## **FEDERAL RESERVE statistical release**



#### G.17 (419)

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION AND CAPACITY UTILIZATION

In July, total industrial production increased 1.0 percent following declines in the previous two months. Manufacturing output rose 0.5 percent in July; the production of motor vehicles and parts jumped 5.2 percent, while factory output elsewhere edged up 0.1 percent. The index for mining moved up 0.5 percent, and the index

(over)

#### **Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization: Summary**

Seasonally adjusted

			2017=	100					I	Percent	change		
	2023						2023						July '22 to
Industrial production	Feb. <sup>r</sup>	Mar. <sup>r</sup>	Apr. <sup>r</sup>	May <sup>r</sup>	June <sup>r</sup>	July <sup>p</sup>	Feb. <sup>r</sup>	Mar. <sup>r</sup>	Apr. <sup>r</sup>	May <sup>r</sup>	June <sup>r</sup>	July <sup>p</sup>	July '23
	100 6	100.0						_	_		-		
Total index	102.6	102.6	103.1	102.7	101.9	102.9	0.	.1	.5	4	8	1.0	2
Previous estimates	102.6	102.7	103.3	102.8	102.2		.0	.1	.6	5	5		
Major market groups													
Find Date of the second	101.2	101.0	100.4	101.0	100.7	101.0	2	0	1.0	(	1.1	1.0	2
Final Products	101.2	101.2	102.4	101.8	100.7	101.9	2	.0	1.2	6	-1.1	1.2	.2
Consumer goods	102.2	102.4	103.8	103.0	101.5	102.9	.0	.2	1.3	/	-1.5	1.4	.2
Business equipment	96.5	95.4	96.5	96.0	95.7	96.6	/	-1.1	1.2	0	3	1.0	2
Nonindustrial supplies	100.9	100.5	100.0	99.9	99.4	99.6	2	4	5	1	4	.2	-2.6
Construction	102.8	100.9	101.7	101.5	101.2	101.0	-1.0	-1.8	.7	1	3	2	-2.7
Materials	104.2	104.6	104.8	104.5	103.7	104.8	.3	.3	.2	3	8	1.1	.3
Major industry groups													
Mapufacturing (acc note below)	00.0	00.0	00.8	00.6	00.0	00.5	2	o	o	2	5	5	7
Manufacturing (see note below)	99.9	99.0	99.8	99.0	99.0	99.5		0	.0	5	5		/
Previous estimates	99.9	99.1	100.1	99.9	99.0	117.0	.4	8	1.0	2	3	F	2.0
Mining	117.5	118.1	119.2	118.4	11/.3	117.9	-1.0	.5	.9	/	9	.5	2.0
Utilities	100.5	106.8	104.3	103.6	100.5	105.9	8	6.2	-2.3	/	-3.0	5.4	9
													Consoity
					Perce	nt of can	acity						growth
	Average	1988-	1990-	1994-	T CICC.								Browin
	1972-	89	91	95	2009	2022	2023						July '22 to
Capacity utilization	2022	high	low	high	low	July	Feb. <sup>r</sup>	Mar.r	Apr	Mav <sup>r</sup>	June <sup>r</sup>	Julv <sup>p</sup>	July '23
		8		8		j			<b>r</b>			j	
Total industry	79.7	85.2	78.8	85.0	66.6	80.7	79.5	79.5	79.8	79.4	78.6	79.3	1.6
Previous estimates							79.6	79.5	79.9	79.4	78.9		
Manufacturing (see note below)	78.2	85.6	77.3	84.6	63.4	79.3	78.5	77.8	78.3	78.0	77.5	77.8	1.2
Previous estimates							78.5	77.8	78.5	78.3	78.0		
Mining	86.4	86.3	84.3	88.6	78.9	91.2	91.9	92.4	93.2	92.6	91.8	92.4	.7
Utilities	84.7	93.2	84.7	93.2	78.1	75.5	69.6	73.8	71.8	71.1	68.8	72.3	3.5
			,										
Stage-of-process groups													
Crude	85.6	87.9	84.8	90.0	76.9	89.9	90.1	90.5	90.7	90.1	89.4	90.0	.5
Primary and semifinished	80.2	86.5	78.0	87.8	63.6	79.2	76.8	77.3	77.0	76.7	76.0	76.8	1.5
Finished	76.7	83.4	77.5	80.7	66.3	77.6	77.3	76.4	77.6	77.1	76.3	76.8	1.9
		I	l			l	I						

r Revised. p Preliminary.

Note. The statistics in this release cover output, capacity, and capacity utilization in the U.S. industrial sector, which is defined by the Federal Reserve to comprise manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities. Mining is defined as all industries in sector 21 of the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS); electric and gas utilities are those in NAICS sectors 2211 and 2212. Manufacturing comprises NAICS manufacturing industries (sector 31-33) plus the logging industry and the newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishing industries. Logging and publishing are classified elsewhere in NAICS (under agriculture and information, respectively), but historically they were considered to be manufacturing and were included in the industrial sector under the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) system. In December 2002 the Federal Reserve reclassified all its industrial output data from the SIC system to NAICS.

for utilities climbed 5.4 percent as very high temperatures in July raised demand for cooling. At 102.9 percent of its 2017 average, total industrial production in July was 0.2 percent below its year-earlier level. Capacity utilization moved up to 79.3 percent in July, a rate that is 0.4 percentage point below its long-run (1972–2022) average.

#### Market Groups

Most major market groups recorded growth in July. The production of consumer durables was boosted by a jump of 4.8 percent in the output of automotive products. Similarly, the abnormally hot weather in July lifted the indexes of energy consumer goods and energy materials, which advanced 3.7 percent and 2.1 percent, respectively. Elsewhere, there were gains of 1 percent in consumer nondurables, business equipment, as well as defense and space equipment. Of the major market groups, construction supplies recorded the only decline.

#### Industry Groups

Manufacturing output rose 0.5 percent in July; however, the growth rates for the previous three months were revised down. Altogether, the index for manufacturing in July was 0.7 percent below its year-earlier level. In July, the indexes for durable and nondurable manufacturing increased 0.8 percent and 0.1 percent, respectively. Other manufacturing (publishing and logging) advanced 1.3 percent.

Within durable manufacturing, gains of 1 percent or more were registered by motor vehicles and parts (5.2 percent), machinery (1.3 percent), and computer and electronic products (1.0 percent). In contrast, losses of 1 percent or more were recorded by electrical equipment, appliances, and components (1.7 percent); primary metals (1.2 percent); and furniture and related products (1.2 percent). Within nondurable manufacturing, modest declines in the indexes of paper, of plastics and rubber products, and of apparel and leather were more than offset by gains elsewhere.

Mining output grew 0.5 percent in July and was 2.0 percent above its year-earlier level. The output of utilities climbed 5.4 percent in July, bolstered by a jump of 6.7 percent for electric utilities.

Capacity utilization for manufacturing edged up to 77.8 percent in July, a rate that is 0.4 percentage point below its long-run (1972–2022) average. The operating rate for mining moved up 0.6 percentage point to 92.4 percent, 6 percentage points above its long-run average. The operating rate for utilities strengthened 3.5 percentage points to 72.3 percent, well below its long-run average.

#### **Release Dates for 2024**

In 2024, the G.17 release on Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization will be published at 9:15 a.m. on January 17, February 15, March 15, April 16, May 16, June 18, July 17, August 15, September 17, October 17, November 15, and December 17.

#### Tables

- 1. Industrial Production: Market and Industry Group Summary; percent change
- 2. Industrial Production: Special Aggregates and Selected Detail; percent change
- 3. Motor Vehicle Assemblies
- 4. Industrial Production: Market and Industry Group Summary; indexes
- 5. Industrial Production: Special Aggregates and Selected Detail; indexes
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- 8. Industrial Capacity
- 9. Gross Value of Final Products and Nonindustrial Supplies
- 10. Gross-Value-Weighted Industrial Production: Stage-of-Process Groups
- 11. Historical Statistics: Total Industry
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- 14. Historical Statistics: Manufacturing Excluding Selected High-Technology Industries
- 15. Industrial Production: Reliability Estimates

Further detail is available on the Board's website (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/).

1. Industrial production, capacity, and utilization



Note: The shaded areas are periods of business recession as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

#### 2. Industrial production and capacity utilization



Note: The shaded areas are periods of business recession as defined by the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER).

#### 3. Industrial production of selected industries



Notes: High-technology industries are defined as semiconductors and related electronic components (NAICS 3344), computers (NAICS 3341), and communications equipment (NAICS 3342). The shaded areas represent periods of business recession as defined by the NBER.

