 | 1470.2 | 949.0 | 949.0 |
|  | October | 1483.1 | 1482.3 | 958.3 | 957.9 |
| 1978 | QII | 1420.4 | 1420.4 | 916.5 | 916.5 |
|  | QIII | 1455.4 | 1455.3 | 940.5 | 940.5 |
|  | QIV | 1494.1 | 1493.2 | 968.5 | 967.5 |
| 1979 | QI | 1525.0 | 1523.9 | 996.0 | 993.5 |
|  | QII | 1554.9 | 1554.0 | 1023.6 | 1020.1 |
| Growth Rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monthly |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 | September | 12.9 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 12.7 |
|  | October | 10.3 | 9.9 | 11.8 | 11.3 |
| Quarter 1 y Average: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 | QIII | 9.9 | 9.8 | 10.5 | 10.5 |
|  | QIV | 10.6 | 10.4 | 11.9 | 11.5 |
| 1979 |  | 8.3 | 8.2 | 11.4 | 10.7 |
|  | QII | 7.8 | 7.9 | 11.1 | 10.7 |
| Semi-Annual: |  |  |  |  |  |
| QII ' | 78-QIV '78 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 11.3 | 11.1 |
| QIV ' | 78-QII '79 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 11.4 | 10.9 |
| Annual: |  |  |  |  |  |
| QII '78~QII '79 |  | 9.5 | 9.4 | 11.7 | 11.3 |

(10) Expansion in M-2 under alternative $A$ is likely to be in an 8 to 12 per cent annual rate range over the September-October period, raising this aggregate by October to the level implied by the top of its current longer-run range, as shown in the top panel of chart 2. The interest-bearing component of $M-2$ is expected to slow markedly from its recent pace as the year progresses. However, given the strength of time and savings deposits thus far in September, growth over the SeptemberOctober period in the time deposit component of M-2 may be at around an 11 per cent annual rate-considerably above the average pace of the first half of the year. Savings deposit growth is not likely to be sustained at the August pace, but issuance of 6 -month certificates should support growth of sma11 time deposits and banks are expected to continue to sell sizable amounts of large-denomination time deposits to meet loan demands.
(11) The staff continues to expect inflows of deposits to thrift institutions to slow from their extraordinarily rapid recent rate, which has been affected by continued shifts from existing financial assets to the new money market certificates. Nevertheless, because deposit growth at $S \delta L^{\prime}$ 's and MSB's has been larger than expected in recent weeks, our projection of total thrift deposit flows has been raised from the last month. Indeed, with growth in the other monetary aggregates also strong, it is likely, as shown in the upper panel of Chart 3, that M-3 in October will be somewhat above the level implied by the upper end of the FOMC's current longer-run range.

Recently Established M-2 Growth Ranges and Actual M-2


## Recently Established M-3 Growth Ranges And Actual M-3


(12) If the Federal funds rate remains around $8-3 / 8$ per cent over the intermeeting period, as envisioned under alternative A, shortterm market interest rates would be expected to remain near current levels. The recent increases in short-term rates appear to have kept them in alignment with the funds rate. Although short-term credit demands of both financial and nonfinancial businesses may pick up in September and October, following a weakening in August, they are likely to remain more moderate than over the first half of the year. Demands for short-term funds from sponsored agencies should moderate somewhat in the weeks ahead from their strong summer pace, in view of the recent strength in thrift deposit flows, and the Treasury will probably not tap the bill market for new money until the latter part of the fourth quarter.
(13) Longer-term yields also may change little under alternative A, and could even edge down a little further, unless incoming data come to suggest a more rapid rate of inflation or stronger expansion in real activity than the market is currently expecting. Municipal bond issuance has dropped off substantially in September and will likely continue at a reduced pace in October. Corporate bond offerings are likely to pick up only seasonally from the recent relatively light pace. The Treasury is expected to rise only about $\$ 3.0$ billion of new money in 1ate September in auctions of 2-year and 5-year notes, and will then not be back in the market until late October. Moreover, institutional investors apparently still have a considerable volume of liquid funds
available for investment, and dealer jositions are light. The recent rapid growth of thrift deposits suggests that mortgage market rates will likely fluctuate around current levels in coming weeks.
(14) Alternative B calls for an increase in the Federal funds rate by mid-October to around the midpoint of an 8-1/4 to 9 per cent range. M-1 growth would likely be in a 6 to 10 per cent annual rate range over September-October and $\mathrm{M}-2$ growth in a $7-1 / 2$ to $11-1 / 2$ per cent range. The further increase in short-term rates would be expected to slow the inflows of interest-bearing deposits subject to regulatory ceilings at banks and thrifts, but recent evidence suggests that the new 6-month certificates will probably blunt some of the impact of rising rates on deposit growth, especially at thrifts.
(15) The modest increase in the funds rate contemplated under alternative $B$ is, of course, likely to have some upward impact on short-term market rates of interest. However, such rates may rise by less than the funds rate--and long-term rates by quite small amounts-if market participants act on the assumption that the peak in interest rates is even closer at hand. A further increase in the funds rate would reinforce market expectations of another adjustment in the discount rate. Barring such an adjustment, member bank borrowing would be likely to increase noticeably.
(16) Under either alternative $A$ or $B$, short-term interest rates are expected to come under further upward pressure before yearend. With nominal GNP projected to rise at an annual rate of more than

11 per cent over the balance of the longer-run policy period, the Federal funds rate might have to rise to 9 to $9-1 / 4$ per cent during the fourth quarter if growth in $\mathrm{M}-1$ is to be constrained to around the upper limit of its range over the current longer-run policy period. 1/ 2/ The rise in market interest rates and the anticipated completion of the stock adjustment to the new 6 -month certificates is expected to slow the pace of inflows into interest-bearing deposits subject to regulatory ceilings, and growth in both M-2 and M-3 over the QII '78 to QII '79 policy period is projected to be in the upper half of their longer-run ranges.

[^3]
## Directive language

(17) Given below are suggested operational paragraphs for the directive. Alternative language consistent with the short-run specifications of the alternatives discussed in the preceding section is shown for the Conmittee's objective for the Federal funds rate early in the period. At a later point, alternative language is also provided for placing main emphasis either on monetary aggregates or on money market conditions. The specifications adopted at the August meeting as modified at the telephone meeting on September 8 are shown in strikethrough form.

In the short run, the Committee seeks to achieve bank reserve and money market conditions that are broadly consistent with the longer-run ranges for monetary aggregates cited above, while giving due regard to developing conditions in domestic and international financial markets more generally. Early in the period until the next regular meeting, System open market operations shall be directed at attaining a weekly-average Federa1 funds rate
(A) AT ABOUT THE CURRENT LEVEL
(B) slightly (OR SOMEWHAT) above the current level.

Subsequently, operations shall be directed at maintaining the weekly-average Federal funds rate within the range of $7-3+4$-te $8-7 f z$ $\qquad$ TO $\qquad$ per cent. In deciding on the specific objective for the Federal funds rate the Manager shall be guided
mainly by the relationship between the latest estimates of annual rates of growth in the August-September SEPTEMBEROCTOBER period of $M-1$ and $M-2$ and the following ranges of tolerance: 4-ze-8 ___ TO ___ per cent for M-1 and 6-te-10 ___ TO ___ per cent for M-2. If, giving approximately equal weight to $M-1$ and $M-2$, their rates of growth appear to be

## Monetary aggregates emphasis

significantly above or below the midpoints

## Money market emphasis

close to or beyond the upper or lower limits
of the indicated ranges, the objective for the funds rate shall be raised or lowered in an orderly fashion within its range.

If the rates of growth in the aggregates appear to be above the upper limit or below the lower limit of the indicated ranges at a time when the objective for the funds rate has already been moved to the corresponding limit of its range, the Manager is promptly to notify the Chairman who will then decide whether the situation calls for supplementary instructions from the Committee.