### Table 1 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: MARKET AND INDUSTRY GROUP SUMMARY

Percent change, seasonally adjusted

			Four	th quarte	er to										
Item		2022	fou	rth quar	ter	A 2022	nnual ra	te	2023		Month	ily rate			July '22
nem		proportion <sup>1</sup>	2020	2021	2022	04	2025 O1 <sup>r</sup>	O2 <sup>r</sup>	Feb. <sup>r</sup>	Mar. <sup>r</sup>	Apr. <sup>r</sup>	Mav <sup>r</sup>	June <sup>r</sup>	Julv <sup>p</sup>	July '23
		FreFerrer				<b>x</b> .	<b>x</b> -				<u>r</u>			•	
Total IP		100.00	-4.7	3.8	1.8	-2.5	3	.0	.0	.1	.5	4	8	1.0	2
MARKET GROUPS															
Final products and nonindustrial supplie	s	53.69	-3.3	3.4	2.0	-1.0	-2.7	2	2	2	.7	5	9	.9	6
Consumer goods		27.36	.0	1.6	1.2	.4	-2.4	1.9	.0	.2	1.3	7	-1.5	1.4	.2
Durable		5.93	6.7	3	3	-3.9	-4.1	11.7	.0	-1.1	4.4	.5	-3.2	2.7	.8
Automotive products		3.20	10.0	-5.5	1.9	-5.3	8	25.3	7	-1.7	8.6	.3	-4.3	4.8	4.8
Appliances furniture carpeting		92	41	10.8	-8.0	-7.2	-15.0	-15.7	-1.2	-1.8	-19	3	-3.8	1.0	-73
Miscellaneous goods		1.67	.2	9.3	5	-5.0	-4.6	3.0	.5	.2	3	1.6	-1.1	5	-2.8
Nondurable		21.43	-2.0	2.4	1.6	1.6	-2.0	6	.0	.6	.5	-1.0	-1.0	1.0	.0
Non-energy		15.34	4	1.4	1.0	1.7	3.3	-2.9	1	8	.6	8	9	.0	.0
Foods and tobacco		9.43	-8.3	.0	.0	-1.4	2.3	-5.9	6	-1.6	.8	9	-1.5	.0	-2.5
Chemical products		4.61	-1.6	3.9	3.3	7.5	5.8	-10.9	-5.5	.7	1.3	-2.3	-2.3	4	-5.5
Paper products		.75	-3.0	8	-4.3	8.9	5.1	-22.8	.0	-1.9	-4.8	6	.3	.7	-1.9
Energy		6.09	-7.8	6.4	3.1	1.5	-14.4	5.6	.3	4.4	.0	-1.8	-1.2	3.7	.3
Puoiness equinment		0 40	07	5.2	77	1.0	4.0	1 1	~	1 1	1.0	1	2	1.0	2
Dusiness equipment		8.40	-9./	5.5	21.4	-1.0	-4.0	-1.1	/	-1.1	1.2	0	5	1.0	2
Information processing		1.03	-6.2	9.5	7	-1.6	-5.5	9	.1	-1.0	-+.0	9	1.0	.5	2
Industrial and other		5.05	-7.1	7.2	6.8	-2.8	-1.4	-5.4	8	-1.1	.5	-1.1	3	.2	-2.1
Defense and space equipment		1.64	-8.6	4.9	2.3	6	.7	8.2	.4	.6	.1	1.3	1.6	1.0	5.2
Construction supplies		5 1 5	0	55	1 2	17	4	A 1	1.0	10	7	1	2	n	-27
Business supplies		10.56	-3.2	3.7	-1.5	-4.7	-3.4	-4.1	-1.0	-1.0	-1.1	1 1	5	2	-2.7
									_						
Materials		46.31	-6.5	4.4	1.6	-4.1	2.7	.2	.3	.3	.2	3	8	1.1	.3
Non-energy		27.30	-3.1	3.1	-1.1	-6.9	1.5	.7	.8	-1.0	.8	3	.0	.4	-1.2
Consumer parts		2.72	-4.3	-5.2	4.1	-5.5	-2.7	16.8	.4	-3.2	5.8	.0	-1.2	2.0	.1
Equipment parts		4.39	-6.9	6.9	1.0	-1.7	-2.2	2.0	.7	6	.7	3	.4	.7	1.2
Other		9.33	-4.3	3.5	.4	-6.4	-4.7	2.0	1	-1.2	1.3	.0	.4	2	-2.8
Nondurable		10.86	8	3.5	-4.5	-12.2	8.4	-4.9	1.4	3	9	8	3	.5	-3.0
lextile		.33	-6.3	1.3	-5.9	-12.6	5./	-4.0	-4.6	2.0	1.1	-1.1	-3.3	3.6	-3.0
Chemical		5.54	-0.4	6.5	-4.7	-14.3	17.8	-5.4	3.2	4	-1.2	-1.9	-2.7	1.2	-10.0
Energy		19.01	-12.6	7.2	5.4	3	4.2	6	5	2.2	7	2	-1.8	2.1	2.2
INDUSTRY GROUPS		74.33	3.0	25	6	3.2	3	1	3	Q	Q	3	5	5	7
Manufacturing (NAICS)	31–33	72.78	-3.0	3.7	.0	-3.6	5	1	.3	8	1.0	3	5	.5	6
Durable manufacturing		36.25	-3.9	3.5	2.5	-2.7	-1.9	3.2	.1	-1.1	1.6	.0	4	.8	.3
Wood products	321	1.83	2.1	.0	-3.6	-15.8	-2.8	1.2	4	.1	2	1	1.7	7	-5.5
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	2.24	.4	2.8	6.9	3.1	2.9	-9.8	.7	-3.4	3	.5	-1.7	2	-1.5
Figure Primary metals Fabricated metal products	331	2.94	-4.4	6.0 6.0	-5.5	-13.0	-1.8	-2.0	1.0	/	- 6	2	.9	-1.2	-2.0
Machinery	333	5.45	-6.8	8.2	4.9	.4	-2.7	-9.9	2	-2.0	.4	-1.5	-1.7	1.3	-2.2
Computer and electronic products	334	4.27	-2.1	6.7	-1.3	-2.1	-4.3	6.3	.9	5	1.3	3	1.5	1.0	2.4
Electrical equip., appliances,			-	a -					_			_			2.5
and components	335	2.02	3	3.2	1.0	-3.3	1.6	1.4	.0	-1.1	1.9	7	-1.0	-1.7	-2.7
Aerospace and miscellaneous	5501-5	5.00	2.1	-3.2	7.0	2.1	0	54.0	1	-2.0	10.0	.0	-3.9	3.2	10.5
transportation equipment	3364-9	2.94	-13.7	3	9.4	-2.3	-4.0	.2	-1.0	.0	-1.2	1.8	1.4	.6	1.1
Furniture and related products	337	1.08	-6.8	2.4	-2.8	-11.1	-10.4	-7.6	.0	8	-1.3	5	.4	-1.2	-8.5
Miscellaneous	339	2.54	-1.3	8.1	4.6	-4.5	-2.4	-4.0	8	.3	-1.5	3	2.5	6	9
Nondurable manufacturing		36.54	-2.1	39	-12	-4.6	1.0	-15	5	- 5	3	- 6	- 7	1	-1.6
Food, beverage, and tobacco products	311,2	11.91	.7	.1	.3	-1.6	1.9	-4.7	4	-1.5	1.0	8	-1.5	.0	-2.3
Textile and product mills	313,4	.57	-4.5	3.3	-8.2	-12.2	.4	-6.4	-2.9	1.2	6	.1	-2.8	3.1	-4.5
Apparel and leather	315,6	.19	-8.3	6.7	3.3	4.8	7.9	-9.2	-3.0	1.4	.0	-2.4	-2.2	1	-2.7
Paper Printing and support	322	2.37	-4.1	-1.1	-5.9	-14.6	-5.8	-6.1	5	.5	-1.9	.9	-1.2	7	-9.6
Petroleum and coal products	323	4.59	-0.1	18.2	-2.5	9	-0.0	-11.2	7	2	0	9	-4.0	.2	2.8
Chemicals	325	11.89	1	5.9	-1.5	-5.7	9.5	.0	2.4	8	.0	7	.7	.1	1.4
Plastics and rubber products	326	3.73	7	3.6	8	-10.8	-11.2	.1	-1.0	.2	.5	5	.1	4	-6.2
Other manufacturing (non NAICS)	1122 5111	1 55	1.0	20	2.0	1/1	07	22.2	4	21	7 2	1.0	2	1 2	_3.0
other manufacturing (non-INAICS)	1100,0111	1.55	-1.9	- <i>2</i> .8	-3.9	14.1	ð./	-33.2	.4	-3.1	-1.5	-1.0	.5	1.5	-3.0
Mining	21	15.20	-17.6	10.0	5.8	2	7.2	.6	-1.0	.5	.9	7	9	.5	2.0
Utilities	2211,2	10.47	-2.4	.0	4.3	4	-10.7	4	8	6.2	-2.3	7	-3.0	5.4	9
Electric	2211	8.89	-1.5	.4	2.6	-3.9	-7.2	-1.9	-1.1	4.9	-1.5	9	-3.5	6.7	5
inatural gas	2212	1.58	-8.2	-2.4	14.7	21.4	-27.8	9.1	.9	14.4	-/.1	.9	2	-2.0	-3./

r Revised. p Preliminary.

1. The proportion data are the relative weights for the rates of change for each series in the computation of the change in total industrial production in the following year.

Note. Under the industry groups, the figures to the right of the series descriptions are 2017 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) codes. The abbreviation pt denotes part of a NAICS code. Additional industry detail is available on the Board's website (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/20230816/default\_sup.htm). Under market groups, in the products category, miscellaneous consumer nondurables, oil and gas well drilling, and manufactured homes are not shown separately; in the nondurable materials category, containers and miscellaneous nondurable materials are not shown separately.

## Table 2 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: SPECIAL AGGREGATES AND SELECTED DETAIL Percent change, seasonally adjusted

			Fou	rth quarte	er to										
Iterre		2022	fou	irth quar	ter	A	nnual rat	e	2022		Month	ly rate			July '22
Item		2022 proportion	2020	2021	2022	2022	2025 01 <sup>r</sup>	$\Omega^{2^{r}}$	Eeh <sup>r</sup>	Mar <sup>r</sup>	Apr <sup>r</sup>	Mayr	Iune <sup>r</sup>	Iu1v <sup>p</sup>	Iuly '23
		proportion	2020	2021	2022	<u>ب</u>	Q1	22	100.	ivitai.	ripi.	may	June	July	July 25
Total industry		100.00	-4.7	3.8	1.8	-2.5	3	.0	.0	.1	.5	4	8	1.0	2
Energy		28.36	-12.2	7.6	5.0	.3	-1.3	.9	3	2.9	7	4	-1.7	2.4	1.5
Consumer products		6.09	-7.8	6.4	3.1	1.5	-14.4	5.6	.3	4.4	.0	-1.8	-1.2	3.7	.3
Commercial products	010111	2.75	-8.2	6.1	5.5	1.2	-6.4	1.1	1	4.5	-2.6	.9	-1.7	2.3	.6
Oil and gas well drilling	213111	.51	-48.0	53.1	11.8	/.6	-15.3	./	-2.9	2.0	1.3	8	-2.8	-1.8	-4.4
Drimory anargy		3.24	-5.8	4.2	2.7	-3.8	-4.5	4.1	.8	3.9	-1.0	0	-5.0	4.1	.2
Filmary energy		15.70	-10.4	8.0	0.2	.0	7.4	-2.2	9	.9	4	.0	-1.4	1.5	2.0
Non-energy		71.64	-2.4	2.8	.5	-3.6	.2	4	.2	-1.0	.9	3	5	.5	9
Selected high-technology industries		1.85	2.7	7.0	1.8	-1.3	-5.4	17.5	1.6	.4	2.2	.4	2.1	1.5	5.9
Computers and peripheral equipment	3341	.23	-8.8	18.4	12.2	11.6	6.2	19.9	8	.5	4.5	-1.0	2.1	.4	12.3
Communications equipment	3342	.39	2.3	18.5	10.8	-3.5	-20.7	-6.1	8	-1.1	6	1	.4	.7	-6.1
Semiconductors and related	2244	1.22	47	2.1	27	2.0	2.2	25.1	2.0	0	26	0	27	1.0	06
electronic components	3344	1.25	4.7	2.1	-2.1	-2.9	-2.3	23.1	2.9	.9	2.0	.9	2.7	1.9	8.0
Excluding selected high-technology															I
industries		69.79	-2.5	2.7	.5	-3.7	.3	9	.1	-1.1	.9	4	6	.4	-1.1
Motor vehicles and parts	3361-3	5.06	2.7	-5.2	7.0	2.1	8	34.6	1	-2.0	10.0	.8	-3.9	5.2	10.3
Motor vehicles	3361	2.37	7.1	-10.4	13.1	4.9	.5	45.6	8	-3.1	13.9	1.2	-6.1	8.8	16.4
Motor vehicle parts	3363	2.08	-1.2	-3.8	8.0	5.7	1.8	24.3	.7	-1.9	6.1	1.3	-1.0	2.5	9.7
Excluding motor vehicles and parts		64 73	-3.0	35	0	-4 1	4	-34	1	-1.0	2	- 5	- 3	0	-2.0
Consumer goods		18.52	.0	2.1	.3	.6	1.5	-3.6	.0	8	.2	6	9	.0	-1.0
Business equipment		7.20	-9.1	4.6	6.9	-2.5	-3.4	-4.8	7	-1.1	.2	7	.1	.3	-1.9
Construction supplies		5.15	9	5.4	-1.3	-4.7	.4	-4.1	-1.0	-1.8	.7	1	3	2	-2.7
Business supplies		7.43	-1.8	2.9	3	-3.8	-2.2	-7.6	.2	-1.3	7	6	2	4	-4.1
Materials		24.77	-3.7	3.9	-1.9	-8.0	1.7	-2.1	.7	9	.2	5	1	.2	-2.4
Measures excluding selected															
high-technology industries															
Total industry		98.15	-4.9	3.8	1.8	-2.5	2	3	.0	.1	.4	4	9	1.0	4
Manufacturing		72.49	-3.2	3.4	.5	-3.4	2	5	.3	9	.8	3	6	.4	8
Durable		34.55	-4.3	3.2	2.6	-2.8	-1.7	2.3	.1	-1.2	1.5	.0	6	.7	1
Massures excluding motor vohicles															
and parts															
Total industry		94.94	-5.2	4.5	1.6	-2.7	2	-1.7	.0	.2	1	4	6	.7	8
Manufacturing <sup>1</sup>		69.28	-3.5	4.3	.1	-3.7	3	-2.4	.4	8	.1	4	2	.1	-1.5
Durable		31.34	-5.1	5.1	1.8	-3.5	-2.1	-1.6	.2	-1.0	.2	1	.2	.0	-1.4
Manual and a large state															
Neasures excluding selected															
and motor vehicles and parts															
Total industry		93.09	-54	44	15	-27	- 1	-21	0	2	- 1	- 5	- 7	7	-1.0
Manufacturing <sup>1</sup>		67.43	-3.7	4.2	0	-3.8	- 1	-2.9	.0	- 8	0	- 4	- 3	.,	-1.7
		07.15	5.7	1.2	.0	5.0		2.7		.0	.0	. 1	.5	.1	
Stage-of-process components															
of non-energy materials,															
measures of the input to		0.02	= =	10	ć	2.2	7	4.4	=	1 1	1 0	2	0	1 1	1.2
Finished processors		9.02	-3.5	1.8	.0	-2.3	/	4.4	.5	-1.1	1.8	.2	ð	1.1	1.2
r finary and semifilished processors		10.20	-1./	5.0	-2.0	-9.1	2.1	-1.1	.9	7		0		.1	2.3

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1. The composition of manufacturing is specified in a note for the summary table.

## Table 3 MOTOR VEHICLE ASSEMBLIES

Millions of units, seasonally adjusted annual rate

	2022	2022		2023		2023					
Item	average	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July
Total	10.10	10.45	10.44	10.25	11.29	10.32	10.03	11.36	11.61	10.91	11.87
Autos	1.77	1.85	1.80	1.77	1.88	1.77	1.83	1.99	1.85	1.79	1.76
Trucks	8.34	8.60	8.64	8.48	9.41	8.55	8.20	9.37	9.76	9.11	10.11
Light	8.02	8.27	8.30	8.17	9.08	8.24	7.87	9.04	9.42	8.77	9.73
Medium and heavy	.32	.33	.34	.31	.34	.31	.32	.33	.34	.34	.38
<b>Memo</b> Autos and light trucks	9.78	10.12	10.10	9.93	10.95	10.00	9.71	11.03	11.27	10.56	11.49

Note. Seasonal factors and underlying data for auto, light truck, and medium and heavy truck production are available on the Board's website, www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/mvsf.htm

## Table 4 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEXES: MARKET AND INDUSTRY GROUP SUMMARY 2017 = 100, seasonally adjusted

		2022	2022		2022						
Item		2022 proportion	2022 Nov	Dec	2023 Ian	Feb <sup>r</sup>	Mar <sup>r</sup>	A pr <sup>r</sup>	Mayr	Iune <sup>r</sup>	In1vP
nem		proportion	1404.	Dec.	Jan.	100.	Iviai.	дрі.	wiay	June	July
Total IP		100.00	103.1	101.5	102.5	102.6	102.6	103.1	102.7	101.9	102.9
MARKET GROUPS											
Final products and nonindustrial supplies		53.69	102.2	100.9	101.3	101.2	101.0	101.7	101.3	100.3	101.3
Consumer goods		27.36	103.1	102.4	102.2	102.2	102.4	103.8	103.0	101.5	102.9
Durable		5.93	105.7	104.6	105.4	105.4	104.3	108.8	109.3	105.8	108.7
Automotive products		3.20	106.2	105.3	108.0	107.2	105.4	114.5	114.8	169.9	115.1
Application furniture competing		.14	100.8	160.5	105.1	103.0	103.1	108.5	10/./	109.5	1/1.2
Miscellaneous goods		.92	100.0	90.0	107.5	108.0	108.2	107.0	109.6	108.4	02.1
Nondurable		21.43	102.3	107.5	107.5	101.3	101.2	107.5	101.3	100.4	101.3
Non-energy		15 34	102.5	101.7	102.8	102.7	101.9	102.5	101.5	100.5	101.5
Foods and tobacco		9.43	101.2	99.8	102.3	101.8	100.2	101.0	100.1	98.6	98.6
Clothing		.17	95.2	94.7	98.3	95.0	96.5	96.1	93.9	91.5	91.2
Chemical products		4.61	106.6	106.6	107.0	108.2	108.9	110.4	109.9	109.7	109.6
Paper products		.75	82.6	81.6	83.9	83.9	82.3	78.3	77.9	78.2	78.7
Energy		6.09	102.6	103.1	96.6	96.9	101.2	101.2	99.4	98.2	101.9
Business equipment		8.40	97.5	95.9	97.2	96.5	95.4	96.5	96.0	95.7	96.6
Transit		1.63	73.0	72.5	72.3	71.3	70.4	73.2	74.2	73.1	75.9
Information processing		1.71	109.6	107.0	107.6	107.8	106.6	107.4	106.4	107.5	108.1
Industrial and other		5.05	106.7	105.0	107.1	106.3	105.1	105.6	104.4	104.1	104.2
Defense and space equipment		1.64	114.2	113.5	113.7	114.1	114.8	114.9	116.4	118.2	119.4
Construction supplies		5 1 5	102.0	101.0	102.0	102 0	100.0	101 7	101 5	101.2	101.0
Construction supplies Business supplies		10.56	102.9	00.5	00.0	102.8	100.9	00.2	00.1	08.6	00.0
Busiliess supplies		10.50	101.7	33.3	77.7	100.1	100.4	99.2	99.1	96.0	99.0
Materials		46 31	104.1	102.1	104.0	104.2	104.6	104.8	104 5	103 7	104.8
Non-energy		27.30	97.4	94.5	96.8	97.6	96.7	97.4	97.1	97.1	97.5
Durable		16.44	97.9	96.0	97.1	97.5	96.1	97.9	97.9	98.0	98.4
Consumer parts		2.72	90.2	90.4	91.2	92.5	89.6	94.8	95.3	94.1	95.9
Equipment parts		4.39	102.1	99.9	100.9	101.6	101.0	101.7	101.4	101.8	102.6
Other		9.33	98.4	95.9	97.2	97.1	95.9	97.1	97.1	97.5	97.3
Nondurable		10.86	96.8	92.3	96.5	97.8	97.6	96.7	95.9	95.6	96.0
Textile		.33	84.3	83.4	87.0	83.0	84.7	85.6	84.6	81.8	84.8
Paper		1.60	88.0	82.8	84.4	84.0	84.8	82.9	83.7	81.5	81.5
Chemical		5.54	96.2	90.3	96.5	99.7	99.3	98.1	96.3	97.0	98.2
Energy		19.01	114.7	114.1	115.1	114.6	117.2	116.3	116.1	114.0	116.4
Isonyampy Chaving											
INDUSTRY GROUPS		74 33	100.0	07.0	00.5	00.0	00.0	00.8	00.6	00.0	00.5
Manufacturing (NAICS)	31_33	72.78	100.0	08.3	99.5	100.3	99.0	100.4	100.2	99.0	100.1
Durable manufacturing	51-55	36.25	101.1	99.8	100.8	101.0	99.5	101.4	101.5	101.1	101.8
Wood products	321	1.83	97.3	94.1	95.7	95.3	95.4	95.3	95.2	96.8	96.1
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	2.24	110.3	110.3	112.1	112.9	109.0	108.8	109.3	107.5	107.2
Primary metals	331	2.94	92.0	90.2	92.0	93.5	92.8	95.4	95.2	96.0	94.9
Fabricated metal products	332	5.88	100.4	99.7	99.8	100.3	99.5	98.9	99.6	99.6	99.2
Machinery	333	5.45	105.1	102.8	104.6	104.4	102.3	102.7	101.2	99.4	100.8
Computer and electronic products	334	4.27	111.2	108.5	108.6	109.6	109.0	110.4	110.1	111.7	112.8
Electrical equip., appliances,											
and components	335	2.02	101.9	101.7	103.6	103.6	102.5	104.4	103.7	102.7	101.0
Motor vehicles and parts	3361-3	5.06	103.4	102.9	104.5	104.4	102.4	112.7	113.6	109.1	114.8
Aerospace and miscellaneous			07.0	06.0	06.0	06.0	05.0	010	06.4	07.6	00.1
	2264 0		· · · · ·	86.8	86.8	86.0	85.9	84.9	86.4	87.6	88.1
transportation equipment	3364-9	2.94	87.0	96.2	95.5	95.6	010	020	02.4	027	077
transportation equipment Furniture and related products	3364–9 337 330	2.94 1.08	87.0	86.3	85.5	85.6	84.8	83.8	83.4	83.7	82.7
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous	3364–9 337 339	2.94 1.08 2.54	87.0 87.1 109.6	86.3 107.7	85.5 109.3	85.6 108.3	84.8 108.6	83.8 107.0	83.4 106.6	83.7 109.3	82.7 108.7
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing	3364–9 337 339	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54	87.0 87.1 109.6	86.3 107.7 96.9	85.5 109.3	85.6 108.3	84.8 108.6 99.1	83.8 107.0 99.5	83.4 106.6 98.9	83.7 109.3 98.3	82.7 108.7 98.4
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food beverage and tobacco products	3364-9 337 339 311 2	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5	86.3 107.7 96.9	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1	82.7 108.7 98.4
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills	3364–9 337 339 311,2 313,4	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91 .57	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather	3364–9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91 .57 .19	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper	3364–9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91 .57 .19 2.37	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support	3364–9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91 .57 .19 2.37 1.28	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products	3364–9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91 .57 .19 2.37 1.28 4.59	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products Chemicals	3364–9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324 325	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91 .57 .19 2.37 1.28 4.59 11.89	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0 102.2	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4 98.0	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5 101.9	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3 104.3	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8 103.5	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7 103.5	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5 102.8	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6 103.5	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6 103.6
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products Chemicals Plastics and rubber products	3364–9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324 325 326	$\begin{array}{c} 2.94 \\ 1.08 \\ 2.54 \\ 36.54 \\ 11.91 \\ .57 \\ .19 \\ 2.37 \\ 1.28 \\ 4.59 \\ 11.89 \\ 3.73 \end{array}$	87.0 87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0 102.2 101.8	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4 98.0 99.9	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5 101.9 99.7	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3 104.3 98.7	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8 103.5 98.9	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7 103.5 99.4	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5 102.8 98.9	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6 103.5 99.0	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6 103.6 98.6
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products Chemicals Plastics and rubber products Other manufacturing (non-NAICS)	3364-9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324 325 326 <b>33,5111</b>	2.94 1.08 2.54 36.54 11.91 .57 .19 2.37 1.28 4.59 11.89 3.73 1.55	87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0 102.2 101.8 83.5	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4 98.0 99.9 83.9	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5 101.9 99.7 86.2	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3 104.3 98.7 86.6	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8 103.5 98.9 83.9	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7 103.5 99.4 77.8	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5 102.8 98.9 77.0	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6 103.5 99.0 77.2	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6 103.6 98.6 78.2
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products Chemicals Plastics and rubber products Other manufacturing (non-NAICS)	3364-9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324 325 326 <b>33,5111</b>	$\begin{array}{c} 2.94 \\ 1.08 \\ 2.54 \\ 36.54 \\ 11.91 \\ .57 \\ .19 \\ 2.37 \\ 1.28 \\ 4.59 \\ 11.89 \\ 3.73 \\ 1.55 \\ 1.52 \\ \end{array}$	87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0 102.2 101.8 83.5	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4 98.0 99.9 83.9	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5 101.9 99.7 86.2	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3 104.3 98.7 86.6	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8 103.5 98.9 83.9	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7 103.5 99.4 77.8	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5 102.8 98.9 77.0	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6 103.5 99.0 77.2	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6 103.6 98.6 78.2
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products Chemicals Plastics and rubber products Other manufacturing (non-NAICS) 11 Mining Utilities	3364-9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324 325 326 <b>33,5111</b> 21	$\begin{array}{c} 2.94 \\ 1.08 \\ 2.54 \\ 36.54 \\ 11.91 \\ .57 \\ .19 \\ 2.37 \\ 1.28 \\ 4.59 \\ 11.89 \\ 3.73 \\ 1.55 \\ 15.20 \\ 10.47 \end{array}$	87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0 102.2 101.8 83.5	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4 98.0 99.9 83.9 114.3 102.2	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5 101.9 99.7 86.2 118.7 101.2	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3 104.3 98.7 86.6 117.5	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8 103.5 98.9 83.9 118.1 106.8	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7 103.5 99.4 77.8 119.2	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5 102.8 98.9 77.0 118.4	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6 103.5 99.0 77.2 117.3 100.5	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6 103.6 98.6 78.2 117.9
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products Chemicals Plastics and rubber products Other manufacturing (non-NAICS)	3364-9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324 325 326 33,5111 211 2211,2 2211,2	$\begin{array}{c} 2.94 \\ 1.08 \\ 2.54 \\ 36.54 \\ 11.91 \\ .57 \\ .19 \\ 2.37 \\ 1.28 \\ 4.59 \\ 11.89 \\ 3.73 \\ 1.55 \\ 15.20 \\ 10.47 \\ 8.80 \end{array}$	87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0 102.2 101.8 83.5 116.6 105.8 104.5	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4 98.0 99.9 83.9 114.3 109.2 106.0	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5 101.9 99.7 86.2 118.7 101.3 101.1	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3 104.3 98.7 86.6 117.5 100.5 100.0	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8 103.5 98.9 83.9 118.1 106.8 104.8	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7 103.5 99.4 77.8 119.2 104.3 103.2	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5 102.8 98.9 77.0 118.4 103.6 102.2	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6 103.5 99.0 77.2 117.3 100.5 08 °	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6 103.6 98.6 78.2 117.9 105.9 105.4
transportation equipment Furniture and related products Miscellaneous Nondurable manufacturing Food, beverage, and tobacco products Textile and product mills Apparel and leather Paper Printing and support Petroleum and coal products Chemicals Plastics and rubber products Other manufacturing (non-NAICS) 11 Mining Utilities Electric Natural gas	3364-9 337 339 311,2 313,4 315,6 322 323 324 325 326 <b>33,5111</b> <b>21</b> <b>2211,2</b> 2211 2212	$\begin{array}{c} 2.94 \\ 1.08 \\ 2.54 \\ 36.54 \\ 11.91 \\ .57 \\ .19 \\ 2.37 \\ 1.28 \\ 4.59 \\ 11.89 \\ 3.73 \\ 1.55 \\ 15.20 \\ 10.47 \\ 8.89 \\ 1.58 \end{array}$	87.1 109.6 99.9 102.5 85.7 96.1 91.2 90.6 91.0 102.2 101.8 83.5 116.6 105.8 104.5 113.8	86.3 107.7 96.9 101.0 85.2 95.3 86.5 86.8 87.4 98.0 99.9 83.9 114.3 109.2 106.9 123.2	85.5 109.3 99.1 103.4 87.2 99.0 87.9 87.3 87.5 101.9 99.7 86.2 118.7 101.3 101.1 102.8	85.6 108.3 99.6 103.0 84.6 96.0 87.5 86.7 88.3 104.3 98.7 86.6 117.5 100.5 100.0 103.7	84.8 108.6 99.1 101.4 85.7 97.4 88.0 86.5 89.8 103.5 98.9 83.9 118.1 106.8 104.8 118.6	83.8 107.0 99.5 102.4 85.2 97.4 86.3 85.9 90.7 103.5 99.4 77.8 119.2 104.3 103.3 110.2	83.4 106.6 98.9 101.6 85.2 95.1 87.0 85.2 90.5 102.8 98.9 77.0 118.4 103.6 102.3 111.2	83.7 109.3 98.3 100.1 82.8 93.0 85.9 81.7 89.6 103.5 99.0 77.2 117.3 100.5 98.8	82.7 108.7 98.4 100.1 85.4 92.9 85.4 81.9 90.6 103.6 98.6 78.2 117.9 105.9 105.4 108.6

r Revised. p Preliminary. Note. Refer to the notes for table 1.