Recently Established Bank Credit Growth Ranges and Actual Bank Credit


## Appendix I

Projected Federal Funds Rate

|  | Alt. A | Alt. B |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1978--QIII | 8 to $8-1 / 8$ | $8-1 / 8$ to $8 \frac{3}{4}$ |
| QIV | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ to $9 \frac{7}{4}$ | 9 to $9 \frac{3}{2}$ |
| $1979-$ QI | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ to $9 \frac{3}{4}$ | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ to $9 \frac{3}{2}$ |
| QII | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ to $9 \frac{3}{4}$ | $8 \frac{3}{4}$ to $9 \frac{1}{2}$ |

Implied Velocity Growth Rates

| V-1 (GNP/M-1) | Alt.A | Alt. B |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| I978 II | 8.2 | 8.2 |
|  | III | 2.4 |
| IV | 3.0 | 2.4 |
| 1979 I | 6.7 | 3.3 |
|  | II | 5.2 |

$\mathrm{V}-2$ (GNP/M-2)

| 1978 II | 10.2 | 10.2 |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | ---: |
| III | 0.8 | 0.8 |
| IV | 1.4 | 1.8 |
| I | 4.5 | 4.5 |
| II | 3.0 | 2.8 |

## Revisions in the Monetary Aggregates

Benchmark adjustments for domestic nonmember banks and data associated with a recently discovered cash items bias problem have been incorporated into the money stock series and related data. The benchmark adjustments are based on the March 1978 ca11 report and affect deposit levels from January 1978 to date. The cash items bias adjustment gradually raises the level of the series from mid-1975 to date. Both $\mathrm{M}-1$ and $\mathrm{M}=2$ grew at an 8.0 per cent annual rate over the first three quarters of 1978 , on the revised basis, compared with rates of 7.5 and 8.3 per cent, respectively, for the old series. The impact of benchmark and cash items bias adjustments on annual, quarterly and monthly M-1 and M-2 growth rates are shown in Tables III-1 and III-2.

The benchmark adjustments raised the level of $M-1$ about $\$ 500$ million in March 1978 and about $\$ 1$ billion in August. The level of M-2 was reduced about $\$ 700$ million in March and $\$ 2$ billion in August. As shown in columm 4 of Tables III-1 and III-2, over the first three quarters of 1978 the benchmark adjustment added 0.3 percentage points to M-1 growth and reduced M-2 growth by a like amount.

The cash items adjustment corrects for a recently discovered bias associated with transfers of funds by some agencies and branches of foreign banks in New York City on behalf of directly-related institutions. Foreign related banking institutions in New York City have begun to transfer funds for directly-related institutions (parent and
subsidiaries) by drawing checks on accounts held by the related institution at the New York City office; some of these transfers apparently began as early as mid-1975. In effect the New York office was acting as agent for the directly related institution. Since funds due to a directly-related institution are not recorded as deposits, but rather as other liabilities, the cash items generated by these checks are not matched by a demand deposit account, and their deduction in the calculation of money stock measures is therefore inappropriate. Also, since these ehecks are not officers checks of the New York City agency or branch, they are not included in officers checks data collected to adjust for cash items bias generated by transfers of funds for regular customers by these institutions. In order to correct for this relatively small but growing bias, data were collected from foreign agencies and branches in New York City to provide an estimate of the amount of cash items bias such transfers generated from mid-1975 to April 1978. Since May 1978 daily data are available and will be available on a continuing basis. In the most recent period, this bias adjustment amounts to about $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion.

As can be seen in columns 4 of Tables III-1 and III-2 the impact of the cash items adjustment on annual and quarterly growth rates was minor. Because of the volatility of the series, however, individual monthly M-1 growth rates were raised or lowered as much as $1 \frac{3}{4}$ percentage points. Impacts on monthly M-2 growth rates were smaller.

Table III-1
Effect of Benchmark and Cash Items Bias Adjustment on M-1 Growth
(Seasonally adjusted, per cent annual rates)

|  | 01d Series (1) | Revised Series (2) | Difference <br> (1) - (2) <br> (3) | Differences due tol/ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Cash Item |
|  |  |  |  | Benchmark (4) | Bias (5) |
| Annual 2/ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 0.2 | - | 0.2 |
| 1976 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 0.1 | - | 0.1 |
| 1977 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \text { QIV to } \\ & 1978 \text { OIII (proj) } \end{aligned}$ | 7.5 | 8.0 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 |

Quarterly ${ }^{3 /}$

| 1978 | QI | 5.6 | 6.2 | 0.4 | 0.1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | QII | 9.5 | 9.9 | 0.4 | 0.3 |
|  | QIII (proj.) | 6.9 | 7.3 | 0.4 | 0.0 |
|  |  |  | 0.3 | 0.1 |  |

Monthly

| 1978 Jan. | 10.3 | 11.3 | 1.0 | 0.3 | 0.7 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Feb. | -0.7 | 0.3 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 |
| Mar. | 3.5 | 3.9 | 0.4 | 0.7 | -0.3 |
| Apr. | 19.0 | 19.6 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| May | 8.0 | 7.2 | -0.8 | 0.1 | -0.9 |
| June | 5.9 | 7.5 | 1.6 | 0.3 | 1.3 |
| July | 5.5 | 4.8 | -0.7 | -0.3 | -0.4 |
| Aug. | 7.8 | 8.8 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 0.3 |
| Sept. (proj.) | 10.2 | 10.8 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 0.3 |

1/ In percentage points.
2/ Arerage of QI to average of QIV.
3/ Quarterly average.

Table III-2
Effect of Benchmark and Cash Items Bias
Adjustment on M-2 Growth
(Seasonally adjusted, per cent anrual rates)

|  |  |  |  | Differenc | due toll |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 01d Serfes (1) | Revised Series (2) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Difference } \\ & \begin{array}{c} (1)-(2) \\ \hline(3) \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Benchmark } \\ (4) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cash Item } \\ \text { Bias } \\ \text { (5) } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Annual 2/ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1975 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 0.1 | - | 0.1 |
| 1976 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| 1977 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 0.0 | - | 0.0 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1977 \text { QIV to } \\ & 1978 \text { QIII (proj) } \end{aligned}$ | 8.3 | 8.0 | -0.3 | -0.3 | 0.0 |
| $\text { Quarterly }{ }^{\text {3/ }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 QI | 6.9 | 6.9 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.1 |
| QII | 8.3 | 7.9 | -0.4 | -0.4 | 0.0 |
| QIII (proj.) | 9.2 | 8.9 | -0.3 | -0.3 | 0.0 |

Monthly

| 1978 Jan. | 9.5 | 9.5 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 0.2 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Feb. | 4.7 | 4.7 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.1 |
| Mar. | 5.6 | 5.1 | -0.5 | -0.4 | -0.1 |
| Apr. | 11.5 | 11.2 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 0.1 |
| May | 7.8 | 7.1 | -0.7 | -0.4 | -0.3 |
| June | 7.8 | 7.8 | 0.0 | -0.4 | 0.4 |
| July | 8.6 | 8.0 | -0.6 | -0.5 | -0.1 |
| Aug. | 10.6 | 10.4 | -0.2 | -0.3 | 0.1 |
| Sept. (proj.) | 11.8 | 11.8 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 0.1 |

1/ In percentage points.
2/ From average of QIV to average of QIV.
3/ Quarterly average.

## Appendix Table IV-1

MONEY STOCK--M-1
(Annual rates of growth, compounded quarterly) ${ }^{\text {l// }}$


```
                    Appendix Table IV-2
                            MONEY STOCK--M-2
(Annual rates of growth, compounded quarterly) l/
```

| Ending <br> Period |  | Base Period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 74IV | 751 | 75 II | 75111 | 75IV | 761 | 7611 | 76 I1I | 76IV | 77I | 77II | 77III | 77IV | 781 | 7811 |
| 1975 | I | 6.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | II | 8.3 | 10.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | III | 8.9 | 10.2 | 10.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | IV | 8.4 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 6.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1976 | I | 8.9 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 9.0 | 11.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | II | 9.2 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.4 | 10.7 | 10.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | III | 9.2 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 9.7 | 9.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | IV | 9.7 | 10.2 | 10.1 | 10.1 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 11.2 | 13.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 | I | 9.8 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 12.3 | 11.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | II | 9.8 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.8 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 11.4 | 10.4 | 9.5 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | III | 9.9 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.7 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 10.2 |  |  |  |  |
|  | IV | 9.7 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 10.4 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 9.8 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 8.3 |  |  |  |
| 1978 | I | 9.5 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.3 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 7.7 | 7.0 |  |  |
|  | II | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.6 | 9.7 | 9.1 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 7.8 | 7.6 | 8.2 |  |

1979 II


1/ Based on quarterly average data.