## Table 5 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION INDEXES: SPECIAL AGGREGATES 2017 = 100, seasonally adjusted

2022 2022 2023 July<sup>p</sup> Feb.r Item proportion Nov. Dec. Jan. Mar." Apr.<sup>r</sup> May June **Total industry** 100.00 103.1 101.5 102.5 102.6 102.6 103.1 102.7 101.9 102.9 111.1 110.8 109.6 109.3 109.3 111.9 Energy 28.36 112.4 111.6 1112 Consumer products 6.09 102.6 103.1 96.6 96.9 101.2 101.2 99.4 98.2 101.9 Commercial products 2.75 108.8 107.8 104.6 104.5 109.2 106.4 107.3 105.5 108.0 Oil and gas well drilling 213111 .51 108.1 107.6 105.0 101.9 103.9 105.3 104.5 101.5 99.7 105.3 110.0 Converted fuel 5.24 108.0 110.0 104.5 111.5 109.7 109.0 105.7 Primary energy 13.76 116.8 115.2 118.8117.8 118.8 118.4 118.4 116.8 118.3 71.64 100.0 98.0 99.9 100.0 99.0 99.9 99.6 99.1 99.5 Non-energy Selected high-technology industries 1 85 131.1 128.0 126.3 128.4 128.9 131.8 132.4 135.2 1373 3341 1499 1467 150.6 1494 150.1 156.9 1553 158.7 1593 Computers and peripheral equipment 23 Communications equipment 3342 .39 168.4 164.4 159.0 157.7 155.9 155.0 154.8 155.4 156.5 Semiconductors and related electronic components 3344 1.23 117.7 114.8 113.3 116.5 117.6 120.7 121.7 125.0 127.4 Excluding selected high-technology industries 69.79 99.2 97.2 99.1 99.2 98.2 99.1 98.7 98.1 98.6 Motor vehicles and parts 3361-3 5.06 103.4 102.9 104.5 104.4 102.4 112.7 113.6 109.1 114.8 120.9 Motor vehicles 3361 2.37113.0 112.2116.2115.2 111.7127.2128.7131.63363 Motor vehicle parts 2.08 97.0 97.4 97.6 98.3 96.5 102.4 103.7 102.7 105.3 Excluding motor vehicles and parts 64.73 98.9 96.7 98.7 98.8 97.9 98.0 97.6 97.3 97.3 18.52 101.9 101.0 102.4 102.4 101.3 100.4 Consumer goods 101.6 101.9 100.47 20 94.0 92.3 92.0 Business equipment 92.5 93.8 931 92.1 917 917 Construction supplies 5.15 102.8 100.9 103.7 102.7 100.8 101.6 101.4 101.1 100.8 Business supplies 7.43 98.6 96.0 97.7 97.9 96.6 95.9 95.4 95.2 94.8 24.77 93.3 95.9 95.6 95.9 95.4 95.3 95.5 Materials 96.4 96.5 Measures excluding selected high-technology industries Total industry 98.15 102.5 100.9 102.0 102.0 102.1 102.5 102.1 101.2 102.2 Manufacturing 72.49 99.2 97.1 98.8 99.1 98.2 99.0 98.7 98.1 98.5 Durable 34.55 99.4 98.2 99.4 99.4 98.3 99.8 99.8 99.2 100.0 Measures excluding motor vehicles and parts 94.94 103.1 101.4 102.5 102.5 102.7 102.6 102.2 101.5 102.3 Total industry Manufacturing 69.28 99.8 97.6 99.2 99.6 98.8 98.9 98.6 98.3 98.4 Durable 31.34 100.7 99.3 100.3 100.4 99.5 99.6 99.6 99.8 99.8 Measures excluding selected high-technology industries and motor vehicles and parts 93.09 102.5 100.8 101.9 102.0 101.5 100.8 101.9 102.1 101.5 Total industry Manufacturing 67.43 98.9 96.7 98.4 98.7 97.9 98.0 97.6 97.3 97.4 Stage-of-process components of non-energy materials, measures of the input to Finished processors 9.02 95.3 93.4 94.5 95.0 94.0 95.7 95.8 95.1 96.1 Primary and semifinished processors 18.28 98.2 98.2 98.5 97.9 98.3 98.4 98.7 95.3 99.1

r Revised. p Preliminary.

1. The composition of manufacturing is specified in a note for the summary table.

#### Table 6 DIFFUSION INDEXES OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Percent												
Item	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
One month earlier												
2021	63.5	28.7	71.6	53.7	62.8	54.4	59.8	54.4	45.6	60.8	57.8	45.3
2022	42.2	62.5	59.1	57.4	44.6	49.3	58.8	40.2	54.7	52.0	41.9	32.8
2023	66.6	50.0	42.2	56.8	50.0	43.1						
Three months earlier												
2021	67.9	44.3	57.8	52.0	65.2	57.8	57.4	59.8	53.0	57.1	59.5	60.8
2022	50.7	57.3	63.8	69.3	54.1	52.0	53.7	52.0	56.8	52.4	48.3	32.1
2023	43.6	47.3	56.1	52.0	53.4	50.0						
Six months earlier												
2021	77.0	56.1	67.2	60.5	60.1	58.4	53.4	65.2	58.4	63.9	68.2	64.2
2022	59.1	62.8	67.6	65.5	59.7	57.0	63.2	52.7	51.0	50.7	50.0	42.9
2023	42.6	48.0	39.5	47.3	48.6	55.7						

Note. The diffusion indexes are calculated as the percentage of series that increased over the indicated span (one, three, or six months) plus one-half the percentage that were unchanged.

Item		2022	2022	1994- 95	2009	2022	2023		2023					
		proportion	ave.	high	low	Q4	Q1 <sup>r</sup>	Q2 <sup>r</sup>	Feb. <sup>r</sup>	Mar. <sup>r</sup>	Apr. <sup>r</sup>	May <sup>r</sup>	June <sup>r</sup>	July <sup>p</sup>
Total industry		100.00	79.7	85.0	66.6	79.9	79.6	79.3	79.5	79.5	79.8	79.4	78.6	79.3
Manufacturing <sup>1</sup>		74.13	78.2	84.6	63.4	78.5	78.2	77.9	78.5	77.8	78.3	78.0	77.5	77.8
Manufacturing (NAICS)	31-33	72.54	78.2	84.7	63.3	78.5	78.1	78.0	78.4	77.7	78.4	78.1	77.6	77.8
Durable manufacturing		37.23	76.8	83.7	58.2	76.3	75.6	75.9	75.9	75.0	76.1	76.0	75.6	76.1
Wood products	321	1.82	76.8	86.6	48.4	80.5	79.7	79.8	79.5	79.6	79.4	79.3	80.6	80.1
Nonmetallic mineral products	327	2.09	73.4	82.4	43.8	83.5	84.1	81.9	85.2	82.3	82.1	82.5	81.1	80.9
Primary metals	331	3.37	77.8	95.1	49.4	69.2	69.0	70.9	69.6	69.0	70.8	70.6	71.3	70.4
Fabricated metal products	332	5.85	78.0	83.7	63.5	78.9	78.5	78.1	78.9	78.2	77.8	78.3	78.3	78.0
Machinery	333	4.97	77.9	87.5	58.6	84.5	83.7	81.3	84.2	82.5	82.7	81.4	79.9	80.9
Computer and electronic products	334	4.77	//.1	84.5	69.9	69.8	68.2	68.4	68.5	67.9	68.5	68.0	68.6	69.0
Electrical equip., appliances,	225	1.06	01.0	02.4	66 5	78.0	78.0	78.0	70.2	77.2	707	78.0	77.0	75 0
Motor vahialas and parts	2261 2	1.90	81.8 74.0	92.4	22.0	78.0	72.6	78.0	73.0	71.5	78.7	78.0	75.9	70.6
Aerospace and miscellaneous	5501-5	5.52	74.9	87.0	55.0	13.2	72.0	//.0	/5.0	/1.5	78.5	79.0	13.8	79.0
transportation equipment	3364-9	3.47	73.9	72.0	72.2	68.6	67.9	67.9	67.6	67.6	66.8	67.9	68.9	69.3
Furniture and related products	337	1.07	77.5	82.8	53.4	75.6	73.5	72.0	73.7	73.1	72.2	71.8	72.1	71.2
Miscellaneous	339	2.33	77.0	81.0	68.1	84.2	82.5	80.6	82.2	82.0	80.4	79.9	81.5	80.8
Nondurable manufacturing		35.31	80.0	86.1	68.7	80.8	80.8	80.2	81.0	80.6	80.8	80.2	79.6	79.7
Food, beverage, and tobacco products	311,2	11.45	80.4	85.3	75.3	80.3	80.4	79.1	80.8	79.4	80.1	79.3	78.0	77.9
Textile and product mills	313,4	.63	78.3	91.7	54.1	69.2	69.6	68.9	68.7	69.6	69.4	69.6	67.8	70.0
Apparel and leather	315,6	.19	75.8	87.3	58.6	76.1	77.1	75.1	76.0	76.9	76.9	75.0	73.3	73.2
Paper	322	2.09	86.6	92.7	72.7	83.6	82.5	81.4	82.2	82.8	81.2	82.0	81.1	80.6
Printing and support	323	1.19	/9.5	85.4	58.8 75.0	84.1	82.7	80.7	82.0	82.0	82.2	81.0	/8.4	/8./
Chamicals	324	4.28	85.5	91.1	64.0	87.0	80.3	88.0	86.0	87.5	88.4	88.2	87.4	88.4
Plastics and rubber products	325	3.53	82.1	93.2	04.9 56.9	80.6	80.0 77.8	77.5	77.5	77.5	80.0 77.8	79.5	77.3	76.8
rasties and rubber products	520	5.55	02.1	15.2	50.7	00.0	//.0	11.5	11.5	11.5	//.0	11.5	11.5	/0.0
Other manufacturing (non-NAICS)	1133,5111	1.59	79.6	83.3	64.3	78.7	81.5	74.6	82.4	80.2	74.7	74.3	74.8	76.1
Mining	21	15.11	86.4	88.6	78.9	90.9	92.4	92.6	91.9	92.4	93.2	92.6	91.8	92.4
Utilities	2211,2	10.77	84.7	93.2	78.1	73.9	71.3	70.6	69.6	73.8	71.8	71.1	68.8	72.3
Selected high-technology industries		1.97	77.4	86.3	71.3	74.3	71.5	72.6	71.8	71.5	72.5	72.2	73.1	73.6
Computers and peripheral equipment	3341	.26	76.7	86.8	82.7	75.0	75.0	77.1	74.7	74.6	77.5	76.3	77.5	77.3
Communications equipment	3342	.44	75.5	86.1	77.3	72.8	67.0	64.4	67.1	65.8	64.9	64.3	64.0	64.0
Semiconductors and related	2244	1.27	70.1	02.4	62.0	745	72.2	74.2	707	70 7	72.0	72.0	75 1	75.0
electronic components	3344	1.27	/9.1	92.4	63.0	74.5	12.2	74.3	12.1	12.1	/3.9	/3.9	/5.1	/5.9
Measures excluding selected														
Total industry		98.03	79.8	84 9	66.3	80.1	79 7	794	797	79 7	79 9	79 5	78 7	794
Manufacturing <sup>1</sup>		72.16	78.3	84.5	62.9	78.6	78.4	78.1	78.7	77.9	78.5	78.2	77.6	77.9
		,2.10	. 0.0	0110				, 5.1				. 0.2		
STAGE-OE-PROCESS CROUPS														
Crude		19 34	85.6	90.0	76.9	88 5	90.2	90.1	90.1	90.5	90.7	90.1	894	90.0
Primary and semifinished		45.61	80.2	87.8	63.6	78.1	77.0	76.5	76.8	77.3	77.0	76.7	76.0	76.8
Finished		35.05	76.7	80.7	66.3	77.4	77.1	77.0	77.3	76.4	77.6	77.1	76.3	76.8
			,	0017	00.0	,,,,,	, , , , 1	,,		,	,,,,,	,,,,1	, 0.0	, 0.0
		1												

## Table 7 CAPACITY UTILIZATION Percent of capacity, seasonally adjusted

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1. The composition of manufacturing is specified in a note for the summary table.

#### Table 8 INDUSTRIAL CAPACITY Percent change

													Monthly
	A	Average ar	nnual rate		Fourth	quarter to	o fourth c	luarter		Annual	rate		rate
Item	1972-	1980-	1989-	1995-					2022	2023			2023
	79	88	94	2023	2020	2021	2022	2023	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	July
Total industry	3.1	1.9	2.3	1.6	8	-2.0	.9	1.5	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	.1
Manufacturing <sup>1</sup>	3.3	2.2	2.6	1.4	-1.0	-1.0	.7	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	.1
Mining Utilities	.7 4.4	.1 2.2	7 1.8	.9 1.8	-2.8 2.4	-9.9 2.3	1.9 3.1	4 3.5	2.1 3.4	.8 3.5	3 3.5	9 3.5	1 .3
Selected high-technology industries	18.6	16.7	16.0	15.9	5.2	3.7	6.5	10.5	8.7	9.8	10.5	10.8	.9
Manufacturing <sup>1</sup> ex. selected high-technology industries	2.6	1.3	1.6	.4	-1.2	-1.2	.6	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	.1
STAGE-OF-PROCESS GROUPS Crude	1.5	.5	5	.7	-2.5	-8.1	1.2	4	1.5	.6	3	9	1
Primary and semifinished	3.0	1.4	2.5	1.6	3	8	1.1	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.4	1.4	.1
Finished	3.9	3.2	2.8	1.5	7	.1	1.3	2.2	1.7	2.0	2.2	2.2	.2

1. The composition of manufacturing is specified in a note for the summary table.

## Table 9 GROSS VALUE OF FINAL PRODUCTS AND NONINDUSTRIAL SUPPLIES Billions of 2012 dollars at annual rate, seasonally adjusted 2022 2023

,,,.,											
			2022	2023		2023					
Item	2012	2022	Q4	Q1 <sup>r</sup>	Q2 <sup>r</sup>	Feb. <sup>r</sup>	Mar.r	Apr. <sup>r</sup>	May <sup>r</sup>	June <sup>r</sup>	July <sup>p</sup>
Final products and nonindustrial supplies	4,005.8	4,190.5	4,198.1	4,162.5	4,184.5	4,162.6	4,160.2	4,211.0	4,195.3	4,147.3	4,198.6
Final products	2,986.7	3,098.8	3,113.1	3,085.9	3,115.3	3,086.9	3,084.0	3,140.7	3,124.0	3,081.3	3,129.8
Consumer goods	2,189.9	2,356.9	2,358.1	2,338.8	2,363.8	2,339.4	2,342.9	2,386.8	2,372.2	2,332.3	2,370.5
Durable	431.0	543.8	542.9	540.3	563.6	542.8	535.0	570.8	571.1	549.0	568.2
Automotive products	284.6	382.7	384.6	385.9	411.7	387.6	380.5	418.7	418.0	398.4	417.9
Other durable goods	146.4	161.2	158.6	155.0	153.5	155.7	154.9	153.8	154.7	151.9	152.1
Nondurable	1,758.9	1,809.7	1,811.2	1,794.6	1,796.4	1,792.8	1,804.0	1,812.2	1,797.4	1,779.6	1,798.6
Equipment, total	796.8	753.7	767.2	759.2	763.6	759.6	752.9	766.0	763.9	760.9	771.4
Business and defense	761.5	730.8	743.9	737.6	741.8	738.3	731.4	744.0	742.0	739.4	750.4
Business	632.8	600.5	612.3	605.8	607.7	606.7	599.4	611.5	608.0	603.7	613.0
Defense and space	128.8	129.7	130.8	131.1	133.8	131.0	131.7	131.9	133.6	135.9	137.4
Nonindustrial supplies	1,019.1	1,092.2	1,085.6	1,077.1	1,069.9	1,076.2	1,076.8	1,071.1	1,071.9	1,066.7	1,069.6
Construction supplies	243.9	276.1	272.6	272.4	269.8	273.1	268.6	270.5	270.0	269.0	268.2
Business supplies	775.2	814.7	812.1	803.3	798.9	801.5	807.8	799.2	800.9	796.5	800.6
Commercial energy products	273.7	308.6	312.3	306.6	309.3	302.0	315.4	307.6	312.0	308.2	314.7

r Revised. p Preliminary.

## Table 10 GROSS-VALUE-WEIGHTED INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: STAGE-OF-PROCESS GROUPS

Percent change, seasonally adjusted

		Fou	rth quart	er to										
		fo	urth quar	ter	4	Annual ra	ate			Month	nly rate			July '22
Item	2022				2022	2023		2023						to
	gross value1	2020	2021	2022	Q4	Q1 <sup>r</sup>	Q2 <sup>r</sup>	Feb. <sup>r</sup>	Mar. <sup>r</sup>	Apr. <sup>r</sup>	May <sup>r</sup>	June <sup>r</sup>	July <sup>p</sup>	July '23
Finished	2,381.4	-1.5	1.4	4.0	5	.1	3.5	4	-1.1	2.5	4	-1.4	1.3	1.3
Semifinished	1,993.5	-2.7	2.7	1.5	-1.7	-3.9	.2	.0	1	.8	4	-1.1	1.4	8
Primary	1,821.2	-8.8	7.3	6	-3.9	-4.3	2.2	1.4	1.9	7	2	9	1.1	7
Crude	930.8	-7.9	5.8	4	-8.6	9.6	-1.8	.9	.1	1	7	8	.8	6

r Revised. p Preliminary.

1. Billions of 2012 dollars.

Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
<b>IP</b> $(percent change)^1$	- 5	- 7	- 3	- 4	- 5	- 5	- 6	- 1	- 5	- 3	- 6	0	-4.8	-5.0	-54	-43	-3.0
2002	.7	.0	.7	.5	.4	.8	.0	1	.1	3	.5	6	3.0	6.3	2.5	2	.3
2003	.0	.6	4	0	.0	8	.7	2	.1	.1	.2	.8	2.9	2.3	2.3	5.8	2.7
2005		.,	1	.2	.1	.+	5	.5	-1.9	- 1	0	1.0	3.0	2.5	-1.7	1.0	23
2007	4	1.0	.2	.7	.0	.0	2	.2	.2	3	.6	.1	4.2	4.7	.3	1.3	2.6
2008	-2.5	6	-1.6	8	-1.0	3	1.2	1.1	.9	.2	-1.5	-2.0	-20.7	-10.6	7.0	6.4	-11.4
2010	- 2	.5	./	.4	1.4	.2	.4	.4	.5	5	.1	5	2.2	1.6	4.5	1.7	3.1
2011 2012 2013	.6	.3	5	.7	.2	.0	.2	4	1 1	.3	.0	.3	4.1	2.5	1	2.0	3.1
2013	4	.5	1.0	1	.1	.2	5	2	.3	1	.6	.0	2.8	5.6	2.3	2.4	3.0
2015	0	7	5	0	5	5	.0	2	5	5	/	5	-4.4	-5.5	.5	-3.4	-1.4
2017 2018	2	4	.6	1.0	.1	.2	2	4	.1	1.2	.3	.2	.3	5.7	-1.2	5.7	1.3
2019	6	5	.0	6	.2	.1	5	.7	2	9	.5	3	-3.7	-2.4	.2	-2.2	7
2021	8	-3.5	2.9	2	9	4	6	.>	-1.1	13	9	- 3	1.4	6.5	3.2	4.2	4 4
2022 2023	.1	.6	.8	.3	.0	1	.4	.1	.3	1	3	-1.5	3.7	4.1	2.1	-2.5	3.4
<b>IP</b> $(2017=100)$	110	10		10		10	110						10	10			
2021 2022	98.8 101.0	95.4 101.7	98.1 102.5	98.3 102.8	99.2 102.8	99.5 102.7	100.1 103.1	100.1 103.2	99.1 103 5	100.3 103.4	101.2	100.9 101.5	97.4 101.7	99.0 102.8	99.8 103 3	100.8 102.7	99.2 102.6
2023	102.5	102.6	102.6	103.1	102.7	101.9	102.9	10012	10010	10011	10011	10110	102.6	102.6	10010	1020	10210
<b>Capacity</b> (percent of 2017 output)																	
2021 2022	129.3 127.2	129.0 127.2	128.7 127.3	128.4 127.4	128.2 127.5	127.9 127.6	127.7 127.7	127.5 127.9	127.4 128.1	127.3 128.2	127.2 128.4	127.2 128.6	129.0 127.2	128.2 127.5	127.5 127.9	127.2 128.4	128.0 127.8
2023	128.8	128.9	129.1	129.3	129.4	129.6	129.7						128.9	129.4			
Utilization (percent)																	
2001 2002	79.3 74.1	78.6 74.0	78.1 74.4	77.6 74.7	77.0 75.0	76.3 75.5	75.7 75.5	75.4 75.4	74.8 75.5	74.4 75.3	73.8 75.7	73.7 75.3	78.7 74.1	77.0 75.1	75.3 75.4	74.0 75.4	76.2 75.0
2003 2004	76.0 77.2	76.1 77.6	75.9 77.4	75.5 77.7	75.5 78.3	75.6 77.7	76.0 78.2	75.8 78.3	76.3 78.4	76.4 79.1	77.0 79.2	77.0 79.8	76.0 77.4	75.5 77.9	76.1 78.3	76.8 79.4	76.1
2005	80.0	80.5	80.4	80.4	80.4	80.7	80.3	80.5	78.8	79.6	80.4	80.7	80.3	80.5	79.9	80.2	80.2
2006 2007	80.7 80.1	80.6 80.7	80.7 80.7	80.8 81.1	80.7 81.0	80.8 80.8	80.6 80.6	80.8 80.7	80.5 80.9	80.2 80.6	80.0 81.1	80.6 81.1	80.7 80.5	80.7 81.0	80.6 80.7	80.3 80.9	80.6 80.8
2008	81.1 69.8	80.8	80.6 68.1	80.1 67.5	79.7	79.5	79.1 67.3	77.8	74.3	75.0	73.9	71.7	80.8	79.8	77.1	73.5	77.8
2010	70.6	71.0	71.6	72.0	73.2	73.5	73.9	74.3	74.7	74.5	74.7	75.5	71.1	72.9	74.3	74.9	73.3
2011	75.3	75.0 77.2	75.8 76.6	75.5 77.1	75.6 77.1	75.7 76.9	76.0 77.0	76.4 76.5	76.2 76.4	76.6 76.5	76.5 76.7	76.8 76.8	75.4 77.0	75.6 77.0	76.2 76.6	76.6 76.6	76.0 76.8
2012	76.7	76.9	77.1	77.0	77.0	77.0	76.7	77.1	77.5	77.3	77.5	77.6	76.9	77.0	77.1	77.4	77.1
2014 2015	78.6	77.8	78.5 77.8	78.5	77.0	78.9 76.7	79.0	78.8 77.1	79.0 76.9	78.9 76.6	79.4 76.0	79.3 75.6	78.2	77.0	78.9 77.1	79.2 76.1	77.1
2016	76.0	75.6	75.1	75.3	75.1	75.4	75.5	75.4 76.4	75.3	75.3	75.0	75.5	75.6	75.2	75.4	75.3	75.4
2017	78.2	78.6	79.0	79.9	79.2	79.8	79.9	80.4	80.4	80.3	80.3	80.2	78.6	79.6	80.3	80.3	79.7
2019	79.7	79.2	74.5	64.6	65.6	70.0	78.2	73.4	78.5	74.1	74.6	75.6	79.3	66.7	78.5	74.8	78.6
2021	76.4	73.9	76.2	76.5	77.4	77.8	78.4	78.5	77.8	78.8	79.5	79.3	75.5	77.2	78.2	79.2	77.6
2022 2023	79.4	79.9	79.5	79.8	79.4	78.6	79.3	80.7	80.8	80.0	80.3	78.9	79.6	79.3	80.8	79.9	80.3
													1				1