Appendix Table IV-3
MONEY STOCK--M-3
(Annual rates of growth, compounded quarterly) ${ }^{\text {l/ }}$


## APPENDIX V

Automatic Transfers and a Supplemental Monetary Aggregate

When automatic transfers become available November 1 new uncertainties will arise regarding both projected growth in demand deposits and the interpretation of M-1 growth. $1 /$ This new service will permit consumers to substitute savings balances, earning explicit interest, for demand deposits, earning no explicit yield. Thus, automatic transfers can be expected to weaken the demand deposit component of M-1-of which consumer deposits are approximately one-third of the total-and simultaneously increase savings balances at commercial banks. While commercial banks may also attract funds from thrift institutions and from other sources, it is the Board staff's judgment that the volume of any such inflows will probably be small and that the bulk of funds attracted to savings accounts subject to automatic transfers will likely come from household demand accounts.

The extent of the shift from demand to savings accounts will depend heavily on the promotional activity and pricing of this service by commercial banks. A recent informal and confidential System-wide survey of

I/ The impact of automatic transfers on M-1 and M-2 growth was discussed
in Appendix IV of the July 1978 Bluebook.
NOTE: Data contained in this appendix, including accompanying tables and charts, do not reflect the recent benchmark to the March 1978 Call report.
comercial banks indicates that a very high proportion of banks are planning to offer this service beginning in November. Many of these banks indicated that they intend to promote automatic transfers actively.

Less clear at this time are the typical pricing features of automatic transfer programs. Many banks have not yet finalized their pricing schedules, and others are very reluctant to divalge such sensitive competitive information, but the survey suggests that pricing plans are likely to vary widely among banks, at least inftially. I/ In general, though, respondent banks indicated that they expect their rivals to actively promote this new service and they are willing to meet this competition in order to protect their market shares. In view of this evidence, the staff belleves that the amount by which automatic transfers will depress M-1 growth in the first three quarters they are offered may be in the middle or perhaps the upper portion of the 1 to $3-1 / 2$ annual percentage point range estimated previously. ${ }^{2 /}$ Nevertheless, it should be emphasized that these estimates remain crude and there continues to be a great deal of uncertainty regarding the impact of automatic transfers on deposit conversions and $M-1$ growth.

[^4]Since most of the conversions to savings balances are likely to come from demand deposits, a somewhat broader aggregate than M-1which includes both kinds of accounts-will be less vulnerable to distortions caused by automatic transfers. Board staff has, for some time, been conducting research on a variety of alternative definitions of money which reflect recent innovations in the payments mechanism and the changing character of depository institution liabilities. A full scale study is expected to be completed in several months. But in view of the impending problems for interpreting M-1 posed by automatic transfers, Board staff has constructed a supplemental aggregate that may be useful, at least during the transition period in which significant conversions are expected to occur. Table V-1 shows the composition of this aggregate, which is tentatively being called M-1+. Besides M-1, it includes savings deposits at commercial banks, NOW accounts at thrifts, credit union share drafts and demand deposits at MSBs. Alternatively, more emphasis could be placed on M-2, as currently defined, although M-1+ is likely to be more closely related to transactions and not as sensitive to shifts among time deposits and other financial assets.

M-1+ equaled $\$ 581$ bilifon in August, as compared with M-1 of $\$ 354$ billion. The largest single component of M-lt, as with the current M-1, is demand deposits at commercial banks, followed by commercial bank savings, and then by currency; total NOW balances and other transactions balances at thrifts make up a very small portion of the total. Chart V-1 shows how the composition of this aggregate has changed over time. Some of the increase in the share of savings balances incIuded in $M-1+$ and the concurrent fall in the share of demand deposits during 1975 and 1976
v-4
table V-1
$\underset{\text { (August 1978) }}{\text { Level }}$ and Composition of $\mathrm{M}_{1+}$

|  | Amount (in billions of dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per cent of } \\ \text { total } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Currency | 94.0 | 16.2 |
| 2. Demand deposits at commercial banks | 260.1 | 44.7 |
| 3. $M_{1}(1 .+2$. | 354.2 | 60.9 |
| 4. Commercial bank savings ${ }^{\text {1/ }}$ | 222.5 | 38.2 |
| 5. NOW balances ${ }^{\text {/ }}$ | 3.3 | . 6 |
| 6. Demand deposits at MSBs | . 9 | . 2 |
| 7. Credit union share drafts | . 6 | . 1 |
| $M_{1+}$ | 581.5 | 100 |

1/ Excludes NOW accounts at commercial banks.
2/ NOWs at both commercial banks and thrifts.


[^5]resulted from shifts from demand deposits to savings associated with regulatory changes. However, the bulk of the decline in the demand deposit share is believed to have stemmed from the widespread application of cash management techniques while the rise in the savings share reflected relatively low market rates of interest during this period. Quarterly growth rates of M-1+-along with current M-1-are shown in Chart V-2. Since savings-which tend to be sensitive to changeing market yields-are an important component of M-1+, growth of M-1+ has been more responsive than M-1 to the difference between market yields and regulatory ceilings, shown in the lower panel of the chart. When market rates were low relative to regulatory ceilings, such as in 1971 and 1972 and again in 1975 and 1976, savings growth tended to be substantial and $M-1+$ expanded more rapidly than $M-1$. Conversely, during those times when market rates rose appreciably above ceilings, such as in 1969, again in 1973, and more recently since late 1977, growth of M-1+ tended to fall below that of M-1. Table V-2 compares growth rates of M-1 and M-1+ over fourquarter policy periods, beginning in early 1975. During all but the two most recent policy periods, growth of M-1+ outpaced that of M-1, in some cases by about 6 percentage points-when market rates were relatively low. In the two most recent policy periods, however, growth in M-1+ dropped below that of $M-1$, reflecting the impact on savings deposits of increases in market yields during these periods. The lower portion of Table V-3 contains growth rates of $M-1$ and $M-1+$ for recent months.

The public's demands for these alternative measures of money relative to $G N P$ move inversely with their velocities, which are shown in Chart V-3. Velocities of both $M-1$ and $M-1+$ have trended upward over this

CHART V-2
fates of growth of m-1 and m-1+ and spread between the treasury bILL RATE AND PASSBOOK CEILING RATE
(Quarterly average, seasonally adjusted at annual per cent rates)


TABLE V-2

Comparison of Growth Rates Over Four Quarter
Policy Periods of $\mathrm{M}-1$ and $\mathrm{M}-1+$
(Seasonally adjusted at annual per cent rates)

| Period | $M_{1}$ | $M_{1+}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Memo: } \\ M_{1+} \quad \text { less } M_{1} \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QII'75- QII'76 | 5.2 | 11.3 | 6.1 |
| QIII'75 - QIII'76 | 4.6 | 10.5 | 5.9 |
| QIV' 75 - QIV' 76 | 5.7 | 12.6 | 6.9 |
| QI' 76 - QI' 77 | 6.3 | 12.3 | 6.0 |
| QII' 76 - QII' 77 | 6.6 | 11.1 | 4.5 |
| QIII'76 - QIII'77 | 7.8 | 11.2 | 3.4 |
| QIV' 76 - QIV' 77 | 7.9 | 9.3 | 1.4 |
| QI'77- QI'78 | 7.5 | 7.1 | -. 4 |
| QII' 77 - QII' 78 | 7.9 | 6.6 | -1.3 |

V-9

TABLE V-3
Rates of Growth of M-1 and M-1+ (Seasonally adjusted at annual per cent rates)

|  | $\mathrm{M}_{1}$ | ${ }^{M}+$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Memo: } \\ \mathrm{M}_{1+} \text { less } \mathrm{M}_{1} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual |  |  |  |
| 1976 | 5.7 | 12.6 | 6.9 |
| 1977 | 7.9 | 9.3 | 1.4 |
| Quarterly Average |  |  |  |
| 1977 I | 6.9 | 12.5 | 5.6 |
| II | 8.1 | 8.5 | . 4 |
| III | 8.1 | 8.0 | -. 1 |
| IV | 7.5 | 6.8 | -. 7 |
| 1978 I | 5.6 | 4.5 | -1.1 |
| II | 9.5 | 6.6 | -2.9 |
| Monthly |  |  |  |
| 1978 January | 10.3 | 8.8 | -1.5 |
| February | -0.7 | 0.2 | . 9 |
| March | 3.5 | 2.3 | -1.2 |
| April | 19.0 | 13.4 | -5.6 |
| May | 8.0 | 5.5 | -2.5 |
| June | 5.9 | 3.1 | -2.8 |
| July | 5.5 | 1.7 | -3.8 |
| August | 7.8 | 8.1 | . 3 |

$$
\begin{gathered}
\mathrm{V}-10 \\
\text { CHART V-3 }
\end{gathered}
$$

VELOCITIES OF ALTERNATIVE MEASURES OF MONEY

period, as the public has tended to economize on its holdings of these balances relative to GNP. In addition, both velocities have displayed movement around their respective trends, in part related to the interest rate cycle. However, during the years 1975 and 1976 M-1 velocity rose at an unusually fast pace-at a time when the spread of cash management techniques along with changes in regulatory policy depressed M-1 growth. In contrast, movements in $M-1+$ velocity appear to have been dominated by relatively low rates of interest in these years.

Econometric evidence on the demand for M-1+ indicates a reasonably close relationship between the demand for this aggregate and income and interest rates. While automatic transfers are likely to alter the demand relationships for both $M-1$ and $M-1+$, it is believed that the overall demand for M-l+ will be much less affected during the transition period, as the principal changes in the behavior of this aggregate are likely to be compositional. During this transition period, M-1+ is likely to be more predictable, based on historical relationships, than M-1

Data on M-1+ are available weekly and involve about the same amount of estimation as for M-1. While Board staff has had no experience in projecting this new aggregate, no special problems are anticipated over and above those that would be encountered in projecting M-1 and M-2.

Money Market Conditions and Interest Rates


## Chart II <br> Actual and Projected Reserves

CONFIDENTAL (FR)

actual amd curaent pmojections, seasomally adjusted


[^6]31 includes borrowings from dther than commercial banks in the form of federal funds puachased, securities sold under agreeMENTS TO REPURCHASE, ANO OTHER LIABILITIES FOR BORROMEO MONEY, PLUS GROSS LIABILIIIES TO OUW FOREIGN RRANCMES
seasonally adjusted except as noteo
SEPT. 15, 1978

| Period | Total <br> Time and Savings | Savings Depesits |  |  |  | Time Deposits |  |  | Memo: Large Negotiable CD's |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Individual } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Nonprofit } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Business (NSA) | Government (NSA) | Total | Large <br> Denomination | Small Denomination |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | E | 9 |
| 1977 -DEC. | 545.2 | 219.6 | 204.2 | 10.8 | 4.5 | 325.7 | 160.6 | 165.0 | 74.0 |
| 1978 --JAN. | 551.0 | 220.7 | 205.2 | 10.5 | 5.0 | 330.3 | 164.1 | 166.2 | 76.3 |
| FEB. | 557.5 | 220.9 | 205.4 | 10.4 | 5.2 | 336.6 | 170.1 | 166.5 | 79.4 |
| MAR. | 562.9 | 221.0 | 205.6 | 10.4 | 5.0 | 342.0 | 173.7 | 168.2 | 82.0 |
| APR. | 566.8 | 221.6 | 206.4 | 10.4 | 4.9 | 345.2 | 175.4 | 169.7 | 83.4 |
| may | 573.6 | 222.0 | 206.7 | 10.5 | 4.7 | 351.6 | 180.5 | 171.1 | 87.1 |
| JUNE | 570.8 | 221.7 | 206.3 | 10.6 | 4.8 | 355.1 | 182.0 | 173.1 | 86.7 |
| JULY | 582.0 | 220.9 | 206.2 | 10.5 | 4.2 | 361.2 | 186.5 | 174.7 | 87.4 |
| AUG. | 586.1 | 222.5 | 207.9 | 10.6 | 3.9 | 363.6 | 188.0 | 175.6 |  |
| CHANGES (\$ BILLIONS) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977 YEAR | 55.5 | 17.7 | 16.9 | 2.3 | -1.6 | 37.9 | 23.9 | 13.9 | 11.3 |
| QUARTERLY AVERAGE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977-11 |  | 4.6 | 4.1 | 0.8 | -0.2 | 5.7 | $-0.7$ | 6.6 | $-0.3$ |
| III | 13.1 | 3.9 | 4.7 | 0.4 | -1.2 | 9.2 | 5.9 | 3.3 | 0.7 |
| IV | 17.1 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 0.3 | -0.6 | 14.2 | 12.7 | 1.4 | 7.1 |
| $1978-11$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18.0 \\ & 15.2 \end{aligned}$ | 1.4 0.9 | 1.2 | -0.3 | 0.4 -0.3 | 16.7 14.3 | 14.2 10.0 | 2.5 4.3 | 8.8 6.5 |
| MONTHLY AVERAGE: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978 --JAN. |  |  |  | -0.3 |  | 4.6 | 3.5 | 1.2 |  |
| FEB. | 6.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.2 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 0.3 | 3.1 |
| MAR. | 5.4 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.0 | -0.2 | 5.4 | 3.6 | 1.7 | 2.6 |
| APR. | 3.9 | 0.6 | 0.8 | 0.0 | -0.1 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 |
| MAY | 6.8 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -0.2 | 6.4 | 5.1 | 1.4 | 3.7 |
| June | 3.2 | -0.3 | -0.4 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 1.5 | 2.0 | -0.4 |
| JULY | 5.2 | -0.8 | -0.1 | -0.1 | -0.6 | 6.1 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 0.7 |
| aug. | 4.1 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 0.2 | -0.3 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 0.9 | -1.1 |

NOTE: COLUMNS (1), (2), ANO (9) ON THIS TABLE CORRESPONO TO COLUNNS (4), (6), AND (6), RESPECTIVELY, ON TABLE I-MONETARY AGGREGATES. FIGURES IN COLUMNS (1], $(21$, AND (6) REFLECT DALLY UATA REPORTEO BY MEMBER BANKS, WITH ESTIMATES FOR NONMEMBER BANKS CERIVED FROM DATA REPORTED BY SMALL MEMBER BANKS, BENCHMARKED TO NONMEMBER CALL REPORT FIGURES. SAVINGS DEPOSITS OF BUSINESS AND GOVEKNMENTAL UNITS-COLUMNS (4) AND (SI-- AND LARGE DENOMINATION TIME DEPOSITS --COLUNM (7)--REFLECT BREAKDOWNS REPORTED EACH WEDNESDAY GY LARGE COMMERCIAL BANKS BLOWN UP TO REPRESENT DEPOSITS AT ALL COMMERCIAL BANKS OM THE BASIS OF CALL REPURI RELATIONSHIPS.