## Table 11 HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Total Industry Seasonally adjusted Seasonally adjusted

1. Quarterly percentage changes are at annual rates. Annual percentage changes are calculated from annual averages.

Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
<b>IP</b> ( <i>percent</i> <i>change</i> ) <sup>2</sup> 2001	4	7	2	4	5	6	5	4	4	4	4	.2	-5.6	-5.3	-5.8	-4.0	-3.6
2002	.7	.0	.7	.3	.5	1.0	1	.1	.1	3	.5	6	3.6	5.8	3.2	4	.5
2003	.8 1	1	.1	8 .4	.1	.4 7	.5	5	.8 .0	.1	.9	1	2.1	-2.2	4.0	4.4 5.5	3.1
2005	.6	.8	5	.4	.3	.2	4	.5	-1.1	1.4	.9	.1	6.4	2.6	6	6.1	4.1
2006	.8	3	.0	.3	2	.3	3	.7	.1	4	.1	1.5	3.9	.7	1.1	1.6	2.6
2007 2008	3 2	.3	.8	.6 -1.0	1 6	.3	1 -1.1	3	.3 -3.4	2	.5	.2 -3.4	4.7	5.5 -8.4	.1	-22.0	-4.8
2009	-3.2	1	-1.8	7	-1.0	2	1.6	1.1	1.0	.1	1.0	2	-24.7	-10.3	9.1	7.1	-13.8
2010	1.0	1	1.3	.8	1.3	.0	.5	.1	.1	.1	.1	.5	6.6	10.4	4.3	1.6	5.9
2011	.1	.1	.6	6	.0	.1	.6	.4	.3	.5	2	.7	3.0	2	4.2	3.9	2.9
2012	2	.4	1	3	.3	.2	8	.9	.1	.1	.0	2	2.8	.1	.2	1.6	.9
2014	-1.1	.9 - 8	.9 4	0. 0	.3	.3	.4	6 - 3	.0	1	.7	2	-1.1	4.8	1.4	.3	1.1
2015	.0	.0		.0	.0		.,	.5	.5	.1	.5	.5	5.1	1.0	.0	2.7	
2016 2017	.4	4 1	1 4	2 1.1	1 1	.2	.0 4	3 2	.2	.1 1.1	1 .1	2	6 1	-1.2 3.0	-2.0	.5 4.0	8
2018	4	1.0	1	.7	9	.6	.0	.3	.0	5	3	.3	.4	2.3	1.6	-1.7	1.3
2019	2	.2	-4.6	-15.5	4.4	7.7	3.6	1.5	.0	.8	.6	.6	-5.0	-44.0	53.9	8.0	-6.6
2021	1.0	-3.9	3.0	.1	1.1	1	1.0	3	9	1.3	.9	1	1	5.9	3.4	4.9	5.0
2022	6	1.2	.8	.1	4	4	.2	.2	.2	.1	7	-2.1	3.0	2.7	.1	-3.3	2.7
2023	1.7	.5	0	.0	5	5	.9						5	1			
<b>IP</b> (2017=100) 2021	97.2	93.4	96.2	96.3	97.4	97.3	98.3	98.0	97.1	98.4	99.3	99.2	95.6	97.0	97.8	99.0	97.4
2022	98.7	99.8	100.6	100.8	100.4	100.0	100.2	100.4	100.6	100.8	100.0	97.9	99.7	100.4	100.4	99.6	100.0
2023 <b>Capacity</b> (percent of	99.5	99.9	99.0	99.8	99.6	99.0	99.5						99.5	99.5			
2017 output)	126.0	126.8	126.6	126.5	126.3	126.2	126.1	126.0	126.0	125.0	125.0	125.0	126.8	126.3	126.0	125.0	126.3
2021	120.9	120.8	120.0	120.3	120.3	126.2	126.3	126.4	126.6	125.9	125.9	125.9	120.8	120.3	120.0	125.9	126.3
2023	127.1	127.2	127.3	127.5	127.6	127.8	127.9						127.2	127.6			
Utilization																	
2001	77.0	76.2	75.8	75.2	74.6	73.9	73.4	72.9	72.5	72.0	71.7	71.7	76.3	74.6	72.9	71.8	73.9
2002	72.1	72.0 73.9	72.5 74.0	72.6 73.4	73.0 73.5	73.7 73.8	73.6 74.1	73.6 73.7	73.7 74.4	73.5 74.5	73.8 75.1	73.4 75.1	72.2	73.1 73.6	73.6 74.1	73.5 74 9	73.1 74.1
2003	75.1	75.7	75.7	76.0	76.5	76.0	76.7	77.0	77.0	77.7	77.6	78.1	75.5	76.2	76.9	77.8	76.6
2005	78.5	79.0	78.5	78.7	78.8	78.8	78.4	78.6	77.6	78.6	79.1	79.0	78.7	78.8	78.2	78.9	78.6
2006	79.5	79.2	79.0	79.1	78.8	78.9	78.5	78.9	78.8	78.3	78.2	79.2	79.2	79.0	78.8	78.6	78.9
2007 2008	78.7	78.8	79.2	79.5	79.3	79.3	79.1	74.5	78.8	78.5	78.8 69.9	78.9 67.7	78.9	79.4	78.9	78.8 69.8	79.0
2009	65.6	65.6	64.4	64.1	63.5	63.4	64.5	65.3	66.1	66.2	66.9	66.9 72.1	65.2	63.7	65.3	66.7	65.2
2010	01.1	01.1	00.7		10.5	70.4	10.9	/ 1.1	71.5	71.5	,1.,	72.1		70.0	/ 1.1	71.0	70.2
2011 2012	72.2	72.4 74.9	72.9 74.4	72.6 74.7	72.6 74.3	72.7 74.5	73.1 74.2	73.4 74.1	73.5 73.8	73.9 73.6	73.7 74.0	74.1 74.5	72.5 74.7	72.6 74.5	73.3 74.0	73.9 74.0	73.1
2013	74.2	74.5	74.4	74.1	74.3	74.5	73.9	74.5	74.6	74.7	74.7	74.6	74.4	74.3	74.4	74.7	74.4
2014 2015	73.9	74.6 75.7	75.3 76.1	75.3 76.2	75.6 76.2	75.9 76.0	76.3 76.6	76.0 76.4	76.1 76.2	76.0 76.1	76.7 75.9	76.6 75.7	74.6 76.0	75.6 76.1	76.1 76.4	76.4 75.9	75.7 76.1
2016	76.0	75.6	75 5	75.4	75.2	75 4	75.4	75 1	75.2	75.4	75.2	75.4	75 7	75.4	75.2	75.4	75.4
2010	75.5	75.5	75.3	76.3	76.3	76.4	76.2	76.2	76.3	75.4	77.4	75.4	75.7	76.3	76.2	75.4	75.4
2018	77.1	77.9	77.9	78.5	77.9	78.4	78.5	78.8	78.8	78.5	78.3	78.5	77.6	78.3	78.7	78.4	78.3
2019	76.9	77.1	73.6	62.2	65.0	70.1	70.8	73.8	73.9	74.6	75.2	75.7	75.9	65.8	73.5	75.2	72.6
2021	76.6	737	76.0	76.2	77 1	77 1	78.0	77 8	77 1	78.2	78 9	78.8	754	76.8	77.6	78.6	77 1
2022	78.4	79.3	79.9	79.9	79.6	79.2	79.3	79.4	79.5	79.5	78.9	77.1	79.2	79.6	79.4	78.5	79.2
2023	78.3	78.5	77.8	78.3	78.0	77.5	77.8						78.2	77.9			

## Table 12 HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Manufacturing<sup>1</sup> Seasonally adjusted New June July Aug Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Q1 Q2

 1. The composition of manufacturing is specified in a note for the summary table.

 2. Quarterly percentage changes are at annual rates. Annual percentage changes are calculated from annual averages.

Vear	Ian	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Iune	Iuly	Διισ	Sent	Oct	Nov	Dec	01	02	03	04	Annual
<b>IP</b> $(percent change)^2$	Juii.	100.	iviai.	<i></i>	iviay	June	July	nug.	Sept.	000	1107.	Dec.	Q1	<u>Q</u> 2	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>	Timuar
2001	5	6	3	3	5	4	4	1	6	3	5	2	-5.6	-4.4	-4.3	-4.5	-3.9
2002	.8	1 - 1	./ - 4	.5 - 8	.4	.8	1	2 - 4	.1	3	.5	6	2.7	-4.6	1.9	8 2.6	.3
2004	.1	.6	4	.4	.7	8	.8	.0	.1	.9	.2	.7	1.9	2.2	2.0	5.3	1.8
2005	.2	.6	2	.1	.0	.4	4	.2	-2.2	1.2	1.1	.5	4.7	1.3	-2.9	2.5	2.6
2006	.1	.0	.2	.3	1	.3	1	.3	3	1	1	1.0	3.3	1.7	.8	.2	1.4
2007	4	5	5	8	7	3	2	-1.6	-4.5	1.2	-1.1	-2.7	-2.3	-6.9	-12.5	-14.9	-4.3
2009	-2.5	7	-1.7	9	-1.1	3	1.2	1.1	.8	.2	.3	.3	-20.6	-11.5	6.7	5.8	-11.4
2010	1.0	.2	.6	.3	1.4	.2	.3	.3	.3	3	.0	.9	6.7	7.4	5.1	1.1	4.9
2011	3	5	1.1	4	.1	.3	.5	.6	1	.7	.0	.5	1.6	1.6	4.4	4.2	2.8
2012	.6	.3	0	./	.2	.0	.2	4	1	.3	.4	.3	3.7	2.1	2	1.7	2.8
2013	4	.7	1.0	.0	.4	.2	.2	2	.3	.0	.6	.0	2.6	5.3	2.2	2.3	2.8
2015	8	7	3	6	5	3	.7	2	3	5	7	5	-4.5	-5.7	.3	-5.5	-1.5
2016	.5	6	8	.3	2	.5	.1	1	2	.0	4	.7	-2.9	-1.7	.8	7	-2.4
2017	2	4	.0	1.1	-1.0	.2	2	4	.0	2	.2	.0	2.2	4.6	3.1	.6	3.0
2019	6	6	.0	6	.2	.1	5	.7	2	9	.5	3	-3.9	-2.5	.1	-2.3	8
2020	5	.3	-4.0	-13.6	1.7	6.6	3.8	.9	1	.6	.4	1.2	-6.4	-42.8	44.1	6.2	-7.4
2021	.8	-3.5	2.9	.1	.9	.4	.7	.0	-1.1	1.3	.9	3	1.2	6.2	3.5	4.1	4.3
2022	.1	.6	.8	.3	.0	1	.4	.1	.3	1	4	-1.5	3.8	4.2	2.0	-2.5	3.4
2023	1.1	.0	.1	.+	4	9	1.0						2	5			
IP(2017=100)	08.3	0/ 8	07.6	07 7	08 5	08.0	00.6	00.6	08.5	00.8	100.6	100.3	96.0	08.4	00.2	100.2	08 7
2021	100.5	101.1	101.9	102.3	102.3	102.1	102.6	102.7	103.0	102.8	102.5	100.9	101.2	102.2	102.7	100.2	102.1
2023	102.0	102.0	102.1	102.5	102.1	101.2	102.2						102.0	102.0			
<b>Capacity</b> (percent of 2017 output)																	
2021	128.6	128.3	128.0	127.7	127.5	127.2	127.0	126.8	126.6	126.5	126.5	126.4	128.3	127.5	126.8	126.5	127.3
2022	120.4	120.4	120.3	120.0	120.7	120.8	120.9	127.1	127.2	127.4	127.3	127.7	120.4	120.7	127.1	127.3	120.9
Utilization (percent)																	
2001	79.0	78.4	78.1	77.8	77.3	76.9	76.5	76.4	75.8	75.5	75.0	74.8	78.5	77.4	76.2	75.1	76.8
2002	75.3	75.2	75.7	76.0 76.5	76.3	76.9 76.5	76.9	76.7	76.8	76.6	77.1	76.6	75.4	76.4	76.8	76.8	76.4
2003	77.6	78.1	77.8	78.1	78.7	78.1	78.8	78.8	78.9	79.6	79.8	80.4	77.8	78.3	78.8	79.9	78.7
2005	80.6	81.0	80.9	80.9	80.9	81.1	80.7	80.8	79.0	79.8	80.6	80.8	80.8	81.0	80.2	80.4	80.6
2006	80.8	80.7	80.7	80.8	80.6	80.7	80.5	80.7	80.3	80.0	79.8	80.5	80.7	80.7	80.5	80.1	80.5
2007	80.1	80.7	80.6	81.0	81.0	81.1	81.0	81.1	81.3	80.9	81.3	81.3	80.5	81.0	81.1	81.2	81.0
2008	69.7	80.9 69.2	80.3 67.9	67.3	79.4 66.5	66.3	78.8 67.1	67.9	68.6	74.7 68.8	73.8 69.2	69.5	68.9	79.3 66.7	70.8 67.9	73.4 69.2	68.2
2010	70.4	70.7	71.3	71.8	72.9	73.3	73.7	74.1	74.4	74.3	74.4	75.2	70.8	72.7	74.1	74.7	73.0
2011	75.1	74.8	75.6	75.4	75.5	75.7	76.0	76.4	76.2	76.7	76.6	76.9	75.2	75.5	76.2	76.7	75.9
2012	77.2	77.3	76.8	77.2	77.2	77.1	77.1	76.7	76.5	76.6	76.8	77.0	77.1	77.1	76.8	76.8	77.0
2013	70.9	78.0	77.4	78.7	79.0	79.1	70.9	79.0	79.2	79.1	79.5	79.5	78.1	78.9	79.1	79.4	77.4
2015	78.8	78.2	77.9	77.4	77.1	76.8	77.3	77.2	77.0	76.7	76.2	75.8	78.3	77.1	77.2	76.2	77.2
2016	76.2	75.8	75.2	75.4	75.2	75.6	75.6	75.6	75.4	75.4	75.1	75.6	75.7	75.4	75.5	75.4	75.5
2017	75.5	75.2	75.7	76.5	76.6	76.8	76.7	76.5	76.6	77.7	77.9	78.1	75.5	76.6	76.6	77.9	76.7
2018	78.2	78.5	79.0	79.9	79.2	79.8	79.9	80.4	80.5	80.3	80.3	80.3	78.6	79.6	80.3	80.3	79.7
2019	77.4	77.6	74.5	64.4	65.5	69.9	78.5	73.5	73.5	74.1	74.6	75.6	76.5	66.6	73.2	74.8	72.8
2021	76.4	73.0	76.2	76.5	77 2	77 8	78 /	78.6	77 8	78 8	70.6	70 /	75 5	77 0	78 3	70.3	77.6
2022	79.5	80.0	80.6	80.8	80.7	80.6	80.8	80.8	80.9	80.7	80.4	79.0	80.0	80.7	80.9	80.1	80.4
2023	79.8	79.7	79.7	79.9	79.5	78.7	79.4						79.7	79.4			
													1				1