BANK RESERVES
actual and current projections, seasomally adjusted
SEPT. 15, 1978

| Period | BANK RESERVES |  |  | REQUIRED RESERVES |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Reserves | Non borrowed Reserves | $\begin{gathered} \text { Monetary } \\ \text { Base } \end{gathered}$ | Total Required | Private Demand | Total Time Deposits | Gov't. and Interbank |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1978 \text {-JUNE } \\ & \text { JULY } \\ & \text { AUG. } \\ & \text { SEPT. } \end{aligned}$ | 37,726 38,190 37,921 $(38,135)$ | 36,632 36,873 36,782 $137,160)$ | 133,873 134,831 135,324 $(136,561)$ | $\begin{array}{r} 37,548 \\ 37,993 \\ 37,744 \\ (37,889) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 22,151 \\ 22,217 \\ 22,333 \\ (22,424) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,575 \\ 13,613 \\ 13,625 \\ (13,724) \end{array}$ | 1,823 2,164 1,786 $1,741)$ |
| PERCENT ANNUAL GROWTH |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| quarteriy |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978-1ST OTR. | 5.8 | 8.6 | 7.9 | 5.7 | -1.1 | 12.9 |  |
| 2ND OTR. | ( 11.6 | ( $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 5.81\end{aligned}$ | ( $\begin{array}{r}10.9 \\ 8.0 . \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ( $\begin{aligned} & 11.8 \\ & 3.6)\end{aligned}$ | ( $\begin{gathered}13.7 \\ 4.9\end{gathered}$ | $1 \begin{gathered}10.1 \\ 4.4\end{gathered}$ |  |
| QUARTERLY-AV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978-1St OTR. | 8.5 | 14.5 | 9.6 | 8.3 | 3.6 | 12.8 |  |
| 2ND QTR. | 6.3 | 0.4 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 5.0 | 11.5 |  |
| 3RD QTR. | ( 8.2) | 16.31 | ( 8.9) | 18.01 | 18.21 | ( 6.6) |  |
| MONTHLY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978-JUNE | 14.7 | 19.2 | 11.0 | 16.2 | 14.7 | 13.1 |  |
| JULY | 14.8 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 14.2 | 3.6 | 3.4 |  |
| AUG. | ( $\begin{gathered}-8.5 \\ 0.81\end{gathered}$ | $1-3.0$ 12.31 | ( 4.4 .4 | ( $\begin{array}{r}-7.9 \\ 4.6)\end{array}$ | 16.3 <br> 4.91 | ( $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 8.7\end{aligned}$ |  |
| AUG.-SEPT. | ( -0.91 | 14.71 | (7.7) | ( -1.6 ) | 15.61 | ( 4.91 |  |
| WEEKIY LEVELS-SMILLIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978-AUG. 2 | 37.995 | 36,557 | 134,991 | 37,642 | 22,153 | 13,672 | 1.817 |
| 1978-abl 9 | 37,735 | 36,857 | 134,628 | 37.720 | 22,308 | 13,651 | 1,762 |
| 16 | 38.127 | 37,164 | 135,364 | 37,804 | 22,371 | 13,641 | 1,792 |
| 23 | 37,609 | 36,003 | 135,187 | 37,618 | 22,265 | 13,606 | 1,747 |
| 30 | 38.136 | 37,116 | 136,051 | 37,832 | 22,430 | 13,589 | 1,813 |
| SEPT. $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 13\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38,313 \\ & 38,079 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37,149 \\ & 37,569 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 136,467 \\ & 136,483 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37,956 \\ & 37,815 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22,403 \\ & 22,228 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 13,620 \\ & 13,696 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,934 \\ & 1,891 \end{aligned}$ |

NOTE: RESERVE SERIES HAVE BEEN ADJUSTED TO REMOVE OISCONTINUITIES ASSOCIATED WITH CHANGES IN RESERVE REQUIREMENT RATIO. data shohn in parentheses are currant prolertinns.
table 3
NET Changes in system hold ings of securities ${ }^{1 /}$
(\$ million, not seasonally adjusted)

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL (FR) LLASS II - FOMC SEPTEMBER 15,1978

(in billions)
$\frac{1}{2}$ Outright transactions in market and with foreign accounts, and redemptions ( - ) in bill auctions
3/ Outright transactions in market and with foreign accounts, and short-term notes acquired in exchange for maturing bills. Excludes redemptions, maturity Outright transactions in market and with foreign accounts, and short-term notes acquired in
shifts, rollovers of maturing coupon issues, and direct Treasury borrowing from the System.
) shits,
$\frac{4 / \text { Outright transactions in market and with foreign accounts only. Excludes redemptions and maturity shifts. }}{5}$ In addition to net purchases of securities, also reflects changes in System holdings of bankers, acceptances, direct Treasury borrowings from the System, and redemptions (-) of Agency and Treasury coupon issug
6/ Includes changes in both RP's ( + ) and matched sale-purchase transactions ( - ).
table 4
SECURITY DEALER POSITIONS AND BANK POSITIONS (millions of dollars)

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL (FR) CLASS II - FOMC SEPTEMBER 15, 1978

|  | U.S. Govt. Security Dealer Positions |  | Underwriting Syndicate Positions |  | Member Bank Reserve Positions |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Excess** Regerves | Borrowing at FRB** |  | Basic Reserve Deficit** |  |
|  | Bills | Coupon <br> Issues |  | Corporate $\qquad$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Municipa1 } \\ \text { Bonds } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Total | Seasonal | 8 New York | 38 Others |
| 1977--High | 7,234 | 3,017 | 295 | 487 | 513 | 1,861 | 131 | -9,151 | -13,975 |
| Low | 1,729 | -1,445 | 0 | 116 | -111 | 20 | 8 | -4,234 | - 8,206 |
| 1978--High | 5,625 | 2,043 | 215 | 349 | 719 | 1,716 | 196 | -8,224 | -14,602 |
| Low | 278 | -1,076 | 0 | 123 | -227 | 172 | 25 | -2,839 | - 8,273 |
| 1977--Aug. | 2,533 | -933 | 71 | 199 | 200 | 1,084 | 102 | -5,581 | -11,452 |
| Sept. | 4,812 | -313 | 128 | 230 | 209 | 626 | 112 | -7,333 | -11,120 |
| oct. | 4,142 | -360 | 83 | 186 | 210 | 1,305 | 112 | -6,480 | -11,511 |
| Nov. | 3,617 | 610 | 36 | 210 | 251 | 863 | 83 | -6,971 | -11,825 |
| Dec. | 4,257 | 804 | 195 | 367 | 193 | 570 | 55 | -7,403 | -11,350 |
| 1978--Jan. | 4,127 | 327 | 42 | 293 | 268 | 484 | 32 | -6,047 | -12,299 |
| Feb. | 3,418 | 1,492 | 24 | 197 | 243 | 406 | 49 | -4,980 | -12,603 |
| Mar. | 2,713 | 740 | 96 | 268 | 200 | 328 | 47 | -6,778 | -11,060 |
| Apr. | 3,183 | -183 | 46 | 202 | 149 | 557 | 44 | -6,196 | -12,998 |
| May | 1,203 | 5 | 25 | 264 | 219 | 1,212 | 92 | -4,038 | -11,653 |
| June | 2,847 | 78 | 35 | 188 | 178 | 1,094 | 120 | -4,514 | -12,202 |
| July | 1,196 | -626 | 51 | 159 | 197 | 1,317 | 143 | -3,651 | -10,204 |
| Aug. | *1,994 | *423 | 34 | 176 | 176p | 1,139p | 189p | -4,788p | -11,060p |
| 1978--July 5 | 730 | -96 | 45 | 156 | 719 | 1,193 | 140 | -3,659 | - 8,273 |
| 12 | 1,038 | -661 | 75 | 165 | -227 | 903 | 130 | -4,707 | -11,699 |
| 19 | 626 | -1,076 | 63 | 123 | 372 | 1,589 | 134 | -3,693 | -10,261 |
| 26 | 2,084 | -432 | 20 | 191 | -37 | 1,462 | 152 | -2,839 | -10,110 |
| Aug. 2 | 1,595 | -301 | 0 | 184 | 353 | 1,438 | 166 | -3,242 | -10,095 |
| Aug. 9 | 1,928 | 1,382 | 14 | 172 | 15 | 878 | 175 | -5,145 | -11,433 |
| 16 | 1,956 | 400 | 0 | 188 | 323 | 963 | 184 | -5,946 | -10,999 |
| 23 | *1,941 | *-305 | 123 | 179 | -9 | 1,606 | 196 | -4,567 | -11,768 |
| 30 | *2,087 | *462 | 33 | 156 | 304p | 1,020p | 208p | -3,969 | -10,364 |
|  |  | *352 | $23 p$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $13$ | $* 3,086$ | *455 | 75p | 56p | 212p | 510p | $174 p$ | -5,753p | $-13,235 p$ |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

NOTE: Government security dealer trading positions are on a comitment basis. Trading positions, which exclude Treasury securities financed by repurchase agrements maturing in 16 days or more, are indicators of dealer holdings available for sale over the near-term. Underwriting syndicate positions consist of issues still in syndicate, excluding trading positions. The basic reserve deficit is exces reserves less borrowing at Federal Reserve less. net Federal funds purchases. Weekly data are daily averages for statement weeks, except for corporate and municipal issues in syndicate which are Friday figures.

* Strictly confidential.
** Monthly averages for excess reserves and borrowings are weighted averages of statement week figures.

|  | TABLE 5 <br> SELECTED INTEREST RATES (per cent) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL (FR) CLASS II - FOMC <br> SEPTEMBER 15, 1978 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Short-Term |  |  |  |  |  |  | Long-Term |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Federal } \\ \text { Funds } \end{gathered}$ | Treasury Bills |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { CD's }^{\prime} \text { New } \\ \text { Issue- } \\ \text { NYC } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Comm. <br> Paper <br> $90-119$ <br> Day | Bank <br> Prime <br> Rate | $\begin{gathered} \text { U.S. Govt. Constant } \\ \text { Maturity Yields } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Corp. -Aaa } \\ & \text { Utility } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | Municipal Bond Buyer |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Auction |  |  |  | 3-yr | 7-yr | 20-yr | New | Recently |  | Conv. | FNMA | GNMA |
|  |  | 3-mo | 1-yr | 6-mo |  |  |  | 90-Day | 3-yt | 7-y | 20-y2 | Issue |  | Offered |  | Auc. | Sec. |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) | (7) | (8) | (9) | (10) | (11) | (12) | (13) | (14) | (15) | (16) |
| 1977--High | 6.65 | 6.27 | 6.62 | 6.51 | 6.70 | 6.66 | 7.75 | 7.39 | 7.70 | 7.99 | 8.36 | 8.48 | 5.93 | 9.00 | 8.98 | 8.39 |
| Low | 4.47 | 4.41 | 4.67 | 4.56 | 4.50 | 4.63 | 6.25 | 5.83 | 6.59 | 7.26 | 7.90 | 7.95 | 5.45 | 8.65 | 8.46 | 7.56 |
| 1978--High | 8.33 | 7.70 | 7.91 | 7.79 | 8.34 | 8.30 | 9.25 | 8.56 | 8.57 | 8.72 | 9.18 | 9.22 | 6.32 | 9.80 | 10.02 | 9.20 |
| Low | 6.58 | 6.16 | 6.55 | 6.42 | 6.65 | 6.68 | 7.75 | 7.40 | 7,72 | 8.01 | 8.61 | 8.48 | 5.58 | 8.98 | 9.13 | 8.43 |
| 1977--Aug. | 5.90 | 5.49 | 5.97 | 5.81 | 5.78 | 5.75 | 6.83 | 6.79 | 7.24 | 7.64 | 8.04 | 8.05 | 5.62 | 8.94 | 8.76 | 8.03 |
| Sept. | 6.14 | 5.81 | 6.13 | 5.99 | 6.01 | 6.09 | 7.13 | 6.84 | 7.21 | 7.57 | 8.07 | 8.07 | 5.51 | 8.90 | 8.74 | 8.02 |
| Oct. | 6.47 | 6.16 | 6.52 | 6.41 | 6.53 | 6.51 | 7.52 | 7.19 | 7.44 | 7.71 | 8.23 | 8.22 | 5.64 | 8.92 | 8.82 | 8.16 |
| Nov. | 6.51 | 6.10 | 6.52 | 6.43 | 6.56 | 6.54 | 7.75 | 7.22 | 7.46 | 7.76 | 8.28 | 8.25 | 5.49 | 8.92 | 8.86 | 8.19 |
| Dec. | 6.56 | 6.07 | 6.52 | 6.38 | 6.65 | 6.61 | 7.75 | 7.30 | 7.59 | 7.87 | 8.34 | 8.38 | 5.57 | 8.96 | 8.94 | 8.27 |
| 1978--Jan. | 6.70 | 6.44 | 6.80 | 6.68 | 6.82 | 6.75 | 7.93 | 7.61 | 7.86 | 8.14 | 8.68 | 8.60 | 5.71 | 9.02 | 9.17 | 8.56 |
| Feb. | 6.78 | 6.45 | 6.86 | 6.74 | 6.77 | 6.76 | 8.00 | 7.67 | 7.94 | 8.22 | 8.69 | 8.67 | 5.62 | 9.15 | 9.31 | 8.64 |
| Mar. | 6.79 | 6.29 | 6.82 | 6.64 | 6.73 | 6.75 | 8.00 | 7.70 | 7.95 | 8.21 | 8.71 | 8.67 | 5.61 | 9.20 | 9.35 | 8.60 |
| Apr. | 6.89 | 6.29 | 6.96 | 6.70 | 6.84 | 6.82 | 8.00 | 7.85 | 8.06 | 8.32 | 8.90 | 8.85 | 5.80 | 9.36 | 9.44 | 8.71 |
| May | 7.36 | 6.41 | 7.28 | 7.02 | 7.20 | 7.06 | 8.27 | 8.07 | 8.25 | 8.44 | 8.95 | 8.98 | 6.03 | 9.57 | 9.66 | 8.90 |
| June | 7.60 | 6.73 | 7.53 | 7.20 | 7.66 | 7.59 | 8.63 | 8.30 | 8.40 | 8.53 | 9.09 | 9.07 | 6.22 | 9.70 | 9.91 | 9.05 |
| July | 7.81 | 7.01 | 7.79 | 7.47 | 8.00 | 7.85 | 9.00 | 8.54 | 8.55 | 8.69 | 9.14 | 9.18 | 6.28 | 9.74 | 10.01 | 9.15 |
| Aug. | 8.04 | 7.08 | 7.73 | 7.36 | 7.86 | 7.83 | 9.01 | 8.33 | 8.38 | 8.45 | 8.82 | 8.91 | 6.12 | 9.79 | 9.81 | 8.96 |
| 1978--July 5 | 7.72 | 6.99 | 7.74 | 7.45 | 8.00 | 7.78 | 8.96 | 8.51 | 8.52 | 8.68 | 9.18 | 9.20 | 6.31 | 9.73 | -- | 9.16 |
| 12 | 7.72 | 7.15 | 7.79 | 7.52 | 8.00 | 7.84 | 9.00 | 8.56 | 8.57 | 8.72 | 9.17 | 9.22 | 6.32 | 9.73 | 10.02 | 9.14 |
| 19 | 7.94 | 7.08 | 7.80 | 7.50 | 8.00 | 7.88 | 9.00 | 8.55 | 8.56 | 8.69 | 9.12 | 9.19 | 6.26 | 9.75 | -- | 9.14 |
| 26 | 7.88 | 6.95 | 7.84 | 7.43 | 8.00 | 7.88 | 9.00 | 8.55 | 8.55 | 8.67 | 9.08 | 9.10 | 6.24 | 9.75 | 10.00 | 9.20 |
| Aug. 2 | 7.89 | 6.78 | 7.71 | 7.36 | 7.88 | 7.81 | 9.00 | 8.36 | 8.40 | 8.49 | 8.90 | 8.91 | 6.12 | 9.78 | -- | 9.10 |
| 9 | 7.83 | 6.76 | 7.56 | 7.17 | 7.85 | 7.78 | 9.00 | 8.21 | 8.32 | 8.41 | 8.81 | 8.89 | 6.03 | 9.78 | 9.82 | 8.89 |
| 16 | 7.87 | 6.96 | 7.68 | 7.26 | 7.85 | 7.76 | 9.00 | 8.37 | 8.43 | 8.52 | -- | 9.00 | 6.19 | 9.78 | -- | 9.00 |
| 23 | 8.14 | 7.25 | 7.83 | 7.47 | 7.80 | 7.85 | 9.00 | 8.35 | 8.36 | 8.42 | 8.80 | 8.87 | 6.11 | 9.80 | 9.80 | 9.01 |
| 30 | 8.28 | 7.35 | 7.82 | 7.55 | 7.90 | 7.93 | 9.00 | 8.37 | 8.39 | 8.43 | 8.80 | 8.85 | 6.16 | 9.75 | -- | 8.92 |
| Sept. 6 | 8.30 | 7.60 | 7.86 | 7.74 | 8.00 | 8.07 | 9.25 | 8.35 | 8.35 | 8.39 | 8.77 | 8.79 | 6.13 | 9.75 | 9.78 | 8.92 |
| 13 | 8.33 | 7.70 | 7.91 | 7.79 | 8.34 | 8.30 | 9.25 | 8.34p | 8.32p | 8.36p | 8.74 p | 8.72p | 6.02 | n.a. | . | 8.89 |
| 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Daily--Sept. 7 | 8.27 | 7.59 | 7.85 | -- | -- | 8.19 | 9.25 | 8.34 | 8.35 | 8.39 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| 14 | 8.36p | 7.77 | 7.95 | -- | -- | 8.43 | 9.25 | 8.34p | 8.33p | 8.37 p | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

NOTE: Weekly data for column 1, 2, 3, 6, and 7 are statement week averages of daily data. Weekly data in column 4 are average rates set in the auctions of 6 month bills that will be issued on the Thursday following the end of the statement week. Data in column 5 are 1 -day Wednesday quotes. For columns 8 through 11 , the weekly date is the mid-point of the calendar week over which data are averaged. Colums 12 and 13 are $1-\mathrm{day}$ quotes for Friday and Thursday, respectively, following the end of the statement week. Column 14 is an average of contract interest rates on commitments for conventional first mortgages with 80 per cent loan-to-value ratios made by a sample of insured savings and loan associations on the Friday following the end of the atatement week. Columi 15 gives FNMA auction data for Monday preceding the end of the statement week. Column 16 is a l-day quote for Monday preceding the end of the statement week. The FNMA auction yield is the average yield in bi-weekly auction for short-term forward comitments for Government underwritten mortgages, GNMA yields are average net yields to investors on mortgage-backed securities for immediate delivery, asauming prepayment in 12 years on pools of $30-y e a r$ fina/va mortgages carrying the coupon rate 50 basis points below the current FHA/VA ceiling.