# Table 13<br/>HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Total Industry Excluding SelectedHigh-Technology Industries!<br/>Seasonally adjustedVarIanLanFebMar.Apr.MayJuneJuneJulyAug.Sept.Oct.Nov.Dec.Q1Q2Q3Q4Annual

Selected high-technology industries are computers, communications equipment, and semiconductors and related electronic components.
 Quarterly percentage changes are at annual rates. Annual percentage changes are calculated from annual averages.

Year	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Annual
<b>IP</b> $(percent change)^3$ 2001	- 4	- 6	- 3	- 3	- 5	- 5	- 3	- 4	- 4	- 5	- 3	1	-6.6	-4 5	-4 4	-4.2	-4 7
2002	.8	2	.7	.3	.5	1.0	2	.0	.0	3	.4	7	3.4	5.4	2.6	-1.1	.4
2003	.7	3	.0	9	1	.3	.1	7	.7	1	.8	2	.8	-4.2	.1	2.7	.0
2005	.5	.7	6	.3	.2	.1	5	.4	-1.4	1.4	.8	.0	5.1	1.4	-2.1	4.7	3.1
2006	.8	4	1	.3	4	.2	4	.6	1	5	.1	1.5	3.2	2	.0	.6	1.5
2007 2008	4	9	6	-1.2	.0 7	 8	-1.0	-1.3	-3.5	4	-2.3	-3.2	-3.9	-9.8	-14.1	-20.8	-5.9
2009	-3.3	2	-2.0	8	-1.1	3	1.6	1.2	1.0	.0	.9	2	-24.8	-11.5	8.9	6.4	-13.9
2010	.9	3	1.2	.0	1.5	.0	.5	.1	.0	.0	.0	.4	3.0	9.0	5.8	.9	2.5
2011	.0	.1	.7 6	0	.0 4	.1	2	.4 1	.3 3	3	2 .7	.0	5.0	5 1	-1.5	3.9 .6	2.3
2013	3	.4	1	4	.3	.2	9	.9	.1	.1	1	2	2.6	4	4	1.3	.5
2014 2015	-1.1	.9 8	.9	1 1	.2	.3 4	.4	6 3	.0 3	1 1	.7 2	2 3	-1.4	4.3	1.2	.2 -2.8	.8
2016	.4	4	1	2	1	.2	.0	4	.1	.1	1	.0	8	-1.4	4	1	-1.0
2017	.2	1	4	1.1	2	.1	4	2	.0	1.0	.1	3	1	2.7	-2.1	3.7	.3
2018	4	5	1	6	9	.6 .4	7	.3	.0 6	5	2	.3	-5.0	-3.4	8	-1.7	-2.2
2020	2	.2	-4.8	-15.9	4.6	7.9	3.6	1.5	.0	.8	.6	.6	-5.1	-44.7	55.5	7.7	-6.8
2021	1.0	-4.1	3.1	.0	1.1	.0	1.1	3	9	1.4	.8	.0	5	5.5	3.8	4.8	4.8
2022	6 1.7	1.2	.8	.2	4	5	.2	.2	.2	.2	8	-2.1	3.0	2.8	1	-3.4	2.7
<b>ID</b> (2017, 100)	1.7	.5	)	.0	5	0							2	5			
1P(2017=100) 2021	96.5	92.6	95.5	95.5	96.5	96.5	97.5	97.3	96.4	97.7	98.5	98.5	94.9	96.2	97.1	98.2	96.6
2022	97.9	99.0	99.9	100.0	99.6	99.2	99.4	99.6	99.8	99.9	99.2	97.1	98.9	99.6	99.6	98.7	99.2
2023	98.8	99.1	98.2	99.0	98.7	98.1	98.5						98.7	98.6			
Capacity (percent of 2017 output)	126.0	125 %	125.7	125 5	125.4	125.2	125 1	125.0	124.0	124.0	124.0	124.9	125 %	125 4	125.0	124.0	125.2
2021	120.0	123.8	123.7	125.0	125.4	125.2	125.1	125.3	124.9	124.9	124.9	124.8	123.8	125.4	125.0	124.9	125.2
2023	125.8	125.9	126.0	126.1	126.2	126.4	126.5						125.9	126.2			
Utilization (percent)	76.4	75.0	755	75.0	74.0	74.4	74.2	72.0	72 5	72.1	72.0	72.0	75.0	74.0	72.0	72.0	74.4
2001 2002	73.4	73.8	73.8	73.2	74.8	74.4	74.2	75.0	75.1	73.1	72.8	72.9	73.5	74.8	75.1	72.9	74.4
2003	75.4	75.2	75.2	74.5	74.5	74.7	74.9	74.4	75.0	75.0	75.7	75.6	75.2	74.6	74.8	75.4	75.0
2004 2005	75.5	76.0	76.0	76.4	77.0	76.4	77.2	77.5	77.8	78.2	78.1	78.7	75.8	76.6	77.4	78.3	77.1
2006	79.6	79.2	79.0	79.1	78.7	78.7	78.3	78.7	78.5	78.0	77.9	79.0	79.2	78.8	78.5	78.3	78 7
2007	78.5	78.7	79.1	79.3	79.2	79.6	79.5	79.1	79.2	78.8	79.0	79.0	78.8	79.4	79.2	78.9	79.1
2008	78.8	78.1 65.2	77.6 64.0	76.7 63.6	76.2 63.0	75.6 62.9	74.9 64.1	74.0 64.9	71.4 65.7	71.2	69.6 66.6	67.4 66.5	78.1 64.8	76.2	73.4 64.9	69.4 66.3	74.3
2010	67.3	67.2	68.2	68.8	69.9	70.0	70.5	70.7	70.9	71.1	71.2	71.6	67.5	69.6	70.7	71.3	69.8
2011	71.8	72.0	72.6	72.3	72.3	72.5	72.9	73.2	73.5	73.9	73.7	74.1	72.1	72.3	73.2	73.9	72.9
2012	74.7	75.0	74.5	74.8	74.4	74.5	74.3	74.2	73.9	73.7	74.1	74.6	74.7	74.5	74.1	74.1	74.4
2013	74.4	74.7	74.6	74.5	75.8	76.1	76.5	74.8	76.2	76.2	76.8	76.7	74.0	74.5	76.3	76.6	75.9
2015	76.4	75.8	76.2	76.3	76.3	76.1	76.7	76.6	76.4	76.3	76.1	75.9	76.1	76.2	76.6	76.1	76.3
2016	76.1	75.8	75.7	75.6	75.5	75.6	75.6	75.3	75.4	75.5	75.4	75.5	75.9	75.6	75.5	75.5	75.6
2017 2018	75.7	75.7 77 9	75.5 77 9	76.3 78 5	76.3 77 8	76.4 78 4	76.3 78 4	76.2 78 7	76.3 78 8	77.2 78.4	77.4 78 3	77.2 78.6	75.6 77.6	76.4 78 2	76.3 78.6	77.3 78.4	76.4 78.2
2019	77.9	77.5	77.3	76.9	77.0	77.3	76.8	77.4	76.9	76.2	76.9	77.0	77.6	77.1	77.0	76.7	77.1
2020	76.9	77.2	73.6	61.9	64.8	70.0	72.7	73.9	74.0	74.6	75.2	75.7	75.9	65.6	73.5	75.2	72.5
2021	76.6	73.6	76.0	76.1	77.0	77.1	78.0	77.8	77.1	78.2	78.9	78.9	75.4	76.7	77.6	78.7	77.1
2022 2023	78.4	79.3	79.9	80.1 78.5	79.7	79.3 77.6	79.4	79.5	79.6	19.7	79.0	17.2	79.2	79.7	79.5	78.6	19.3

# Table 14 HISTORICAL STATISTICS FOR INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION, CAPACITY, AND UTILIZATION: Manufacturing<sup>1</sup> Excluding Selected High-Technology Industries<sup>2</sup> Seasonally adjusted

I. The composition of manufacturing is specified in a note for the summary table.
 Selected high-technology industries are computers, communications equipment, and semiconductors and related electronic components.
 Quarterly percentage changes are at annual rates. Annual percentage changes are calculated from annual averages.

## Table 15 INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION: RELIABILITY ESTIMATES Seasonally adjusted

Annualized change 2017=100 Percent change 2023 2023 2023 Q1 Q2 Feb. Item Feb. Mar. May June July Mar. Apr. May June July Apr. Total index 85th percentile -.20 .78 102.57 102.70 103.23 102.94 102.22 103.31 .02 .13 .56 -.21 -.54 1.34 102.57 102.64 Current estimate -.27 -.01 103.12 102.74 101.88 102.90 .02 .07 .47 -.37 -.84 .99 15th percentile -.34 102.57 102.59 103.02 102.56 101.58 102.46 .02 02 -.49 1.08 .63 -.72 .37 Manufacturing (SIC) 85th percentile -.20 .55 99.88 99.10 99.94 99.75 99.32 99.91 .35 -.79 .88 -.14 -.33 .76 Current estimate -.29 99.88 99.03 99.82 99.55 99.04 99.51 .35 -.52 -.06 -.85 .79 -.27 .48 -.41 -.35 99.88 98.98 99.70 99.33 98.73 98.98 35 -.70 15th percentile -.84 .90 .68 .16 Mining 7.36 85th percentile 117.52 118.29 119.53 118.95 118.54 119.34 -1.00 1.15 -.22 -.05 1.43 2.64 .65 7 1 9 56 117.52 118 15 119.20 118 39 117 29 117.86 -1.00 - 93 Current estimate 53 .89 - 67 48 -1.00 117.52 118.83 117.78 15th percentile 6.99 1.62 117.97 116.04 116.17 .38 .60 1.06 1.68 -.45 Electric and gas utilities 85th percentile -10.65 3.04 100.51 106.79 104.34 104.16 102.33 107.87 -.82 6.25 -2.28 -.09 -1.16 7.29 Current estimate -10.67 -2.34 5.39 -.38 100.51 106.78 104.28 103.57 100.48 105.90 -.82 6.24 -.68 -2.98-10.69 -2.25 104.20 99.30 6.23 -2.44 -.91 -4.40 15th percentile 100.51 106.77 103.36 104.78 -.82 3.65

Note. The reliability measures show the likely range of values for the IP indexes after their fifth and final monthly revision. The 15th (85th) percentile estimate is equal to the current estimate plus an amount such that the equivalent measure revised by a lower (higher) amount for only 15 percent of the months since 2008. More information is available at https://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/g17\_technical\_qa.htm#reliability

#### EXPLANATORY NOTE

The **Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization** statistical release, which is published around the middle of the month, reports measures of output, capacity, and capacity utilization in manufacturing, mining, and the electric and gas utilities industries. More detailed descriptions of industrial production and capacity utilization are available on the Board's website at **www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17**. In addition, files containing data shown in the release, more detailed series that were published in the G.17 prior to December 2000, and historical data are available from the Data Download Program on the Board's website. Instructions for searching for and downloading specific series are provided as well.

#### INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

Coverage. The industrial production (IP) index measures the real output of the manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities industries; the reference period for the index is 2017. Manufacturing consists of those industries included in the North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, definition of manufacturing plus those industries-logging and newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishing-that have traditionally been considered to be manufacturing and included in the industrial sector. For the period since 2012, the total IP index has been constructed from 296 individual series based on the 2017 NAICS codes. These individual series are classified in two ways: (1) market groups, and (2) industry groups. Market groups consist of products and materials. Total products are the aggregate of final products, such as consumer goods and equipment, and nonindustrial supplies (which are inputs to nonindustrial sectors). Materials are inputs in the manufacture of products. Major industry groups include three-digit NAICS industries and aggregates of these industries-for example, durable and nondurable manufacturing, mining, and utilities. A complete description of the market and industry structures, including details regarding series classification, relative importance weights, and data sources, is available on the Board's website at www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/About.htm.

Source Data. On a monthly basis, the individual indexes of industrial production are constructed from two main types of source data: (1) output measured in physical units and (2) data on inputs to the production process, from which output is inferred. Data on physical products, such as tons of steel or barrels of oil, are typically obtained from private trade associations and from government agencies; data of this type are used to estimate monthly IP wherever possible and appropriate. Production indexes for a few industries are derived by dividing estimated nominal output (calculated using unit production and unit values or sales) by a corresponding Fisher price index; the most notable of these fall within the high-technology grouping and include semiconductors. When suitable data on physical product are not available, estimates of output are based on production-worker hours by industry. Data on hours worked by production workers are collected in the monthly establishment survey conducted by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The factors used to convert inputs into estimates of production are based on historical relationships between the inputs and the comprehensive annual data used to benchmark the IP indexes; these factors also may be influenced by technological or cyclical developments. The annual data used in benchmarking the individual IP indexes are constructed from a variety of source data, such as the quinquennial Censuses of Manufactures and Mineral Industries and the Annual Survey of Manufactures, prepared by the Bureau of the Census; the Minerals Yearbook, prepared by the U.S. Geological Survey of the Department of the Interior; and publications of the Department of Energy.

Aggregation Methodology and Weights. The aggregation method for the IP index is a version of the Fisher-ideal index formula. (For a detailed discussion of the aggregation method, see the *Federal Reserve Bulletin* February 1997 and March 2001.) In the IP index, series that measure the output of an individual industry are combined using weights derived from their proportion in the total value-added output of all industries. The IP index, which extends back to 1919, is built as a chain-type index since 1972. The current formula for the growth in monthly IP (or any of the sub-aggregates) since 1972 is the geometric mean of the change in output (*I*), and, as can be seen below, is computed using the unit value added estimate for the current month  $(p_m)$  and the estimate for previous month:

$$\frac{I_m^A}{I_{m-1}^A} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum I_m p_{m-1}}{\sum I_{m-1} p_{m-1}}} \times \frac{\sum I_m p_m}{\sum I_{m-1} p_m}$$

The IP proportions (typically shown in the first column of the relevant tables in the monthly G.17 release) are estimates of the industries' relative contributions to overall growth in the following year. For example, the relative importance weight of the motor vehicles and parts industry is about 5 percent. If output in this industry increased 10 percent in a month, then this gain would boost growth in total IP by 5/10 percentage point (0.05 x 10% = 0.5%). To assist users with calculations, the Federal Reserve's website provides supplemental monthly statistics that represent the exact proportionate contribution of a monthly change in a component index to the monthly change in the total index (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/ipdisk/ipweightssa.txt).

**Timing.** The first estimate of output for a month is published around the 15th of the following month. The estimate is preliminary (denoted by the superscript "p" in tables) and subject to revision in each of the subsequent five months as new source data become available. (Revised estimates are denoted by the superscript "r" in tables.) For the first estimate of output for a given month, about 76 percent of the source data (in value-added terms) are available; the fraction of available source data increases to 86 percent for estimates in the second month that the estimate is published, 94 percent in the third month, 98 percent in the fourth month, 98 percent in the fifth month, and 98 percent in the sixth month. Data availability by data type in 2022 is summarized in the table below:

Availability of Monthly IP Data in Publication Window (Percent of value added in 2022; the numbers may not sum because of rounding.)

	Month of actimate									
	Month of estimate									
Type of data	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th				
Physical product	35	44	53	56	57	57				
Production-worker hours	42	42	42	42	42	42				
IP data received	76	86	94	98	98	98				
IP data estimated	24	14	6	2	2	2				

The physical product group includes series based on either monthly or quarterly data. As can be seen in the first row of the table, in the first month, a physical product indicator is available for more than one-half of the series (in terms of value added) that ultimately are based on physical product data (35 percent out of a total of 57 percent). Of the 35 percent, about two-thirds (24 percent of total IP) include series that are derived from weekly physical product data and for which actual monthly data may lag up to several months. On average, quarterly product data are received for the fourth estimate of industrial production. Specifically, quarterly data are available for the third estimate of the last month of a quarter, the fourth estimate of the second month of a quarter, and the fifth estimate of the first month of a quarter.

Seasonal Adjustment. Individual series are seasonally adjusted using Census X-13 ARIMA. For series based on production-worker hours, the current seasonal factors were estimated with data through February 2023; for other series, the factors were estimated with data through at least December 2022. Series are pre-adjusted for the effects of holidays or the business cycle when appropriate. For the data since 1972, all seasonally adjusted aggregate indexes are calculated by aggregating the seasonally adjusted indexes of the individual series. Additional documentation and X-13 specifications can be found on the Board's website at www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/About.htm.

**Reliability.** The average revision to the *level* of the total IP index, without regard to sign, between the first and the fourth estimates was

0.30 percent during the 1987–2022 period. The average revision to the *percent change* in total IP, without regard to sign, from the first to the fourth estimates was 0.24 percentage point during the 1987-2022 period. In most cases (about 86 percent), the direction of the change in output indicated by the first estimate for a given month is the same as that shown by the fourth estimate.

**Rounding.** The published percent changes are calculated from unrounded indexes, and may not be the same as percent changes calculated from the rounded indexes shown in the release.

#### CAPACITY UTILIZATION

Overview. The Federal Reserve Board constructs estimates of capacity and capacity utilization for industries in manufacturing, mining, and electric and gas utilities. For a given industry, the capacity utilization rate is equal to an output index (seasonally adjusted) divided by a capacity index. The Federal Reserve Board's capacity indexes attempt to capture the concept of sustainable maximum output-the greatest level of output a plant can maintain within the framework of a realistic work schedule, after factoring in normal downtime and assuming sufficient availability of inputs to operate the capital in place.

Coverage. Capacity indexes are constructed for 89 detailed industries (71 in manufacturing, 16 in mining, and 2 in utilities), which mostly correspond to industries at the three- and four-digit North American Industry Classification System, or NAICS, level. Estimates of capacity and utilization are available for a variety of groups, including durable and nondurable manufacturing, total manufacturing, mining, utilities, and total industry. Manufacturing consists of those industries included in the NAICS definition of manufacturing plus those industries-logging and newspaper, periodical, book, and directory publishing-that have traditionally been considered to be manufacturing and included in the industrial sector. Also, special aggregates are available, such as high-technology industries and manufacturing excluding high-technology industries.

Source Data. The monthly rates of capacity utilization are designed to be consistent with both the monthly data on production and the periodically available data on capacity and utilization. Because there is no direct monthly information on overall industrial capacity or utilization rates, the Federal Reserve first estimates annual capacity indexes from the source data. Capacity data reported in physical units from government sources (primarily from the U.S. Geological Survey and the Department of Energy's Energy Information Administration) and trade sources are available for portions of several industries in manufacturing (for example, paper, industrial chemicals, petroleum refining, motor vehicles), as well as for electric utilities and mining; these industries represent about 26 percent of total industrial capacity. When physical product data are unavailable for manufacturing industries, capacity indexes are based on responses to the Bureau of the Census's Quarterly Survey of Plant Capacity (QSPC); these industries account for about 64 percent of total industry capacity. In the absence of utilization data for a few mining and petroleum series, capacity is based on trends through peaks in production (roughly 10 percent of total industry capacity). A detailed description of the methodology used to construct the capacity indexes is available on the Board's website (www.federalreserve.gov/releases/G17/Meth/MethCap.htm).

Aggregation Methodology. Monthly capacity aggregates are calculated in three steps: (1) utilization aggregates are calculated on an annual basis through the most recent full year as capacity-weighted aggregates of individual utilization rates; (2) the annual aggregate capacity is derived from the corresponding production and utilization aggregates; (3) the monthly capacity aggregate is obtained by interpolating with a Fisher index of its constituent monthly capacity series. Utilization rates for the individual series and aggregates are calculated by dividing the pertinent monthly production index by the related capacity index.

Consistency. A major aim is that the Federal Reserve utilization rates be consistent over time so that, for example, a rate of 85 percent means about the same degree of tightness that it meant in the past. A major task for the Federal Reserve in developing reasonable and consistent time series of capacity and utilization is dealing with

inconsistencies between the movements of the industrial production index and the survey-based utilization rates. The McGraw-Hill/DRI Survey, now discontinued, was the primary source of manufacturing utilization rates for many years. This survey of large companies reported, on average, higher utilization rates than those reported by establishments covered by the annual Survey of Plant Capacity (the primary source of factory operating rates through 2006, after which it was discontinued) for the fourteen years they overlapped. Adjustments have been made to keep the industry utilization rates currently reported by the Federal Reserve (now based on the QSPC) roughly in line with rates formerly reported by McGraw-Hill. As a consequence, the rates reported by the Federal Reserve tend to be higher than the rates reported in the Census utilization surveys.

Perspective. Over the 1972–2022 period, the average total industry utilization rate was 79.7 percent; for manufacturing, the average factory operating rate was 78.2 percent. Industrial plants usually operate at capacity utilization rates that are well below 100 percent: none of the broad aggregates has ever reached 100 percent. For total manufacturing, utilization rates have exceeded 90 percent only in wartime. The highs and lows in capacity utilization are specific to each series and do not all occur in the same month.

#### **REFERENCES AND RELEASE DATES**

**References.** The release for the annual revision that was published on March 28, 2023, is available on the Board's website (www.federal reserve.gov/releases/g17/revisions/Current/DefaultRev.htm). A summary of the annual revision that incorporated back to 1972 production and capacity indexes reclassified according to the North American Industry Classification System is available in an article in the Federal Reserve Bulletin, vol. 89 (April 2003), pp. 151-176. A description of the aggregation methods for industrial production and capacity utilization is included in an article in the Federal Reserve Bulletin, vol. 83 (February 1997), pp. 67–92. The Federal Reserve methodology for constructing industry-level measures of capital is detailed in "Capital Stock Estimates for Manufacturing Industries: Methods and Data" by Mike Mohr and Charles Gilbert (1996), which can be obtained at www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/CapitalStockDocLatest.pdf.

Industrial Production-1986 Edition contains a more detailed description of the other methods used to compile the industrial production index, plus a history of its development, a glossary of terms, and a bibliography. The major revisions to the IP indexes and capacity utilization since 1990 have been described in the Federal Reserve Bulletin (April 1990, June 1990, June 1993, March 1994, January 1995, January 1996, February 1997, February 1998, January 1999, March 2000, March 2001, March 2002, April 2003, Winter 2004, Winter 2005, March 2006, May 2007, August 2008, August 2009) or in online staff studies

(www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/articles/rev2010/industrial10.pdf, www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/articles/rev2012/industrial12.pdf, www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17/articles/rev2013/industrial13.pdf).

#### **Release Schedule**

The G.17 release on Industrial Production and Capacity Utilization is published at 9:15 a.m. on:

2023: January 18, February 15, March 17, April 14, May 16, June 15, July 18, August 16, September 15, October 17, November 16, December 15.

2024: January 17, February 15, March 15, April 16, May 16, June 18, July 17, August 15, September 17, October 17, November 15, December 17.

This release schedule is available on the Board's website at http://www.federalreserve.gov/releases/g17.