Appandix Table 1.A
money and credit aggregate measures


1/ GASEL ON DATA ADJUSTED for changes in reserve requirements.
2) GASED ON OUARTERLY AVERAGE DATA.
p - preliminary

## MONEY AND CREDIT AGGREGATE MEASURES

SEASOMALLY AOJUSTED, DMLNONS OF BOLARE

| Period | Eank Reserves ${ }^{1 /}$ |  |  | Beman Crem | Mowey Steck Memoures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Non. borrowed | Monetary Base | Total Loans and Investments | $M_{1}$ | $\mathrm{m}_{2}$ | $M_{3}$ | $M_{4}$ | $M_{5}$ | $M_{6}$ | $M_{7}$ |
|  | 1 | 2 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 6 |  | 3 | $\checkmark$ | 10 | 11 |
| ANAUALLY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---7575 | 33,969 | 33,639 | 110,345 | 726.2 | 295.2 | 664.7 | 1092.5 | 746.1 | 1173.8 | 1308.0 | 1351.0 |
| 1976 | 34,441 | 34,368 | 118,063 | 788.9 | 313.5 | 740.5 | 1236.5 | 803.2 | 1249.2 | 1437.6 | 1485.0 |
|  | 36,143 | 35,374 | 147,972 | 875.5 | 338.5 | 809.5 | 1376.1 | 883.5 | 1450.1 | 1603.4 | 1660.0 |
| MONTHLY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977--AVG. | 35,300 | 34,439 | 124,154 | 850.0 | 330.5 | 789.2 | 1331.3 | 852.4 | 2394.5 | 1542.2 | 1547.5 |
| SEPT. | 35,520 | 34,894 | 124,987 | 855.1 | 333.0 | 795.1 | 1344.9 | 858.9 | 1408.7 | 1557.1 | 1613.0 |
| GCt. | 35,909 | 34,503 | 126,0<0 | 064.3 | 335.9 | 801.4 | 1357.9 | 867.8 | 1424.3 | 1574.9 | 1633.0 |
| nuv. | 35,965 | 35,103 | 120,871 | -70.9 | 336.2 | 805.4 | 1367.1 | 276.3 | 1438.0 | 1590.6 | 1651.4 |
| LEC. | 36,143 | 35,574 | 127,972 | 875.5 | 334.5 | 809.5 | 1376.1 | 883.5 | 1450.1 | 1603.4 | 1600.8 |
| 1978--JAN. | 36,008 | 36,124 | 129,417 | 885.4 | 341.7 | 815.9 | 1386.6 | 892.2 | 1462.9 | 1018.7 | 1064.4 |
| FEX. | 30,431 | 36,525 | 130,150 | 891.2 | 341.8 342.9 | 819.1 | 1393.1 | 898.5 | 1472.5 1482.3 | 1629.5 1639.7 | 1697.4 |
| mak. | 36,607 | 36,539 | 130,484 | 896.7 | 342.9 | 822.6 | 1400.3 | 904.7 | 1482.3 | 1639.7 | 1709.5 |
| APK. | 36,951 | 36,394 | 131,334 | 910.5 | 348.5 | 830.3 | 1411.4 | 913.7 | 1494.9 | 1652.3 | 1723.2 |
| may | 37, 200 | 36,048 | 132,047 | 922.3 | 350.6 | 635.2 | 1419.9 | 922.2 | 1506.9 | 1665.9 | 1737.1 |
| June | 37,726 | 36,032 | 133,873 | 920.9 | 352.6 | 840.6 | 1429.8 | 927.3 | 1516.5 | 1678.0 | 1749.4 |
| July | 38,194 | 30,677 | 134,835 | 939.6 | 354.2 | 846.2 | 1440.9 | 933.6 | 1528.3 | 1689.2 | 1780.0 |
| Aub. P | 37,9<0 | 36,781 | 135,324 | 943.9 | 356.8 | 853.5 | 1454.9 | 939.8 | 1541.2 | 1703.9 | 1775.7 |
| WEEKLY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978-JULY 12 | 37,198 |  | 133,761 |  | 354.8 | 845.6 |  | 933.3 |  |  |  |
| - 19 | 39,244 | 37,655 | 135,844 |  | 351.9 | 843.7 |  | 931.5 |  |  |  |
| 20 | 37,860 | 36,398 | 134,673 |  | 354.6 | 847.6 |  | 934.9 |  |  |  |
| Aub. ${ }^{2}$ | 37,993 | 36,555 | 134,989 |  | 355.2 | 849.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 16 | 37,723 $38,2<2$ | 36,845 37.159 | 134,616 135,360 |  | 356.7 357.5 | 852.0 853.8 |  | 938.3 939.8 |  |  |  |
| 16 21 | 38,122 37,018 | 37,159 36,012 | 135,360 135,190 |  | 357.5 357.4 | 853.8 654.9 |  | 939.8 941.0 |  |  |  |
| 368 | 38,140 | 37,120 | 136,055 |  | 355.5 | 854.3 |  | 940.8 |  |  |  |
| SEPT. 6 P | 38,309 | 37.145 | 136,465 |  | 361.3 | 861.2 |  | 948.7 |  |  |  |

notes: weekly data ake uaily averages for statement weeks. monthly data are daily averages. weekly data art not avallable for
1/ bastu un data aojusted fur changes in resekve requikements. data shown in millions of dollars.
$p$ - hreliminary


[^7]COMPONENTS OF MONEY STOCK AND RELATED MEASURES

| Period | Currency | Demand Deposits | Time and Savings Depesit: |  |  |  |  | Mutual Savings Bank \& S\&L Shares $1 /$ | Credit Union Shares 1 | Savings Bonds 1 | ShortTerm U.S. Gov't Sec 1 | Other Private Shortterm Assets 1/ 2] | Non. Deposit Funds 3 | Total Gov't Demand Deposits$\qquad$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Total | Other Than CD's |  |  | CD's |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Savings | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 |
| anNuALLY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1475 | 73.7 | 221.5 | 450.9 | 369.6 | 160.5 | 209.1 | 81.3 | 394.8 | 33.0 | 67.2 | 66.9 | 43.0 | 34.4 | 8.3 |
| 1976 | 80.7 | 23<. 8 | 489.7 | 427.0 | 201.9 | 225.1 | 62.7 | 456.9 | 39.1 | 71.9 | 66.6 | 47.3 | 31.0 | 11.2 |
| 1977 | 88.6 | 249.9 | 545.0 | 471.0 | 219.6 | 451.5 | 74.0 | 519.8 | 46.8 | 76.6 | 76.7 | 63.4 | 62.0 |  |
| MONTHLY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1977-AUG。 | 85.5 86.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 245.0 \\ & 240.6 \end{aligned}$ | 521.9 525.9 | 456.7 402.1 | 217.0 218.8 | 241.7 243.3 | 63.2 63.8 | 498.2 505.1 | 43.8 44.7 | 75.1 75.4 | 71.6 73.0 | 56.3 56.6 | 55.7 57.5 | 10.2 10.7 |
| OCT. | 67.1 | 248.7 | 531.9 | 465.5 | 219.6 | 240.0 | 66.4 | 511.0 | 45.5 | 75.8 | 74.9 | 58.0 | 58.1 | 10.3 |
| nuv. | 87.7 | 248.5 | 540.1 | 409.2 | 219.4 | 249.7 | 70.9 | 515.7 | 46.1 | 76.2 | 76.4 | 60.8 | 60.1 | 0.7 |
| DEC. | 88.0 | 249.9 | 545.0 | 471.0 | 219.6 | 251.5 | 74.0 | 519.8 | 46.8 | 76.6 | 76.7 | 63.4 | 62.0 | 11.4 |
| 1978--JAN. | 89.4 | 252.2 | 550.6 | 474.3 | 220.7 | 253.6 | 76.3 | 523.2 | 47.5 | 77.0 | 78.8 | 65.7 | 65.3 | 9.7 |
| FEG. | 90.1 | 251.7 | 556.7 561.7 | 477.3 | 220.9 | 256.4 258.7 | 79.4 | 525.9 528.8 | 48.1 | 77.4 | 79.7 | 67.9 | 66.6 67.0 | 7.5 |
| MAR. | 90.7 | 252.3 | 561.7 | 479.7 | 221.0 | 258.7 | 82.0 | 528.8 | 48.9 | 77.8 | 79.6 | 69.6 | 67.0 | 7.9 |
| APR. | 91.2 | 257.3 | 565.2 | 481.8 | 221.6 | 260.1 | 83.4 | 531.7 | 49.5 | 78.2 | 79.2 | 70.9 | 68.1 | 8.3 |
| MAY | 92.1 | 258.5 | 571.6 | 484.5 | 222.0 | 202.0 | 87.1 | 534.7 | 50.0 | 78.6 | 80.4 | 71.2 | 08.4 | 7.3 |
| JuNt | 92.8 | 259.9 | 574.5 | 487.8 | 221.7 | 266.1 | 60.7 | 538.4 | 50.7 | 78.9 | 82.6 | 71.4 | 69.2 | 11.3 |
| JuLY | 93.3 | 260.9 | 579.4 | 492.0 | 220.9 | 271.1 | 07.4 | 543.5 549.7 | 51.2 | 79.3 | 81.6 | 71.6 | 69.2 | 14.2 |
| WEEKLY: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1978-JULY 12 | 93.2 | 261.6 | 576.5 | 490.8 | 221.2 | 269.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 04.8 | 13.6 |
| 19 | 93.2 | 258.7 | 579.6 | 491.8 | 220.8 | 271.0 | 87.8 |  |  |  |  |  | 73.1 | 13.6 15.1 |
| $<0$ | 93.4 | 201.2 | 580.3 | 493.0 | 220.8 | $<72.2$ | 87.3 |  |  |  |  |  | 71.5 | 15.0 |
| AUG. 2 | 93.0 | 201.6 | 580.8 | 494.0 | 221.0 | 273.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 69.8 | 14.4 |
| 9 | 93.8 | 202.8 | 581.6 | 495.3 | 221.4 | 273.8 | 86.3 |  |  |  |  |  | 72.0 | 13.8 |
| 16 | 93.9 | 263.5 | 582.3 | 496.3 | 222.2 | 274.1 | 86.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 69.4 | 14.4 |
| 23 | 94.2 | 263.2 | 583.6 | 497.5 | 222.9 | 274.6 | 86.1 |  |  |  |  |  | 71.3 | 15.7 |
| 30 P | 94.4 | 261.1 | 565.3 | 498.8 | 223.2 | 275.5 | 86.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 72.9 | 10.0 |
| SEPT. OP | 45.1 | 266.3 | 587.4 | 499.9 | 223.7 | 270.2 | 87.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14.3 |

1/ ESTIMAIEU MONTHLY AVERAGE LEVELS DEKIVED BY AVERAGING END OF CURRENT MONTH ANO END OF PREVIOUS MONTH REPORTED DATA.
C/ INCLUDES PRIVATE OOMESTIC NONFINANCIAL INVESTORS: HOLOINGS OF COMMERCIAL PAPER, BANKERS ACCEPTANCES, SECURITY KPUS AND
MONEY MARKET MUT UAL FUNO SHARES.
3/ BURROWINGS BY GANKS FRGM OTHER THAN COMMERCIAL BANKS IN THE FGRM OF FEDERAL FUNOS PURCHASED, SECURIIIES SGLD UNDER AGREEMENTS TO REPURCHASE, ANO OTHER LIABILITIES FOR BORROMED MONEY, PLUS GRUSS LIABILITIES TO OWM FOREIGN BRANCHES (EURUUULLAR BORROWINGSI, LOANS SOLO TO AFFILIATES, LOAN KPS, AND DIHER MINOR ITEMS.
4/ InCluces treasury deposits at member banks and federal reserve bank s.
p - preliminary

STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL (FR)
CLASS I - FOMC

Attached is a corrected chart to replace the one following page 6 of the September Bluebook.

CHART 1
Recently Established M-1 Growth Ranges and Actual M-1



[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ In some cases, original copies needed to be photocopied before being scanned into electronic format. All scanned images were deskewed (to remove the effects of printer- and scanner-introduced tilting) and lightly cleaned (to remove dark spots caused by staple holes, hole punches, and other blemishes caused after initial printing).
    ${ }^{2}$ A two-step process was used. An advanced optimal character recognition computer program (OCR) first created electronic text from the document image. Where the OCR results were inconclusive, staff checked and corrected the text as necessary. Please note that the numbers and text in charts and tables were not reliably recognized by the OCR process and were not checked or corrected by staff.

[^1]:    1/ These figures do not incorporate revisions based on recently available March 1978 Call Report benchmark data for nonmember banks and technical adjustments related to a recently discovered cash items bias. The revised aggregates will be published on September 21. As shown in Appendix Table III, the benchmark revisions increase growth rates for M-1 by 0.5 percentage point for the year-to-date and reduce the growth rate for $\mathrm{M}-2$ over the same period by 0.3 of a point. All tables on subsequent pages of this report (with the exception of Appendix $V$ and the first table following the appendices) are based on the revised series.

[^2]:    1/ Average for statement week ending July 12.
    $\underline{\underline{2} /}$ Average for statement week ending September 13.

[^3]:    1/ The staff's projections for the Federal funds rate through mid-1979 are shown in appendix I and for velocity growth rates in appendix II.

    2/ Growth in measured M-1 is expected to slow in the fourth and subsequent quarters if the Board regulation with regard to automatic transfers from savings to demand deposits becomes effective November 1. No allowance has been made for such a slowing in the estimates presented in this blue book. Banks are just beginning to publish their pricing schedules for the automatic transfer service. Even after most are published, competitive pressures will undoubtedly tend to change them and in any event it will be very difficult to project the probable public response and the extent to which M-1 will become distorted. These uncertainties about the size of the resulting distortion in M-1 suggest the desirability of supplementing M-1 and M-2 with another measure that would be less affected than $\mathrm{M}-1$ and would still be a reasonable indicator of transactions demands for money. Such a measure-termed M-1+ and defined as M-1 plus savings deposits at commercial banks and transactions balances at thrift institutions--is presented in appendix V.

[^4]:    1/ Many banks offering information on their pricing plans mentioned termsfrequently involving monthly maintenance charges and per transfer feesthat would appeal mainly to their large household depositors, generally those with average balances in excess of $\$ 1,000$. Fragmentary information on the distribution of household checking balances by size of account indicates that such large accounts contain over one-half of total household balances.
    2/ The lower end of this range is based on 6 per cent of consumer demand deposits converting to savings in the first year, while the upper end is based on conversions of 18 per cent. The 1 to 3 percentage point range for the impact on M-1 growth reported in the July Bluebook was for the QII ' 78 to QII ' 79 period and the 1 to $3-1 / 2$ percentage point range given above is for the QIII ' 78 to QII ' 75 period.

[^5]:    $1 /$ Last observation charted is second quarter 1978.
    $\frac{1}{2} /$ Excluding NOW accounts at commercial banks.
    3/ Other transactions balances incluđe NOWs, demand deposits at MSBs and credit union share drafts.

[^6]:    NOTE: DATA SHOWN IN PARENTHESES ARE CURRENT PROJECTIONS. P - PRELIMINARY
    1/ INCLLUES TREASURY DEPOSITS AI MEMEER BANKS ANO FEDERAL RESERVE BANKS.

[^7]:    1/ GKLWTH RATES ARE BASED GN ESTIMAIED MGNTHLY AVERAGE LEVELS DERIVEO BY AVERAGING ENO OF CURRENT MONTH AND ENO OF
    PhrvIDUS MUNTH REPORTLC DATA.

